

Service Manual

Inverter PairWall Mounted Type G-Series



[Applied Models]

Inverter Pair : Cooling OnlyInverter Pair : Heat Pump

Inverter Pair G-Series

●Cooling Only Indoor Units

FTK20GV1B FTK25GV1B FTK35GV1B

Outdoor Units

RK20GV1B RK25GV1B RK35GV1B

Heat PumpIndoor Units

FTX20GV1B ATX20GV1B FTX25GV1B ATX25GV1B ATX35GV1B

Outdoor Units

RX20GV1B RX25GV1B RX35GV1B ARX35GV1B

Table of Contents

	Introduction 1.1 Safety Cautions 1.2 Used Icons	V
Part 1	List of Functions	1
	List of Functions	2
Part 2	Specifications	5
	Specifications	6
Part 3	Printed Circuit Board Connector Wiring Diagram	13
	Printed Circuit Board Connector Wiring Diagram Indoor Units Outdoor Units	14
Part 4	Function and Control	19
	Main Functions	20 22 23
	1.6 Thermostat Control	26 27 28 29
	2. Function of Thermistor 2.1 Heat Pump Model	31
	3. Control Specification 3.1 Mode Hierarchy 3.2 Frequency Control 3.3 Controls at Mode Changing / Start-up 3.4 Discharge Pipe Temperature Control 3.5 Input Current Control 3.6 Freeze-up Protection Control 3.7 Heating Peak-cut Control 3.8 Fan Control 3.9 Liquid Compression Protection Function 2 3.10 Defrost Control 3.11 Electronic Expansion Valve Control 3.12 Malfunctions 3.13 Forced Operation Mode	32 35 36 37 38 39 39 40 41
	3.14 Additional Function	

Part 5	Operati	ion Manual	47
	1.	System Configuration	48
	2.	Instruction	49
		2.1 Safety Precautions	
		2.2 Name of Parts	51
		2.3 Preparation Before Operation	54
		2.4 AUTO · DRY · COOL · HEAT · FAN Operation	57
		2.5 Adjusting the Airflow Direction	59
		2.6 POWERFUL Operation	
		2.7 ECONO Operation	
		2.8 TIMER Operation	
		2.9 Care and Cleaning	
		2.10 Troubleshooting	68
Part 6	Service	e Diagnosis	71
		Caution for Diagnosis	
		Problem Symptoms and Measures	
	3.	Service Check Function	74
	4.	Troubleshooting	77
		4.1 Error Codes and Description	77
		4.2 Indoor Unit PCB Abnormality	
		4.3 Freeze-up Protection Control or High Pressure Control	
		4.4 Fan Motor (DC Motor) or Related Abnormality	
		4.5 Thermistor or Related Abnormality (Indoor Unit)	
		4.6 Signal Transmission Error (between Indoor and Outdoor Unit)	
		4.7 Unspecified Voltage (between Indoor and Outdoor Units)	
		4.8 Outdoor Unit PCB Abnormality	
		4.9 OL Activation (Compressor Overload)	
		4.10 Compressor Lock	
		4.11 DC Fan Lock	
		4.12 Input Over Current Detection	
		4.13 Four Way Valve Abnormality	
		4.14 Discharge Pipe Temperature Control	
		4.15 High Pressure Control in Cooling	
		4.16 Compressor System Sensor Abnormality	
		4.17 Position Sensor Abnormality	
		4.18 DC Voltage / Current Sensor Abnormality	
		4.19 Thermistor or Related Abnormality (Outdoor Unit)	
		4.21 Radiation Fin Temperature Rise	
		4.22 Output Over Current Detection	
		4.23 Insufficient Gas	
		4.24 Over-voltage Detection	
	r	•	
	5.	Check5.1 How to Check	
Part 7	Remov	al Procedure	.119
-		Indoor Unit	
		1.1 Removal of Air Filter	

Table of Contents iii

		1.2 Removal of Front Panel	122
		1.3 Removal of Front Grille	
		1.4 Removal of Horizontal Blades and Safety Net	125
		1.5 Removal of Electrical Box / Vertical Blade	127
		1.6 Removal of PCB / Swing Motor	130
		1.7 Removal of Heat Exchanger	134
		1.8 Removal of Fan Rotor	137
		1.9 Exchange of Drain Hose	140
	2.	Outdoor Unit	141
		2.1 Removal of Panels	
		2.2 Removal of Fan Motor / Propeller Fan	143
		2.3 Removal of PCB	144
		2.4 Removal of Sound Blanket	151
		2.5 Removal of Four Way Valve	153
		2.6 Removal of Compressor	156
Part 8	Others		157
	1.	Others	158
		1.1 Test Run from the Remote Controller	158
		1.2 Jumper Settings	
		1.3 Application of Silicon Grease to a Power Transistor and	
		a Diode Bridge	160
- 10	_		404
Part 9	Append	lix	161
	1.	Piping Diagrams	162
		1.1 Indoor Units	162
		1.2 Outdoor Units	163
	2.	Wiring Diagrams	165
		2.1 Indoor Units	
		2.2 Outdoor Units	165
			-
Index	•••••		i
Drawin	igs & Flo	ow Charts	V

Si04-807 Introduction

1. Introduction

1.1 Safety Cautions

Cautions and Warnings

- Be sure to read the following safety cautions before conducting repair work.
- The caution items are classified into "♠ Warning" and "♠ Caution". The "♠ Warning" items are especially important since they can lead to death or serious injury if they are not followed closely. The "♠ Caution" items can also lead to serious accidents under some conditions if they are not followed. Therefore, be sure to observe all the safety caution items described below.
- About the pictograms
- This symbol indicates the prohibited action.

 The prohibited item or action is shown in the illustration or near the symbol.
- This symbol indicates the action that must be taken, or the instruction. The instruction is shown in the illustration or near the symbol.
- After the repair work is complete, be sure to conduct a test operation to ensure that the equipment operates normally, and explain the cautions for operating the product to the customer.

1.1.1 Cautions Regarding Safety of Workers

<u> </u>	
Be sure to disconnect the power cable plug from the plug socket before disassembling the equipment for repair. Working on the equipment that is connected to the power supply may cause an electrical shook. If it is necessary to supply power to the equipment to conduct the repair or inspecting the circuits, do not touch any electrically charged sections of the equipment.	0.5
If the refrigerant gas is discharged during the repair work, do not touch the discharged refrigerant gas. The refrigerant gas may cause frostbite.	\bigcirc
When disconnecting the suction or discharge pipe of the compressor at the welded section, evacuate the refrigerant gas completely at a well-ventilated place first. If there is a gas remaining inside the compressor, the refrigerant gas or refrigerating machine oil discharges when the pipe is disconnected, and it may cause injury.	0
If the refrigerant gas leaks during the repair work, ventilate the area. The refrigerant gas may generate toxic gases when it contacts flames.	0
The step-up capacitor supplies high-voltage electricity to the electrical components of the outdoor unit. Be sure to discharge the capacitor completely before conducting repair work. A charged capacitor may cause an electrical shock.	A
Do not start or stop the air conditioner operation by plugging or unplugging the power cable plug. Plugging or unplugging the power cable plug to operate the equipment may cause an electrical shock or fire.	\bigcirc

Introduction Si04-807

(Warning	
Be sure to wear a safety helmet, gloves, and a safety belt when working at a high place (more than 2m). Insufficient safety measures may cause a fall accident.	\bigcirc
In case of R410A refrigerant models, be sure to use pipes, flare nuts and tools for the exclusive use of the R410A refrigerant. The use of materials for R22 refrigerant models may cause a serious accident such as a damage of refrigerant cycle as well as an equipment failure.	\bigcirc

Caution	
Do not repair the electrical components with wet hands. Working on the equipment with wet hands may cause an electrical shock.	
Do not clean the air conditioner by splashing water. Washing the unit with water may cause an electrical shock.	
Be sure to provide the grounding when repairing the equipment in a humid or wet place, to avoid electrical shocks.	
Be sure to turn off the power switch and unplug the power cable when cleaning the equipment. The internal fan rotates at a high speed, and cause injury.	9.5
Be sure to conduct repair work with appropriate tools. The use of inappropriate tools may cause injury.	0
Be sure to check that the refrigerating cycle section has cooled down enough before conducting repair work. Working on the unit when the refrigerating cycle section is hot may cause burns.	
Use the welder in a well-ventilated place. Using the welder in an enclosed room may cause oxygen deficiency.	0

Si04-807 Introduction

1.1.2 Cautions Regarding Safety of Users

/i Warning	
Be sure to use parts listed in the service parts list of the applicable model and appropriate tools to conduct repair work. Never attempt to modify the equipment. The use of inappropriate parts or tools may cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire.	0
If the power cable and lead wires have scratches or deteriorated, be sure to replace them. Damaged cable and wires may cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire.	0
Do not use a joined power cable or extension cable, or share the same power outlet with other electrical appliances, since it may cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire.	\bigcirc
Be sure to use an exclusive power circuit for the equipment, and follow the local technical standards related to the electrical equipment, the internal wiring regulations, and the instruction manual for installation when conducting electrical work. Insufficient power circuit capacity and improper electrical work may cause an electrical shock or fire.	0
Be sure to use the specified cable for wiring between the indoor and outdoor units. Make the connections securely and route the cable properly so that there is no force pulling the cable at the connection terminals. Improper connections may cause excessive heat generation or fire.	0
When wiring between the indoor and outdoor units, make sure that the terminal cover does not lift off or dismount because of the cable. If the cover is not mounted properly, the terminal connection section may cause an electrical shock, excessive heat generation or fire.	0
Do not damage or modify the power cable. Damaged or modified power cable may cause an electrical shock or fire. Placing heavy items on the power cable, and heating or pulling the power cable may damage the cable.	
Do not mix air or gas other than the specified refrigerant (R410A / R22) in the refrigerant system. If air enters the refrigerating system, an excessively high pressure results, causing equipment damage and injury.	
If the refrigerant gas leaks, be sure to locate the leaking point and repair it before charging the refrigerant. After charging refrigerant, make sure that there is no refrigerant leak. If the leaking point cannot be located and the repair work must be stopped, be sure to perform pump-down and close the service valve, to prevent the refrigerant gas from leaking into the room. The refrigerant gas itself is harmless, but it may generate toxic gases when it contacts flames, such as fan and other heaters, stoves and ranges.	0
When relocating the equipment, make sure that the new installation site has sufficient strength to withstand the weight of the equipment. If the installation site does not have sufficient strength and if the installation work is not conducted securely, the equipment may fall and cause injury.	0

Introduction Si04-807

N Warning	
Check to make sure that the power cable plug is not dirty or loose, then insert the plug into a power outlet securely. If the plug has dust or loose connection, it may cause an electrical shock or fire.	0
Be sure to install the product correctly by using the provided standard installation frame. Incorrect use of the installation frame and improper installation may cause the equipment to fall, resulting in injury.	For unitary type only
Be sure to install the product securely in the installation frame mounted on the window frame. If the unit is not securely mounted, it may fall and cause injury.	For unitary type only
When replacing the coin battery in the remote controller, be sure to disposed of the old battery to prevent children from swallowing it. If a child swallows the coin battery, see a doctor immediately.	0

<u> </u>	
Installation of a leakage breaker is necessary in some cases depending on the conditions of the installation site, to prevent electrical shocks.	0
Do not install the equipment in a place where there is a possibility of combustible gas leaks. If the combustible gas leaks and remains around the unit, it may cause a fire.	\Diamond
Check to see if the parts and wires are mounted and connected properly, and if the connections at the soldered or crimped terminals are secure. Improper installation and connections may cause excessive heat generation, fire or an electrical shock.	0
If the installation platform or frame has corroded, replace it. Corroded installation platform or frame may cause the unit to fall, resulting in injury.	0
Check the grounding, and repair it if the equipment is not properly grounded. Improper grounding may cause an electrical shock.	

Si04-807 Introduction

<u>İ</u> Caution	
Be sure to measure the insulation resistance after the repair, and make sure that the resistance is 1 $M\Omega$ or higher. Faulty insulation may cause an electrical shock.	0
Be sure to check the drainage of the indoor unit after the repair. Faulty drainage may cause the water to enter the room and wet the furniture and floor.	0
Do not tilt the unit when removing it. The water inside the unit may spill and wet the furniture and floor.	\bigcirc
Be sure to install the packing and seal on the installation frame properly. If the packing and seal are not installed properly, water may enter the room and wet the furniture and floor.	For unitary type only

1.2 Used Icons

Icons are used to attract the attention of the reader to specific information. The meaning of each icon is described in the table below:

Icon	Type of Information	Description
Note:	Note	A "note" provides information that is not indispensable, but may nevertheless be valuable to the reader, such as tips and tricks.
(Caution	Caution	A "caution" is used when there is danger that the reader, through incorrect manipulation, may damage equipment, loose data, get an unexpected result or has to restart (part of) a procedure.
Warning	Warning	A "warning" is used when there is danger of personal injury.
G	Reference	A "reference" guides the reader to other places in this binder or in this manual, where he/she will find additional information on a specific topic.

Introduction Si04-807

Part 1 List of Functions

1.	List of Functions	.2

List of Functions 1

List of Functions Si04-807

1. List of Functions

Category	Functions	FTK20/25/35GV1B RK20/25/35GV1B	FTX20/25/35GV1B RX20/25/35GV1B	Category	Functions	FTK20/25/35GV1B RK20/25/35GV1B	FTX20/25/35GV1B RX20/25/35GV1B
Basic Function	Inverter (with Inverter Power Control)	0	0	Health & Clean	Air Purifying Filter	_	_
	Operation Limit for Cooling (°CDB)	10 ~46	10 ~46	-	Photocatalytic Deodorizing Filter		_
	Operation Limit for Heating (°CWB)	_	−15 ~20		Air Purifying Filter with Photocatalytic Deodorizing Function		_
	PAM Control	0	0	1	Titanium Apatite Photocatalytic	0	0
	Standby Electricity Saving	0	0		Air-Purifying Filter)	O
Compressor	Oval Scroll Compressor	_	_		Longlife Filter	_	_
	Swing Compressor	0	0		Ultra-Longlife Filter (Option)	_	_
	Rotary Compressor		_	_	Mold Proof Air Filter	0	0
	Reluctance DC Motor	_	_		Wipe-clean Flat Panel	0	0
Comfortable Airflow	Power-Airflow Flap	0	0		Washable Grille	_	_
Airilow	Power-Airflow Dual Flaps		_	_	Filter Cleaning Indicator	_	_
	Power-Airflow Diffuser		_		Good-Sleep Cooling Operation	_	
	Wide-Angle Louvers	0	0	Timer	Weekly Timer	_	_
	Wide / Highe Louvers	Ŭ		_	24-Hour On/Off Timer	0	0
	Vertical Auto-Swing (Up and Down)	0	0		Night Set Mode	0	0
	Horizontal Auto-Swing (Right and Left)	_	_	Worry Free "Reliability &	Auto-Restart (after Power Failure)	0	0
	3-D Airflow	_	_	Durability"	Self-Diagnosis (Digital, LED)	0	0
	Comfort Airflow Mode	0	0	_	Display		Ŭ
	3-Step Airflow (H/P Only)	_	_		Wiring Error Check	_	
Comfort Control	Auto Fan Speed	0	0		Anticorrosion Treatment of Outdoor Heat Exchanger	0	0
	Indoor Unit Quiet Operation	0	0	Flexibility	Multi-Split / Split Type Compatible Indoor Unit	0	0
	Night Quiet Mode (Automatic)	_	_		Flexible Voltage Correspondence	_	_
	Outdoor Unit Quiet Operation (Manual)	_	_		High Ceiling Application	İ	_
	INTELLIGENT EYE	_	_		Chargeless	10m	10m
	Quick Warming Function	_	0		Either Side Drain (Right or Left)	0	0
	Hot-Start Function	_	0		Power Selection	_	_
	Automatic Defrosting	_	0	Remote Control	5-Rooms Centralized Controller	_	_
Operation	Automatic Operation	_	0		(Option)		
	Programme Dry Function Fan Only	0	0	-	Remote Control Adaptor (Normal Open-Pulse Contact) (Option)		_
Lifestyle Convenience	New POWERFUL Operation (Non-Inverter)	_	_	-	Remote Control Adaptor (Normal Open Contact) (Option)	_	_
Convenience	Inverter POWERFUL Operation	0	0	-	DIII-NET Compatible (Adaptor) (Option)	_	_
	Priority-Room Setting		<u> </u>	Remote	Wireless	0	0
	Cooling / Heating Mode Lock	_	 _ 	Controller	Wired		
	HOME LEAVE Operation	_	 _ 				
	ECONO Mode	0	0				
	Indoor Unit On/Off Switch	0	0				
	Signal Reception Indicator	0	0				
	Temperature Display	_	_				
	Another Room Operation	_	_				
Note:	O : Holding Functions	l	<u> </u>	1			<u> </u>

Note: O: Holding Functions

—: No Functions

Si04-807 List of Functions

Category	Functions	ATX20/25/35GV1B ARX20/25/35GV1B	Category	Functions	ATX20/25/35GV1B ARX20/25/35GV1B
Basic Function	Inverter (with Inverter Power Control)	0	Health & Clean	Air Purifying Filter	_
	Operation Limit for Cooling (°CDB)	10 ~46		Photocatalytic Deodorizing Filter	_
	Operation Limit for Heating (°CWB)	−15 ~20		Air Purifying Filter with Photocatalytic Deodorizing Function	_
	PAM Control	0		Titanium Apatite Photocatalytic	0
	Standby Electricity Saving	0		Air-Purifying Filter	
Compressor	Oval Scroll Compressor	_		Longlife Filter	_
	Swing Compressor	0		Ultra-Longlife Filter (Option)	_
	Rotary Compressor	_		Mold Proof Air Filter	0
	Reluctance DC Motor	_		Wipe-clean Flat Panel	0
Comfortable Airflow	Power-Airflow Flap	0		Washable Grille	_
Allilow	Power-Airflow Dual Flaps	_		Filter Cleaning Indicator	_
	Power-Airflow Diffuser	_		Good-Sleep Cooling Operation	_
	Wide-Angle Louvers	0	Timer	Weekly Timer	_
				24-Hour On/Off Timer	0
	Vertical Auto-Swing (Up and Down)	0		Night Set Mode	0
	Horizontal Auto-Swing (Right and Left)	Worry Free "Reliability &		Auto-Restart (after Power Failure)	0
	3-D Airflow		Durability**	Self-Diagnosis (Digital, LED)	0
	Comfort Airflow Mode	0		Display	
	3-Step Airflow (H/P Only)	_		Wiring Error Check	_
Comfort Control	Auto Fan Speed	0		Anticorrosion Treatment of Outdoor Heat Exchanger	0
	Indoor Unit Quiet Operation	0	Flexibility	Multi-Split / Split Type Compatible Indoor Unit	0
	Night Quiet Mode (Automatic)	_		Flexible Voltage Correspondence	_
	Outdoor Unit Quiet Operation (Manual)	l		High Ceiling Application	_
	INTELLIGENT EYE			Chargeless	10m
	Quick Warming Function	0		Either Side Drain (Right or Left)	0
	Hot-Start Function	0		Power Selection	_
	Automatic Defrosting	0	Remote Control	5-Rooms Centralized Controller	_
Operation	Automatic Operation	0	Control	(Option)	
	Programme Dry Function	0		Remote Control Adaptor (Normal Open-Pulse Contact)	_
	Fan Only	0	_	(Option)	
Lifestyle Convenience	New POWERFUL Operation (Non-Inverter)	_		Remote Control Adaptor (Normal Open Contact) (Option)	_
	Inverter POWERFUL Operation	0		DIII-NET Compatible (Adaptor) (Option)	_
	Priority-Room Setting	_	Remote Controller	Wireless	0
	Cooling / Heating Mode Lock	_	Johnshei	Wired	
	HOME LEAVE Operation	_			
	ECONO Mode	0			
	Indoor Unit On/Off Switch	0			
	Signal Reception Indicator	0			
	Temperature Display	<u> </u>			
	Another Room Operation O: Holding Functions	_			

Note: O: Holding Functions

-: No Functions

List of Functions 3

List of Functions Si04-807

4 List of Functions

Part 2 Specifications

1. §	Spec	cifications	6
		Cooling Only	
		Heat Pump	

Specifications Si04-807

1. Specifications

1.1 Cooling Only

50Hz 230V

Madal	Indoor Units		FTK20GV1B		
Model	Outdoor Units		RK20GV1B	RK25GV1B	
	•	kW	2.0 (1.3~2.6)	2.5 (1.3~3.0)	
Capacity Rated (Min.~N	May)	Btu/h	6,800 (4,400~8,900)	8,500 (4,400~10,200)	
nateu (IVIIII.~IV	nax.)	kcal/h	1,720 (1,120~2,240)	2,150 (1,120~2,580)	
Running Curre	ent (Rated)	A	2.7	3.7	
Power Consu		w	FEO (210, 700)	740/010 1 050)	
Rated (Min.~N	/lax.)	VV	550 (310~720)	740(310~1,050)	
Power Factor	(Rated)	%	88.6	87.0	
COP		w/w	3.62 (4.19~3.61)	3.38 (4.19~2.86)	
Rated (Min.~N			<u> </u>	` '	
Pipina	Liquid	mm	φ 6.4	φ 6.4	
Piping Connections	Gas	mm	φ 9.5	φ 9.5	
	Drain	mm	φ18.0	φ18.0	
Heat Insulatio			Both Liquid and Gas Pipes	Both Liquid and Gas Pipes	
Max. Interunit	1 0 0	m	15	15	
	Height Difference	m	12	12	
Chargeless		m	10	10	
Amount of Ado of Refrigerant	ditional Charge	g/m	20	20	
Indoor Unit			FTK20GV1B	FTK25GV1B	
Front Panel C	olor		White	White	
	1	Н	9.1 (321)	9.2 (325)	
	m³/min	M	7.4 (261)	7.6 (268)	
Airflow Rate	(cfm)	L	5.9 (208)	6.0 (212)	
	l` ′	SL	4.7 (166)	4.8 (169)	
	Type	OL	Cross Flow Fan	Cross Flow Fan	
Fan	Motor Output	T w	16	16	
ıan	Speed	Steps	5 Steps, Quiet, Auto	5 Steps, Quiet, Auto	
Air Direction C		Sieps	Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward	Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward	
Air Filter	JOHLIOI		Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof	Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof	
Running Curre	ant (Patad)	A	0.18	0.18	
	mption (Rated)	W	40	40	
	ription (nateu)	%	96.6	96.6	
Power Factor	Cantual	70			
Temperature (Microcomputer Control	Microcomputer Control	
Dimensions (H		mm	283×770×198	283×770×198	
	nensions (H×W×D)	mm	263×840×344	263×840×344	
Weight		kg	7	7	
Gross Weight	1	kg	11	11	
Operation Sound	H/M/L/SL	dBA	39/33/25/22	40/33/26/22	
Sound Power	Н	dBA	55	56	
Outdoor Unit		UDA	RK20GV1B	RK25GV1B	
Casing Color			lvory White	Ivory White	
Casing Color	Туре		Hermetically Sealed Swing Type	Hermetically Sealed Swing Type	
Compressor	Model		1YC23AEXDA	1YC23AEXDA	
Compressor	Motor Output	l w	750	750	
Dofrigoropt	Model	1 **	FVC50K	FVC50K	
Refrigerant Oil	Charge	L	0.375	0.375	
- **	Model	1 -	0.375 R-410A	0.375 R-410A	
Refrigerant	Charge	ka	0.74	0.74	
Airflow D-4		kg	29.2	29.2	
Airflow Rate (H)	m³/min		1,030	1,030	
. 7	cfm		*	·	
Fan	Type Motor Output	W	Propeller 33	Propeller 33	
Running Curre			2.52	3.52	
		A			
	mption (Rated)	W	510	700	
Power Factor	mil	%	88.0	86.5	
Starting Curre		A	2.7	3.7	
Dimensions (F		mm	550×658×275	550×658×275	
	nensions (H×W×D)	mm	616×788×359	616×788×359	
Weight		kg	28	28	
Gross Weight		kg	31	31	
Operation Sound	Н	dBA	46	46	
Sound Power	Н	dBA	60	60	
Drawing No.	1	, J.J., 1	3D059073	3D059074	
Diaming INU.			0000010	0000014	

Note:

■ The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

Cooling	Heating	Piping Length	
Indoor ; 27°CDB/19°CWB Outdoor ; 35°CDB/24°CWB	Indoor ; 20°CDB Outdoor ; 7°CDB/6°CWB	5m	

Conversion Formulae kcal/h=kWx860 Btu/h=kWx3414 cfm=m³/minx35.3

Si04-807 Specifications

50Hz 230V

Maralal	Indoor Units		FTK35GV1B	
Model	Outdoor Units		RK35GV1B	
		kW	3.2 (1.3~3.8)	
Capacity Rated (Min.~N	May \	Btu/h	10,900 (4,400~13,000)	
nateu (IVIII I.~IV	ldx.)	kcal/h	2,750 (1,120~3,270)	
Running Curre	ent (Rated)	Α	5.0	
Power Consur		w	050 (000 4 200)	
Rated (Min.~N	1ax.)	VV	950 (290~1,300)	
Power Factor		%	82.6	
COP		W/W	3.37 (4.48~2.92)	
Rated (Min.~N			` '	
Pining	Liquid	mm	φ 6.4	
Piping Connections	Gas	mm	φ 9.5	
	Drain	mm	φ18.0	
Heat Insulation			Both Liquid and Gas Pipes	
Max. Interunit		m	15	
	Height Difference	m	12	
Chargeless		m	10	
Amount of Add	ditional Charge	g/m	20	
of Refrigerant		9/111		
Indoor Unit			FTK35GV1B	
Front Panel Co	olor		White	
		Н	9.3 (328)	
Airflow Rate	m³/min	M	7.7 (272)	
Alliow hate	(cfm)	L	6.1 (215)	
		SL	4.9 (173)	
	Type		Cross Flow Fan	
Fan	Motor Output	W	16	
	Speed	Steps	5 Steps, Quiet, Auto	
Air Direction C	-		Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward	
Air Filter	ionii oi		Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof	
Running Curre	ant (Ratad)	Α	0.18	
Power Consur		W	40	
	ription (nateu)	%	96.6	
Power Factor	Dt1	70		
Temperature (1	Microcomputer Control	
Dimensions (F		mm	283×770×198	
	nensions (H×W×D)	mm	263×840×344	
Weight		kg	7	
Gross Weight		kg	11	
Operation Sound	H/M/L/SL	dBA	41/34/27/23	
Sound Power	Н	dBA	57	
Outdoor Unit			RK35GV1B	
Casing Color			Ivory White	
	Type		Hermetically Sealed Swing Type	
Compressor	Model		1YC23AEXDA	
	Motor Output	W	750	
Refrigerant	Model		FVC50K	
Oil	Charge	L	0.375	
Defriesront	Model		R-410A	
Refrigerant	Charge	kg	1.0	
Airflow Rate	m³/min		27.6	
(H)	cfm		975	
_	Туре		Propeller	
Fan	Motor Output	W	33	
Running Curre		A	4.82	
Power Consur		W	910	
Power Factor	πραστι (παισα)	%	82.1	
	nt		5.0	
Starting Curre	I III	Α		
Dimensions (F		mm	550×658×275	
	nensions (H×W×D)	mm	616×788×359	
Weight		kg	30	
Gross Weight		kg	33	
Operation Sound	Н	dBA	48	
Sound Power		dBA	62	
Drawing No.	1		3D059075	

Note:

■ The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

Cooling	Heating	Piping Length
Indoor ; 27°CDB/19°CWB Outdoor ; 35°CDB/24°CWB	Indoor ; 20°CDB Outdoor ; 7°CDB/6°CWB	5m

Conversion Formulae kcal/h=kWx860 Btu/h=kWx3414 cfm=m³/minx35.3

Specifications Si04-807

1.2 Heat Pump

50Hz 230V

	Indoor Units			OGV1B	FTX25	
Model	Outdoor Units			GV1B	RX25	-
	Outdoor Office		Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating
Connoit /		kW	2.0 (1.3~2.6)	2.5 (1.3~3.5)	2.5 (1.3~3.0)	2.8 (1.3~4.0)
Capacity Rated (Min.~N	Max.)	Btu/h	6,800 (4,400~8,900)	8,500 (4,400~1,1600)	8,500 (4,400~10,200)	9,600 (4,400~13,600)
		kcal/h	1,720 (1,120~2,240)	2,150 (1,120~3,010)	2,150 (1,120~2,580)	2,410 (1,120~ 3,440)
unning Curre	ent (Rated)	Α	2.7	3.0	3.7	3.5
ower Consu		W	550 (310~720)	640 (250~950)	740(310~1,050)	760 (250~1,110)
ated (Min.~N	,			, ,	, , ,	, , ,
ower Factor	(Rated)	%	88.6	92.8	87.0	94.4
OP .	. \	w/w	3.62 (4.19~3.61)	3.90 (5.2~3.68)	3.38 (4.19~2.86)	3.68 (5.2~3.60)
ated (Min.~N			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	` ′	` ,	, ,
iping	Liquid	mm		6.4	φ 6	
onnections	Gas	mm		9.5	φ 9	
	Drain	mm		8.0	φ18	
eat Insulatio			•	ınd Gas Pipes	Both Liquid a	•
	Piping Length	m		5	1.	
lax. Interunit	Height Difference	m	1	2	1:	2
hargeless		m	1	0	1	0
	ditional Charge	g/m	-	20	2	Λ
Refrigerant		9/111				
door Unit				OGV1B	FTX25	
ront Panel C	olor		Wh	hite	Wh	nite
		Н	9.1 (321)	9.4 (331)	9.2 (325)	9.7 (342)
	m³/min	М	7.4 (261)	7.8 (276)	7.6 (268)	8.0 (283)
irflow Rate	(cfm)	L	5.9 (208)	6.3 (222)	6.0 (212)	6.3 (222)
	,	SL	4.7 (166)	5.5 (194)	4.8 (169)	5.5 (194)
	Type	- 02		low Fan	Cross F	\ /
an	Motor Output	W		6	1	
an	Speed	Steps		Quiet, Auto	5 Steps, C	
ir Direction C		Sieps				
	ONITOI		Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward		Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward	
ir Filter	1 /D 1 1		Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof		Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof	
unning Curre	, ,	A	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18
	mption (Rated)	W	40	40	40	40
ower Factor		%	96.6	96.6	96.6	96.6
emperature (uter Control	Microcompu	
imensions (H	,	mm	283×77	70×198	283×77	70×198
ackaged Din	nensions (H×W×D)	mm	263×84	40×344	263×84	10×344
/eight		kg	-	7	7	7
iross Weight		kg	1	1	1	1
peration	H/M/L/SL	dBA	39/33/25/22	39/34/28/25	40/33/26/22	40/34/28/25
ound	T/W/L/SL			39/34/20/23		40/34/20/23
ound Power	Н	dBA	55	55	56	56
utdoor Unit						
			RX20	GV1B	RX25	
asing Color				GV1B White	RX25	GV1B
asing Color	Туре		Ivory			GV1B White
	-		Ivory Hermetically Se	White	Ivory	GV1B White aled Swing Type
	Туре	l W	Ivory Hermetically Se 1YC23,	White aled Swing Type	Ivory Hermetically Sea	GV1B White aled Swing Type AEXDA
ompressor	Type Model Motor Output	W	Ivory Hermetically Se 1YC23.	White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50	lvory Hermetically Sea 1YC23, 75	GV1B White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50
ompressor efrigerant	Type Model Motor Output Model		lvory Hermetically Se 1YC23 79 FVC	White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 50K	Ivory Hermetically Sea 1YC23, 75 FVC	GV1B White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 50K
ompressor efrigerant il	Type Model Motor Output Model Charge	W	lvory Hermetically Se. 1YC23. 7! FVC	White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 250K 375	Ivory Hermetically Sea 1YC23/ 75 FVC 0.3	GV1B White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 50K 575
ompressor efrigerant il	Type Model Motor Output Model Charge Model	L	lvory Hermetically Se- 1YC23. 7! FVC 0.3	White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 CSOK 375	Ivory Hermetically Set 1YC23/ 75 FVC 0.3 R-4	GV1B White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 575
ompressor efrigerant il	Type Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge		lvory Hermetically Se- 1YC23 7! FVC 0.3 R-4	White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 CSOK 375 -10A 74	Ivory Hermetically Set 1YC23/ 75 FVC 0.3 R-4	GV1B White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 875 10A
ompressor efrigerant iil efrigerant irflow Rate	Type Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min	L	lvory Hermetically Se: 1YC23. 7: FVC 0.3: R-4 0. 29.2	White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 375 -10A 74 26.2	Ivory Hermetically See 1YC23/ 75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.7	GV1B White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 50K 575 10A 74 26.2
ompressor efrigerant iil efrigerant irflow Rate	Type Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm	L	Ivory Hermetically Se: 1YC23. 7: FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2	White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 C50K 375 110A 74 26.2 927	Ivory Hermetically Sea 1YC23, 75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030	GV1B White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 575 110A 74 26.2 927
ompressor efrigerant il efrigerant irflow Rate	Type Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type	L kg	Ivory Hermetically Se- 1YC23. 7: FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prog	White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 C50K 375 -110A 74 26.2 927 peller	Ivory Hermetically Sea 1YC23/ 75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.2 29.2 1,030 Prop	GV1B White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 575 10A 74 26.2 927 seller
ompressor efrigerant il efrigerant irflow Rate f)	Type Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output	kg W	Ivory Hermetically Se- 1YC23. 79 FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prop	White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 375 -100A 74 26.2 927 peller	Ivory Hermetically Sea	GV1B White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 575 100A 74 26.2 927 seller
ompressor efrigerant efrigerant rflow Rate f) an	Type Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated)	kg W A	Ivory Hermetically Se. 1YC23. 79 FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prop 3	White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 50K 375 -10A 74 26.2 927 beller 33 2.82	Ivory Hermetically Ser 1YC23/ 75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.2 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 3.52	GV1B White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 50K 575 10A 74 26.2 927 seller 3 3.32
ompressor efrigerant l efrigerant rflow Rate l) an	Type Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output	kg W A W	Ivory Hermetically Se- 1YC23. 79 FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prop	White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 375 -100A 74 26.2 927 peller	Ivory Hermetically Sea	GV1B White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 575 10A 74 26.2 927 eller
ompressor efrigerant efrigerant rflow Rate f) an unning Curro	Type Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated)	kg W A	Ivory Hermetically Se. 1YC23. 79 FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prop 3	White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 50K 375 -10A 74 26.2 927 beller 33 2.82	Ivory Hermetically Ser 1YC23/ 75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.2 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 3.52	GV1B White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 575 10A 74 26.2 927 elller 3 3.32
ompressor efrigerant il efrigerant rflow Rate f) an unning Curro ower Consul	Type Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated)	kg W A W	Ivory Hermetically Se. 1YC23. 75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prop. 3 2.52 510 88.0	White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 250K 375 410A 74 26.2 927 beller 33 2.82 600	Ivory Hermetically Ser 1YC23/ 75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.2 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 3.52 700	GV1B White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 50 50K 575 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 3.32 720 94.3
ompressor efrigerant il efrigerant irflow Rate if) an unning Curre ower Consulower Factor tarting Curre	Type Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated)	kg W A W %	Ivory Hermetically Se. 1YC23. 7! FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 2.52 510 88.0	White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 250K 375 -10A 74 26.2 927 beller 33 2.82 600 92.5	Ivory Hermetically Ser 1YC23/ 75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.2 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 3.52 700 86.5	GV1B White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 50K 575 10A 74 26.2 927 elller 3 3.32 720 94.3
ompressor efrigerant ill efrigerant irflow Rate fl) an unning Curre ower Consui ower Factor tarting Curre imensions (h	Type Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated)	kg W A W % A mm	Ivory Hermetically Se: 1YC23. 7: FVC 0.3. R-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prop. 3 2.52 510 88.0 2 550×68	White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 375 -110A 74 26.2 927 beller 33 2.82 600 92.5 .7	Ivory Hermetically Sea 1YC23, 75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 3.52 700 86.5 3. 550×68	GV1B White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 50K 575 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 3.32 720 94.3 .7
ompressor efrigerant ill efrigerant irflow Rate l) an unning Curre ower Consui ower Factor tarting Curre imensions (h ackaged Din	Type Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated)	L kg W A W % A mm mm	Ivory Hermetically Se: 1YC23. 7: FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 2.52 510 88.0 2 550×68 616×78	White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 375	Ivory Hermetically Sea 1YC23/ 75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 3.52 700 86.5 3. 550x65 616x78	GV1B White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 575 100A 74 26.2 927 seller 3 3.32 720 94.3 .7 58×275 88×359
compressor defrigerant defrige	Type Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated) ent	L kg W A W % A mm mm kg	Ivory Hermetically Se- 1YC23. 7' FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 2.52 510 88.0 2 550x64 616x74	White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 50 50K 375	Ivory Hermetically Sea 1YC23/ 75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.2 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 3.52 700 86.5 3. 550x66 616×76	GV1B White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 575 110A 74 26.2 927 seller 3 3.32 720 94.3 7 58×275 58×359 8
compressor defrigerant defrige	Type Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated) ent hxWxD) mensions (HxWxD)	L kg W A W % A mm mm kg kg kg	Ivory Hermetically Se 1YC23 7? FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 2.52 510 88.0 2 550×61 616×71 2 3 3	White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 375	Nony Hermetically Sea 1YC23/ TE 1Y	GV1B White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 50K 575 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 3.32 720 94.3 7 58×275 38×359 8
Power Factor Starting Curre Dimensions (Packaged Din Veight Gross Weight Operation	Type Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated) ent	L kg W A W % A mm mm kg	Ivory Hermetically Se- 1YC23. 7' FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 2.52 510 88.0 2 550x64 616x74	White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 50 50K 375	Ivory Hermetically Sea 1YC23/ 75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.2 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 3.52 700 86.5 3. 550x66 616×76	GV1B White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 575 110A 74 26.2 927 seller 3 3.32 720 94.3 77 58×275 58×359 8
ompressor efrigerant iil efrigerant irflow Rate th) an unning Curre ower Consult ower Factor tarting Curre imensions (H ackaged Din leight iross Weight	Type Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated) hensions (HxWxD)	L kg W A W % A mm mm kg kg kg	Ivory Hermetically Se 1YC23 7? FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 2.52 510 88.0 2 550×61 616×71 2 3 3	White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 375	Nony Hermetically Sea 1YC23/ TE 1Y	GV1B White aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 50K 575 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 3.32 720 94.3 7 58×275 38×359 8

Note:

■ The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

		•••
Cooling	Heating	Piping Length
Indoor; 27°CDB/19°CWB Outdoor; 35°CDB/24°CWB	Indoor ; 20°CDB Outdoor ; 7°CDB/6°CWB	5m

Conversion Formulae kcal/h=kWx860 Btu/h=kWx3414 cfm=m³/minx35.3

Si04-807 Specifications

50Hz 230V

	Indoor Units				
Model	Outdoor Units		RX	X35GV1B	
	Outdoor Units		Cooling	Heating	
0		kW	3.2 (1.3~3.8)	3.4 (1.3~4.8)	
Capacity Rated (Min.~N	Max)	Btu/h	10,900 (4,400~13,000)	11,600 (4,400~16,400)	
		kcal/h	2,750 (1,120~3,270)	2,920 (1,120~4,130)	
Running Curre		Α	5.0	4.6	
Power Consu	mption	w	950 (290~1,300)	910 (290~1,290)	
Rated (Min.~N			<u> </u>	· · · · ·	
Power Factor		%	82.6	86.0	
COP Rated (Min.~N	May)	W/W	3.37 (4.48~2.92)	3.74 (4.48~3.72)	
Tiatea (Will 14)	Liquid	mm		φ 6.4	
Piping Connections	Gas	mm		ψ 9.5	
Connections	Drain	mm		ψ 3.5 φ18.0	
Heat Insulatio		111111	Both Liqui	id and Gas Pipes	
	Piping Length	m	Dotti Elqu	15	
	Height Difference	m		12	
	neight billerence			10	
Chargeless	Iditional Charge	m			
of Refrigerant	iuiiionai Onarge	g/m		20	
Indoor Unit			FT	X35GV1B	
Front Panel C	Color			White	
	1	Н	9.3 (328)	10.1 (356)	
	m³/min	M	7.7 (272)	8.4 (295)	
	(cfm)	L	6.1 (215)	6.7 (235)	
	(*****)	SL	4.9 (173)	5.7 (201)	
	Tuno	J.L	` '	ss Flow Fan	
Fan	Type Motor Output	I w	Clos	16	
ran			E Oton	os, Quiet, Auto	
Air Direction (Speed	Steps		· · · ·	
Air Direction (Jontroi			lorizontal, Downward	
Air Filter	1/D 1 1			/ashable / Mildew Proof	
Running Curr		A	0.18	0.18	
	mption (Rated)	W	40	40	
Power Factor		%	96.6	96.6	
Temperature				emputer Control	
Dimensions (I		mm		3×770×198	
	mensions (H×W×D)	mm	263	3×840×344	
Weight		kg		7	
Gross Weight	<u> </u>	kg		11	
Operation	H/M/L/SL	dBA	41/34/27/23	41/35/29/26	
Sound					
Sound Power		dBA	57	57	
Outdoor Unit				X35GV1B	
Casing Color	T			ory White	
0	Type			Sealed Swing Type	
Compressor	Model Mater Output	1 10/	11/0	C23AEXDA	
D (1	Motor Output	W		750 EVICEOU	
Refrigerant Oil	Model		<u> </u>	FVC50K	
Oii .	Charge	L		0.375	
Refrigerant	Model	1 1		R-410A	
	Charge	kg	07.0	1.0	
Airflow Rate	m³/min		27.6	24.5	
(H)	cfm		975	865	
Fan	Туре	1	F	Propeller	
	Motor Output	W	. ==	33	
Running Curr		A	4.82	4.42	
	mption (Rated)	W	910	870	
Power Factor		%	82.1	85.6	
Starting Curre		Α		5.0	
Dimensions (I		mm)×658×275	
	mensions (H×W×D)	mm	616	6×788×359	
Weight		kg		30	
Gross Weight	i	kg		34	
Operation Sound	Н	dBA	48	48	
Sound Power	Н	dBA	62	62	
Drawing No.	1	'		D059072	
			0		

Note:

■ The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

Cooling	Heating	Piping Length
Indoor; 27°CDB/19°CWB Outdoor; 35°CDB/24°CWB	Indoor ; 20°CDB Outdoor ; 7°CDB/6°CWB	5m

Conversion Formulae kcal/h=kWx860 Btu/h=kWx3414 cfm=m³/minx35.3

Specifications Si04-807

50Hz 230V

	Indoor Units		ATX20	GV1B	ATX25	GV1B		
Model	Outdoor Units		ARX20	GV1B	ARX25GV1B			
	Outdoor Units		Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating		
	•	kW	2.0 (1.3~2.6)	2.5 (1.3~3.5)	2.5 (1.3~3.0)	2.8 (1.3~4.0)		
Capacity Rated (Min.~N	Max)	Btu/h	6,800 (4,400~8,900)	8,500 (4,400~1,1600)	8,500 (4,400~10,200)	9,600 (4,400~13,600)		
•	•	kcal/h	1,720 (1,120~2,240)	2,150 (1,120~3,010)	2,150 (1,120~2,580)	2,410 (1,120~ 3,440)		
Running Curre	, ,	Α	2.7	3.0	3.7	3.5		
Power Consun	nption	w	550 (310~720)	640 (250~950)	740(310~1,050)	760 (250~1,110)		
Rated (Min.~N		0/	` ,	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Power Factor ((Hated)	%	88.6	92.8	87.0	94.4		
Rated (Min.~N	Max.)	W/W	3.62 (4.19~3.61)	3.90 (5.2~3.68)	3.38 (4.19~2.86)	3.68 (5.2~3.60)		
,	Liquid	mm	φ6	5.4	φ 6	6.4		
Piping Connections	Gas	mm	φ 9	0.5	φ 9	9.5		
Connections	Drain	mm	φ18	3.0	φ1	8.0		
Heat Insulation	i	•	Both Liquid a	nd Gas Pipes	Both Liquid a	nd Gas Pipes		
Max. Interunit	Piping Length	m	1:	5	1	5		
Max. Interunit	Height Difference	m	1:	2	1	2		
Chargeless		m	1	0	10			
	ditional Charge	g/m	2	0	2	0		
of Refrigerant		9,						
Indoor Unit	-1		ATX20		ATX25			
Front Panel Co	DIOľ		Wh		Wr			
l		H	9.1 (321)	9.4 (331)	9.2 (325)	9.7 (342)		
Airflow Rate	m³/min (cfm)	M	7.4 (261)	7.8 (276)	7.6 (268)	8.0 (283)		
	(cfm)	L	5.9 (208)	6.3 (222)	6.0 (212)	6.3 (222)		
	-	SL	4.7 (166)	5.5 (194)	4.8 (169)	5.5 (194)		
_	Type	10/	Cross F		Cross F			
Fan	Motor Output	W	10			6		
A: D: :: C	Speed	Steps	5 Steps, C	,	5 Steps, C			
Air Direction C	Control		Right, Left, Horize		Right, Left, Horizontal, Downward Removable / Washable / Mildew Proof			
Air Filter	1 /D 1 1		Removable / Wash					
Running Curre		A	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.18		
Power Consun	nption (Hated)	W	40	40	40	40		
Power Factor		%	96.6	96.6	96.6	96.6		
Temperature (Microcompu		Microcomp			
Dimensions (H	nensions (H×W×D)	mm	283×77 263×84		283×77 263×84			
Weight	ierisioris (HXVVXD)	mm	203X84		203X84			
Gross Weight		kg						
Operation		kg						
Sound	H/M/L/SL	dBA	39/33/25/22	39/34/28/25	40/33/26/22	40/34/28/25		
Sound Power	Н	dBA	55	55	56	56		
Outdoor Unit			ARX20	GV1B	ARX25	GV1B		
Casing Color			lvory '	White	lvory	White		
	Type		Hermetically Sea	aled Swing Type	Hermetically Sea	aled Swing Type		
Compressor	Madal		1YC23AEXDA		1YC23AEXDA			
			11023/	NEADA.	11023/	750		
	Model Motor Output	W	75	50	75			
Refrigerant	Motor Output Model		75 FVC	50 50K	75 FVC	50K		
•	Motor Output	W	75	50 50K	75	50K		
Refrigerant Oil	Motor Output Model Charge Model	L	75 FVC 0.3 R-4	50 50K 75 10A	75 FVC 0.3 R-4	50K 575 10A		
Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant	Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge		75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.1	50 50K 75 10A 74	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.	50K 875 10A 74		
Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate	Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min	L	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.7 29.2	50 50K .75 10A 74 26.2	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2	50K 875 10A 74 26.2		
Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant	Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm	L	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.7 29.2 1,030	50 50K 75 10A 74 26.2 927	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030	50K 675 10A 74 26.2 927		
Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate	Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type	L kg	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.7 29.2 1,030 Prop	50 50K 75 10A 74 26.2 927 eller	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030	50K 675 10A 74 26.2 927 seller		
Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan	Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output	kg W	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prop	50 50K 75 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3	75 FVC 0.3 Fr-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prop	50K 675 10A 74 26.2 927 seller 3		
Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan Running Curre	Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated)	kg W A	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.7 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 2.52	50 50K 50K 775 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.7 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 3.52	250K 175 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 3.32		
Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan Running Curre Power Consum	Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated)	kg W A W	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.2 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 2.52 510	50 50K 50K 775 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 2.82 600	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 3.52 700	250K 175 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 3.32 720		
Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan Running Curre Power Consun Power Factor	Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated)	kg W A W %	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.7 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 2.52 510 88.0	50 50K 50K 775 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 2.82 600 92.5	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.7 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 3.52 700 86.5	550K 1075 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 3.32 720 94.3		
Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan Running Curre Power Consun Power Factor Starting Currer	Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) nption (Rated)	kg W A W % A	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.7 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 2.52 510 88.0	50 50K 50K 75 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 2.82 600 92.5	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 3.52 700 86.5	50K 575 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 3.32 720 94.3		
Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan Running Curre Power Consum Power Factor Starting Curret Dimensions (H	Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated)	kg W A W % A mm	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.7 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 2.52 510 88.0 2.550×65	500 50K 775 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 2.82 600 92.5 7	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 3.52 700 86.5	50K 575 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 3.32 720 94.3 7		
Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan Running Curre Power Consur Power Factor Starting Currer Dimensions (H Packaged Dim	Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) nption (Rated)	L kg W A W % A mm mm	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.7 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 2.52 510 88.0 2. 550×65 616×78	50 50K 50K 775 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 2.82 600 92.5 7 68×275 88×359	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.1 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 3.52 700 86.5 3 550×68 616×78	50K 575 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 3.32 720 94.3 7 58×275 38×359		
Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan Running Curre Power Consur Power Factor Starting Currer Dimensions (F Packaged Dim Weight	Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated)	L kg W A W % A mm mm kg	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.3 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 2.52 510 88.0 2. 550x66 616x76	50 50K 50K 75 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 2.82 600 92.5 7 7 88×275 88×359 8	75 FVC 0.3 Fr-4 0.2 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 3.52 700 86.5 3 550x66 616×76	50K 575 110A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 3.32 720 94.3 7 58×275 38×359		
Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan Running Currer Power Consur Power Factor Starting Currer Dimensions (H Packaged Dim Weight Gross Weight	Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) nption (Rated) nt dxWxD) nensions (HxWxD)	L kg W A W % A mm mm kg kg kg	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.7 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 2.52 510 88.0 2.550x65 616x76 2.3	50 50K 50K 775 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 2.82 600 92.5 7 58×275 58×275 58×359 8	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 3.52 700 86.5 3 550×63 616×76 2 3	50K 575 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 3.32 720 94.3 .7 58×275 38×359 8		
Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan Running Currer Power Consun Power Factor Starting Currer Dimensions (F Packaged Dim Weight Gross Weight Operation	Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated)	L kg W A W % A mm mm kg	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.3 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 2.52 510 88.0 2. 550x66 616x76	50 50K 50K 75 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 2.82 600 92.5 7 7 88×275 88×359 8	75 FVC 0.3 Fr-4 0.2 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 3.52 700 86.5 3 550x66 616×76	50K 575 110A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 3.32 720 94.3 7 58×275 38×359		
Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan Running Currer Power Consur Power Factor Starting Currer Dimensions (H) Packaged Dim Weight Gross Weight	Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) enption (Rated) entixWxD) ensions (HxWxD) H	L kg W A W % A mm mm kg kg kg	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0.7 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 2.52 510 88.0 2.550x65 616x76 2.3	50 50K 50K 775 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 2.82 600 92.5 7 58×275 88×359 8	75 FVC 0.3 R-4 0. 29.2 1,030 Prop 3 3.52 700 86.5 3 550×63 616×76 2 3	50K 575 10A 74 26.2 927 eller 3 3.32 720 94.3 .7 58×275 38×359 8		

Note:

■ The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

 = The data are based on the conditions of our in the table below				
Cooling	Heating	Piping Length		
Indoor; 27°CDB/19°CWB Outdoor; 35°CDB/24°CWB	Indoor ; 20°CDB Outdoor ; 7°CDB/6°CWB	5m		

Conversion Formulae kcal/h=kWx860 Btu/h=kWx3414 cfm=m³/minx35.3

Si04-807 Specifications

50Hz 230V

	Model Indoor Units Outdoor Units		ATX35GV1B ARX35GV1B		
Model					
	Outdoor Office		Cooling	Heating	
Canacity		kW	3.2 (1.3~3.8)	3.4 (1.3~4.8)	
Capacity Rated (Min.~I	Max.)	Btu/h	10,900 (4,400~13,000)	11,600 (4,400~16,400)	
		kcal/h	2,750 (1,120~3,270)	2,920 (1,120~4,130)	
Running Current (Rated)		A	5.0	4.6	
Power Consu Rated (Min.~I		W	950 (290~1,300)	910 (290~1,290)	
Power Factor		%	82.6	86.0	
COP					
Rated (Min.~I	Max.)	W/W	3.37 (4.48~2.92)	3.74 (4.48~3.72)	
	Liquid	mm	φθ	5.4	
Piping Connections	Gas	mm	φ 9	9.5	
Connections	Drain	mm	φ1:	8.0	
Heat Insulation	n	•	Both Liquid and Gas Pipes		
Max. Interunit	Piping Length	m	1	5	
Max. Interunit	Height Difference	m	1	2	
Chargeless		m	1	0	
Amount of Ad	Iditional Charge	g/m	2	0	
of Refrigerant	<u> </u>	9/111			
Indoor Unit			ATX35		
Front Panel C	Color			ite	
		Н	9.3 (328)	10.1 (356)	
Airflow Rate	m³/min	M	7.7 (272)	8.4 (295)	
	(cfm)	L	6.1 (215)	6.7 (235)	
		SL	4.9 (173)	5.7 (201)	
	Type		Cross Flow Fan		
Fan	Motor Output	W	1	-	
	Speed	Steps	5 Steps, C		
Air Direction (Control		<u> </u>	ontal, Downward	
Air Filter				able / Mildew Proof	
Running Curr		Α	0.18	0.18	
	mption (Rated)	W	40	40	
Power Factor		%	96.6	96.6	
Temperature			Microcomputer Control		
Dimensions (I		mm	283×770×198		
Packaged Dir	mensions (H×W×D)	mm	263×84	10×344	
Weight		kg	Ī		
Gross Weight	<u> </u>	kg	1	1	
Operation	H/M/L/SL	dBA	41/34/27/23	41/35/29/26	
Sound		-IDA	F7	F7	
Sound Power Outdoor Unit		dBA	57 ARX35	57	
				M/hita	
Casing Color	Tuno			White	
	Type		Hermetically Se	aled Swing Type	
Casing Color Compressor	Model	I W	Hermetically Sea 1YC23.	aled Swing Type AEXDA	
Compressor	Model Motor Output	W	Hermetically Se 1YC23. 75	aled Swing Type AEXDA 50	
Compressor Refrigerant	Model Motor Output Model		Hermetically Se 1YC23. 75 FVC	aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 50K	
Compressor Refrigerant Oil	Model Motor Output Model Charge	W	Hermetically Sec 1YC23. 75 FVC 0.3	aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 50K 575	
Compressor Refrigerant	Model Motor Output Model Charge Model	L	Hermetically Sec 1YC23. 75 FVC 0.3 R-4	aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 50K 175	
Compressor Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant	Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge		Hermetically Second 17C23.	aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 50K 175 10A	
Compressor Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate	Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min	L	Hermetically Se: 1YC23. 7! FVC 0.3 R-4 27.6	aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 175 10A 0 24.5	
Compressor Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant	Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm	L	Hermetically Sec. 1YC23. 7Y. FVC 0.3 R-4 27.6 975	aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 575 10A 0 24.5 865	
Compressor Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate	Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type	kg kg	Hermetically Sec. 1YC23. 79. FVC 0.3. R-4 27.6 975	aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 50 50K 675 10A 0 24.5 865	
Compressor Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan	Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output	kg W	Hermetically Sec. 1YC23. 75 FVC 0.3 R-4 27.6 975 Prop. 3	aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 50 50K 675 10A 0 24.5 865 eller	
Compressor Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan Running Curr	Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated)	kg W A	Hermetically Sec. 1YC23. 1YC23. 7½ FVC 0.3 F-4 27.6 975 Prop. 3 4.82	aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 50 50K 575 10A 0 24.5 865 elller 3 4.42	
Compressor Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan Running Curr Power Consu	Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated)	kg W A W	Hermetically Sec. 1YC23. 1YC23. 75 FVC 0.3 F-4 27.6 975 Prop. 3 4.82 910	aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 575 10A 0 24.5 865 elller 3 4.42 870	
Compressor Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan Running Curr Power Consu Power Factor	Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated)	kg W A W %	Hermetically Sec. 1YC23. 75 1YC23. 75 FVC 0.3 F-4 27.6 975 Prop. 3 4.82 910 82.1	aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 575 10A 0 24.5 865 eller 3 4.42 870 85.6	
Compressor Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan Running Curre Power Consu Power Factor Starting Curre	Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated)	kg W A W % A	Hermetically Sec. 1YC23. 77: FVC 0.3: R-4 1 27.6 975 Prop. 3 4.82 910 82.1	aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 575 110A 0 24.5 865 eller 3 4.42 870 85.6	
Compressor Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan Running Curr Power Consu Power Factor Starting Curre Dimensions (i	Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated)	kg W A W % A mm	Hermetically Sec. 1YC23. 77: 1YC23. 77: 1YC23. 77: 1YC23. 77: 1YC23. 77: 1YC23.	aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 575 10A 0 24.5 865 eller 3 4.42 870 85.6 0	
Compressor Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan Running Curr Power Consu Power Factor Starting Curre Dimensions (i) Packaged Dir	Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated)	kg W A W % A mm mm	Hermetically Sec. 17C23. 77: 75C23. 77: 75C2	aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 575 10A 0 24.5 865 eller 3 4.42 870 85.6 0 58×275 88×359	
Compressor Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan Running Curr Power Consu Power Factor Starting Curre Dimensions (I) Packaged Dir Weight	Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated) ent HxWxD) mensions (HxWxD)	kg W A W % A mm mm kg	Hermetically Sec. 1YC23. 79. 1YC23. 79. 1YC23. 79. 1YC23. 79. 1YC23. 79. 1YC23.	aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 575 10A 0 24.5 865 eller 3 4.42 870 85.6 0 0 58×275 58×359	
Compressor Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan Running Curre Power Consu Power Factor Starting Curre Dimensions (I Packaged Dir Weight Gross Weight	Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated) ent HxWxD) mensions (HxWxD)	kg W A W % A mm mm kg kg kg	Hermetically Sec. 1YC23. 77: FVC 0.3 R-4 27.6 975 Prop 3 4.82 910 82.1 5 550×68 616×78	aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 575 10A 0 24.5 865 eller 3 4.42 870 85.6 0 58×275 88×359 0	
Compressor Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan Running Curr Power Consu Power Factor Starting Curre Dimensions (I) Packaged Dir Weight	Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated) ent HxWxD) mensions (HxWxD)	kg W A W % A mm mm kg	Hermetically Sec. 1YC23. 79. 1YC23. 79. 1YC23. 79. 1YC23. 79. 1YC23. 79. 1YC23.	aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 575 10A 0 24.5 865 eller 3 4.42 870 85.6 0 0 58×275 58×359	
Compressor Refrigerant Oil Refrigerant Airflow Rate (H) Fan Running Curr Power Consu Power Factor Starting Curre Dimensions (I Packaged Dir Weight Gross Weight Operation	Model Motor Output Model Charge Model Charge m³/min cfm Type Motor Output ent (Rated) mption (Rated) ent HxWxD) mensions (HxWxD)	kg W A W % A mm mm kg kg kg	Hermetically Sec. 1YC23. 77: FVC 0.3 R-4 27.6 975 Prop 3 4.82 910 82.1 5 550×68 616×78	aled Swing Type AEXDA 50 550K 575 10A 0 24.5 865 eller 3 4.42 870 85.6 0 58×275 88×359 0	

Note:

■ The data are based on the conditions shown in the table below.

- The data are based on the conditions of our military based				
Cooling	Heating	Piping Length		
Indoor; 27°CDB/19°CWB Outdoor; 35°CDB/24°CWB	Indoor ; 20°CDB Outdoor ; 7°CDB/6°CWB	5m		

Conversion Formulae kcal/h=kWx860 Btu/h=kWx3414 cfm=m³/minx35.3

Specifications Si04-807

Part 3 Printed Circuit Board Connector Wiring Diagram

1.	Print	ted Circuit Board Connector Wiring Diagram	14
	1.1	Indoor Units	14
	1.2	Outdoor Units	16

1. Printed Circuit Board Connector Wiring Diagram

1.1 Indoor Units

Connectors

PCB(1) (Control PCB)

1) S6 Connector for swing motor (horizontal blades)

2) S26 Connector for display PCB

3) S32 Connector for heat exchanger thermistor

4) S200 Connector for fan motor

5) S403 Connector for adaptor for wired remote controller (optional accessory)

PCB(2) (Display PCB)

1) S27 Connector for control PCB



Other designations

PCB(1) (Control PCB)

1) V1 Varistor

2) JA Address setting jumper

JB Fan speed setting when compressor is OFF on thermostat

JC Power failure recovery function (auto-restart)

* Refer to page 159 for detail.

3) LED A LED for service monitor (green)

4) FU1 Fuse (3.15A)

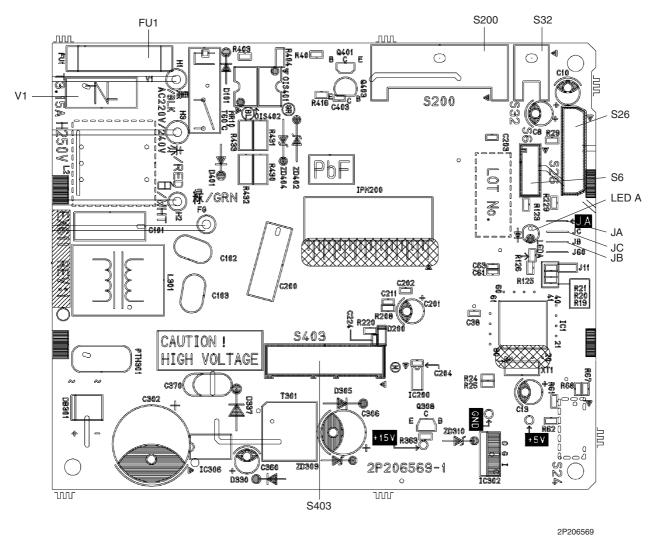
PCB(3) (Display PCB)

1) SW1 (S1W) Forced operation ON / OFF switch

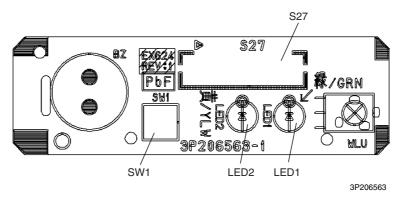
2) LED1 LED for operation (green)

3) LED2 LED for timer (yellow)

PCB Detail PCB(1): Control PCB



PCB(2): Display PCB



1.2 Outdoor Units

Connectors

PCB (1) (Filter PCB)

1) S11 Connector for control PCB

PCB (2) (Main PCB)

1) S10 Connector for filter PCB

2) S20 Connector for electronic expansion valve coil

3) S40 Connector for overload protector

4) \$70 Connector for fan motor

5) S80 Connector for four way valve coil

6) S90 Connector for thermistors

(outdoor air, heat exchanger, discharge pipe)

7) HL3, HN3 Connector for filter PCB

Note:

Other designations PCB (1) (Filter PCB)

FU3 Fuse (20A)
 V2, V3 Varistor

PCB (2) (Main PCB)

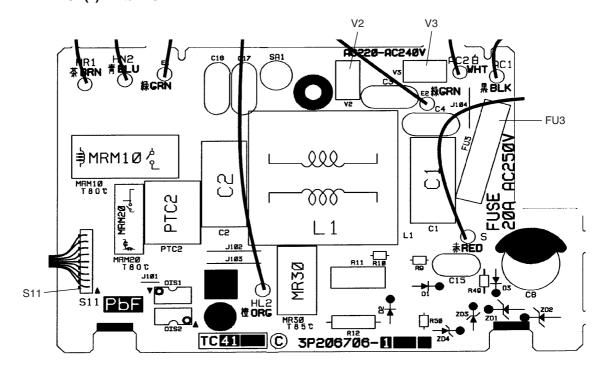
1) FU1, FU2 Fuse (3.15A)

2) LED A Service monitor LED (green)

3) V1 Varistor

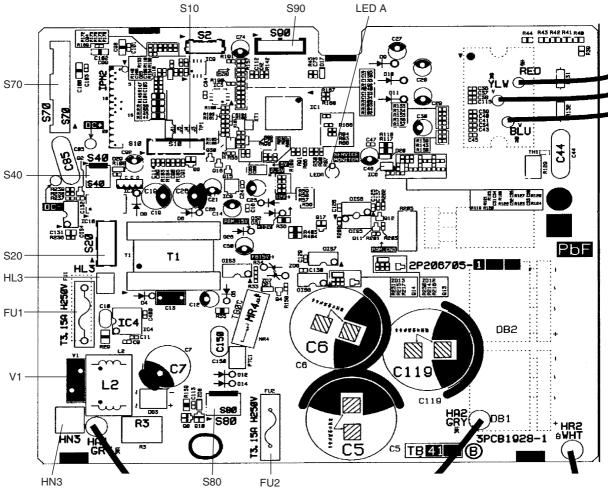
PCB Detail

PCB(1): Filter PCB



3P206706

PCB(2): Main PCB



2P206705

Part 4 Function and Control

٦.	Main	Functions	.20
	1.1	Frequency Principle	.20
	1.2	Airflow Direction Control	.22
	1.3	Fan Speed Control for Indoor Units	.23
	1.4	Programme Dry Function	.24
	1.5	Automatic Operation	.25
	1.6	Thermostat Control	.26
	1.7	NIGHT SET Mode	.27
	1.8	ECONO Mode	.28
	1.9	Inverter POWERFUL Operation	.29
	1.10	Other Functions	.30
2.	Func	tion of Thermistor	.31
	2.1	Heat Pump Model	.31
3.	Cont	rol Specification	.32
	3.1	Mode Hierarchy	
	3.2	Frequency Control	.33
	3.3	Controls at Mode Changing / Start-up	.35
	3.4	Discharge Pipe Temperature Control	.36
	3.5	Input Current Control	.37
	3.6	Freeze-up Protection Control	.38
	3.7	Heating Peak-cut Control	
	3.8	Fan Control	.39
	3.9	Liquid Compression Protection Function 2	.39
	3.10	Defrost Control	.40
	3.11	Electronic Expansion Valve Control	.41
		Malfunctions	
	3.13	Forced Operation Mode	.45
	2 1/	Additional Function	15

Main Functions Si04-807

1. Main Functions

1.1 Frequency Principle

Main Control Parameters

The compressor is frequency-controlled during normal operation. The target frequency is set by the following 2 parameters coming from the operating indoor unit:

- The load condition of the operating indoor unit
- The difference between the room temperature and the set temperature

Additional Control Parameters

The target frequency is adapted by additional parameters in the following cases:

- Frequency restrictions
- Initial settings
- Forced cooling operation

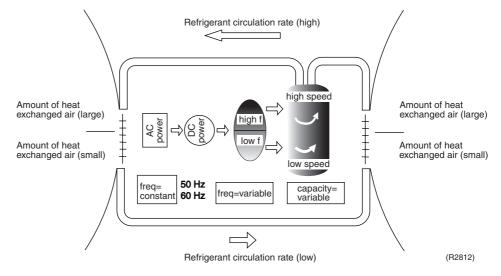
Inverter Principle

To regulate the capacity, a frequency control is needed. The inverter makes it possible to vary the rotation speed of the compressor. The following table explains the conversion principle:

Phase	Description	
1	The supplied AC power source is converted into the DC power source for the present.	
2	The DC power source is reconverted into the three phase AC power source with variable frequency. ■ When the frequency increases, the rotation speed of the compressor increases resulting in an increased refrigerant circulation. This leads to a higher amount of the heat exchange per unit. ■ When the frequency decreases, the rotation speed of the compressor decreases resulting in a decreased refrigerant circulation. This leads to a lower amount of the heat exchange per unit.	

Drawing of Inverter

The following drawing shows a schematic view of the inverter principle:



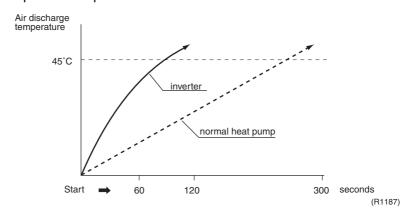
Si04-807 Main Functions

Inverter Features

The inverter provides the following features:

The regulating capacity can be changed according to the changes in the outdoor air temperature and cooling / heating load.

Quick heating and quick cooling The compressor rotational speed is increased when starting the heating (or cooling). This enables a quick set temperature.



- Even during extreme cold weather, the high capacity is achieved. It is maintained even when the outdoor air temperature is 2°C.
- Comfortable air conditioning
 A detailed adjustment is integrated to ensure a fixed room temperature. It is possible to air condition with a small room temperature variation.
- Energy saving heating and cooling Once the set temperature is reached, the energy saving operation enables to maintain the room temperature at low power.

Frequency Limits

The following table shows the functions that define the minimum and maximum frequency:

Frequency limits	Limited during the activation of following functions	
Low	■ Four way valve operation compensation. Refer to page 35.	
High	 Input current control. Refer to page 37. Compressor protection function. Refer to page 36. Heating peak-cut control. Refer to page 38. Freeze-up protection control. Refer to page 38. Defrost control. Refer to page 40. 	

Forced Cooling Operation

For more information, refer to "Forced operation mode" on page 45.

Main Functions Si04-807

1.2 Airflow Direction Control

Power-Airflow **Dual Flaps**

The large flaps send a large volume of air downwards to the floor. The flap provides an optimum control area in cooling, heating and dry mode.

Heating Mode

During heating mode, the large flap enables direct warm air straight downwards. The flap presses the warm air above the floor to reach the entire room.

Cooling Mode

During cooling mode, the flap retracts into the indoor unit. Then, cool air can be blown far and pervaded all over the room.

Wide-Angle Louvres

The louvres, made of elastic synthetic resin, provide a wide range of airflow that guarantees a comfortable air distribution.

Auto-Swing

The following table explains the auto swing process for heating, cooling, dry and fan :

Vertical Swing	Horizontal Swing (right and left: manual)	
Cooling / Dry / Fan Heating		Heating, Cooling
25. 0. +	30, 5, +	50. 50
(R2946)	(R4013)	(R2817)

Si04-807 Main Functions

1.3 Fan Speed Control for Indoor Units

Control Mode

The airflow rate can be automatically controlled depending on the difference between the set temperature and the room temperature. This is done through phase control and Hall IC control.



For more information about Hall IC, refer to trouble shooting for fan motor on page 81.

Phase Steps

Phase control and fan speed control contains 9 steps: LLL, LL, SL, L, ML, M, MH, H and HH. In automatic operation, the step "SL" is not available.

Step	Cooling	Heating	Dry Mode
LLL (Heating thermostat OFF)			
LL			
L			l ton
ML			L tap
M		-	(During powerful operation: L+80rpm)
МН			operation. L+ourpin)
Н	\bigcup	\bigcup	
HH (Powerful)	(R8431)	(R8432)	

= Within this range the airflow rate is automatically controlled when the FAN setting button is set to automatic.



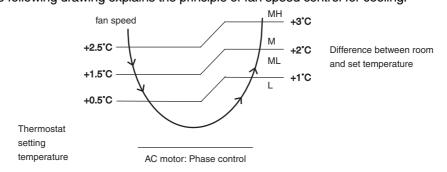
- 1. During powerful operation, fan operate H tap + 80 rpm.
- 2. Fan stops during defrost operation.
- 3. The airconditioner does not operate with MH tap from a start of the auto fan speed operation for about 30 minutes.

Automatic Airflow Control for Heating

On heating mode, the indoor fan speed will be regulated according to the indoor heat exchanger temperature and the difference between the room temperature and the required set point.

Automatic
Airflow Control
for Cooling

The following drawing explains the principle of fan speed control for cooling:



(R8433)

Main Functions Si04-807

1.4 Programme Dry Function

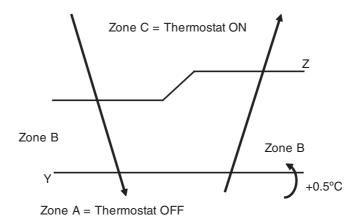
Programme dry function removes humidity while preventing the room temperature from lowering.

Since the microcomputer controls both the temperature and airflow volume, the temperature adjustment and fan adjustment buttons are inoperable in this mode.

In Case of Inverter Units

The microcomputer automatically sets the temperature and fan settings. The difference between the room temperature at startup and the temperature set by the microcomputer is divided into two zones. Then, the unit operates in the dry mode with an appropriate capacity for each zone to maintain the temperature and humidity at a comfortable level.

Room temperature at startup	Set temperature X	Thermostat OFF point Y	Thermostat ON point Z
24°C or more	Room temperature at startup	X – 2.5°C	X – 0.5°C (zone C) or Y + 0.5°C (zone B) continues for 10 min.
23.5°C			X – 0.5°C (zone C)
?		X – 2.0°C	or Y + 0.5°C (zone B) continues for 10 min.
18°C			continues for 10 min.
17.5°C ≀	18°C	X – 2.0°C	X - 0.5°C = 17.5°C (zone C) or Y + 0.5°C (zone B) continues for 10 min.



(R6841)

Si04-807 Main Functions

1.5 Automatic Operation

Automatic Cooling / Heating Function (Heat Pump Only)

When the AUTO mode is selected with the remote controller, the microcomputer automatically determines the operation mode from cooling and heating according to the room temperature and setting temperature at the time of the operation startup, and automatically operates in that mode.

The unit automatically switches the operation mode to cooling or heating to maintain the room temperature at the main unit setting temperature.

Detailed Explanation of the Function

- 1. Remote controller setting temperature is set as automatic cooling / heating setting temperature (18 to 30°C).
- 2. Main unit setting temperature equals remote controller setting temperature.
- 3. Operation ON / OFF point and mode switching point are as follows.
 - (1) Heating → Cooling switching point:

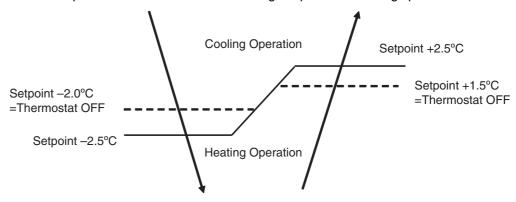
Room temperature ≥ Main unit setting temperature +2.5 deg.

(2) Cooling → Heating switching point:

Room temperature < Main unit setting temperature -2.5 deg.

- ③ Thermostat ON / OFF point is the same as the ON / OFF point of cooling or heating operation.
- 4. During initial operation

Room temperature ≥ Remote controller setting temperature: Cooling operation Room temperature < Remote controller setting temperature: Heating operation



(R6842)

Ex: When the set point is 25°C

Cooling Operation \to 23°C: Thermostat OFF \to 22°C: Switch to Heating Operation Heating Operation \to 26.5°C: Thermostat OFF \to 27.5°C: Switch to Cooling Operation

Main Functions Si04-807

1.6 Thermostat Control

Thermostat control is based on the difference between the room temperature and the setpoint.

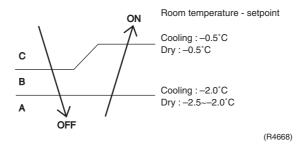
Thermostat OFF Condition

• The temperature difference is in the zone A.

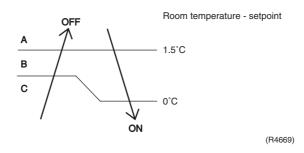
Thermostat ON Condition

- The temperature difference is above the zone C after being in the zone A.
- The system resumes from defrost control in any zones except A.
- The operation turns on in any zones except A.
- The monitoring time has passed while the temperature difference is in the zone B. (Cooling / Dry: 10 minutes, Heating: 10 seconds)

Cooling / Dry



Heating



Si04-807 Main Functions

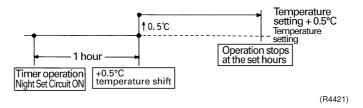
1.7 NIGHT SET Mode

When the OFF timer is set, the NIGHT SET circuit automatically activates. The NIGHT SET circuit maintains the airflow setting made by users.

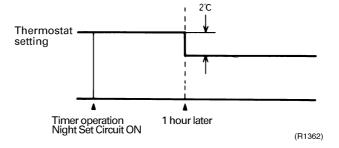
The NIGHT SET Circuit

The NIGHT SET circuit continues heating or cooling the room at the set temperature for the first one hour, then automatically raises the temperature setting slightly in the case of cooling, or lowers it slightly in the case of heating, for economical operations. This prevents excessive heating in winter and excessive cooling in summer to ensure comfortable sleeping conditions, and also conserves electricity.

Cooling Operation



Heating Operation

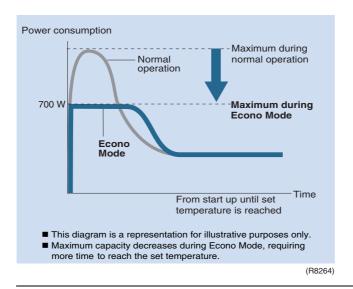


Main Functions Si04-807

1.8 ECONO Mode

Outline

Econo Mode is a function that sets a limit for power consumption. A maximum power consumption of 700 W is the limit for the RK(X)20-35G and ARX20-35G. This mode is useful for preventing circuit breakers from being overloaded by the use of multiple air conditioners and other electrical devices. The function is easily activated from the remote controller by pushing the ECONO button. Econo Mode is available for all wall-mounted models.



Details

- ECONO mode can be activated while the unit is running. The remote controller can send the ECONO command when the unit is in COOL, HEAT, DRY, or AUTO operation.
- When the ECONO command is valid, the input current is under reducing control. (Refer to "Input current control" on page 37.)
 Also, the upper limit of frequency is restricted.

Si04-807 Main Functions

1.9 Inverter POWERFUL Operation

Outline

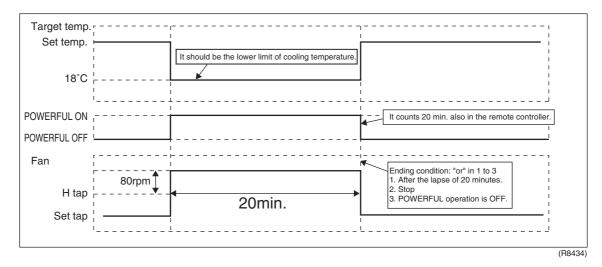
In order to exploit the cooling and heating capacity to full extent, operate the air conditioner by increasing the indoor fan rotating speed and the compressor frequency.

Details of the Control

When POWERFUL button is pushed in each operation mode, the fan speed / setting temperature will be converted to the following states in a period of 20 minutes.

Operation mode Fan speed		Target set temperature
COOL	H tap + 80 rpm	18°C
DRY	Dry rotating speed + 80 rpm	Normally targeted temperature in dry operation; Approx. –2.5°C
HEAT	H tap + 80 rpm	30°C
FAN	H tap + 80 rpm	_
AUTO	Same as cooling / heating in POWERFUL operation	The target is kept unchanged

Ex.): POWERFUL operation in cooling mode.



Main Functions Si04-807

1.10 Other Functions

1.10.1 Hot-Start Function

In order to prevent the cold air blast that normally comes when heating is started, the temperature of the heat exchanger of the indoor unit is detected, and either the airflow is stopped or is made very weak thereby carrying out comfortable heating of the room. *The cold air blast is also prevented using a similar control when the defrosting operation is started or when the thermostat gets turned ON.

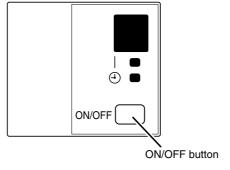
1.10.2 Signal Receiving Sign

When the indoor unit receives a signal from the remote controller, the unit emits a signal receiving sound.

1.10.3 ON/OFF Button on Indoor Unit

An ON/OFF button is provided on the front panel of the unit. Use this button when the remote controller is missing or if its battery has run out.

Every press of the button switches from ON to OFF or from OFF to ON.



(R8435

- Push this button once to start operation. Push once again to stop it.
- This button is useful when the remote controller is missing.
- The operation mode refers to the following table.

	Mode	Temperature setting	Airflow rate
Heat Pump	AUTO	25°C	AUTO
Cooling	AUTO	22°C	AUTO

<Forced operation mode>

Forced operation mode will be set by pressing the ON/OFF button for between 5 to 9 sec. while the unit is not operating.



When the ON/OFF button is pressed for 10 sec. or more, the operation will be stopped. See page 45 for the detail of "Forced Operation Mode".

1.10.4 Mold Proof Air Filter (Prefilter)

The air filter net is impregnated with a safe, odourless mould preventative to make the filter virtually immune to mould.

1.10.5 Self-Diagnosis Digital Display

The microcomputer continuously monitors main operating conditions of the indoor unit, outdoor unit and the entire system. When an abnormality occur, the LCD remote controller displays error code. These indications allow prompt maintenance operations.

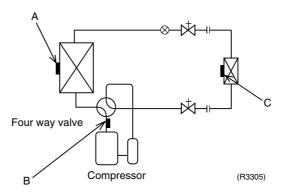
1.10.6 Auto-restart Function

Even if a power failure (including one for just a moment) occurs during the operation, the operation restarts in the condition before power failure automatically when power is restored. (Note) It takes 3 minutes to restart the operation because the 3-minute standby function is activated.

Si04-807 Function of Thermistor

2. Function of Thermistor

2.1 Heat Pump Model



A Outdoor Heat Exchanger Thermistor

- The outdoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for controlling target discharge temperature.
 The system sets a target discharge temperature according to the outdoor and indoor heat exchanger temperature, and controls the electronic expansion valve opening so that the target discharge temperature can be obtained.
- 2. The outdoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for detecting disconnection of the discharge thermistor when cooling.
 - When the discharge pipe temperature becomes lower than the outdoor heat exchanger temperature, the discharge pipe thermistor is judged as disconnected.
- 3. The outdoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for high pressure protection during cooling operation.

B Discharge Pipe Thermistor

- 1. The discharge pipe thermistor is used for controlling temperature of the discharge pipe. If the temperature of discharge pipe (used in place of the inner temperature of the compressor) rises abnormally, the operating frequency drops or the operation halts.
- 2. The discharge pipe thermistor is used for detecting disconnection of the discharge thermistor.

C Indoor Heat Exchanger Thermistor

- 1. The indoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for controlling target discharge temperature. The system sets a target discharge temperature according to the outdoor and indoor heat exchanger temperature, and controls the electronic expansion valve opening so that the target discharge temperature can be obtained.
- The indoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for preventing freezing.During the cooling operation, if the temperature drops abnormally, the operating frequency becomes lower, then the operation halts.
- 3. The indoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for anti-icing control. During the cooling operation, if the heat exchanger temperature in the room where operation is halted becomes 0°C, it is assumed as icing.
- 4. During heating, the indoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for detecting disconnection of the discharge pipe thermistor.
 - When the discharge pipe temperature becomes lower than the indoor heat exchanger temperature, the discharge pipe thermistor is judged as disconnected.
 - The indoor heat exchanger thermistor is also used for preventing abnormal high pressure.

3. Control Specification

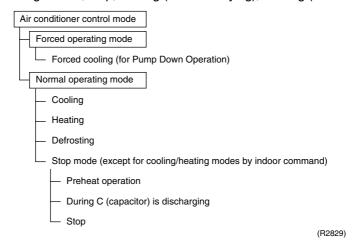
3.1 Mode Hierarchy

Outline

There are two modes; the mode selected in user's place (normal air conditioning mode) and forced operation mode for installation and providing service.

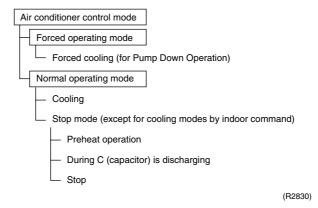
Detail

For heat pump model
 There are following modes; stop, cooling (includes drying), heating (include defrosting)



2. For cooling only model

There are following models; stop and cooling (including drying).



Note:

Unless specified otherwise, an indoor dry operation command must be regarded as cooling operation.

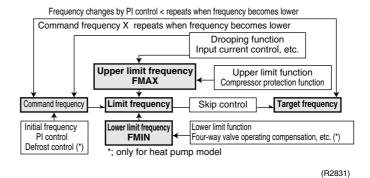
Si04-807 Control Specification

3.2 Frequency Control

Outline

Frequency will be determined according to the difference between room and set temperature. The function is explained as follows.

- 1. How to determine frequency.
- 2. Frequency command from an indoor unit. (The difference between a room temperature and the temperature set by the remote controller.)
- 3. Frequency command from an indoor unit.
- 4. Frequency initial setting.
- 5. PI control.



Detail

How to Determine Frequency

The compressor's frequency will finally be determined by taking the following steps.

For Heat Pump Model

1. Determine command frequency

- Command frequency will be determined in the following order of priority.
- 1.1 Limiting frequency by drooping function
- Input current, discharge pipes, peak cutting, freeze-up protection, dew prevention, fin thermistor temperature.
- 1.2 Limiting defrost control time
- 1.3 Forced cooling
- 1.4 Indoor frequency command

2. Determine upper limit frequency

• Set a minimum value as an upper limit frequency among the frequency upper limits of the following functions:

Compressor protection, input current, discharge pipes, peak cutting, freeze-up protection, defrost.

3. Determine lower limit frequency

 Set a maximum value as an lower limit frequency among the frequency lower limits of the following functions:

Four way valve operating compensation, draft prevention, pressure difference upkeep.

4. Determine prohibited frequency

There is a certain prohibited frequency such as a power supply frequency.

For Cooling Only Model

1. Determine command frequency

- Command frequency will be determined in the following order of priority.
- 1.1 Limiting frequency by drooping function
- Input current, discharge pipes, freeze-up protection, dew prevention, fin thermistor temperature.

1.2 Indoor frequency command

2. Determine upper limit frequency

 Set a minimum value as an upper limit frequency among the frequency upper limits of the following functions:

Compressor protection, input current, discharge pipes, freeze-up protection, dew prevention, fin thermistor temperature.

3. Determine lower limit frequency

 Set a maximum value as an lower limit frequency among the frequency lower limits of the following functions:

Pressure difference upkeep.

4. Determine prohibited frequency

There is a certain prohibited frequency such as a power supply frequency.

Indoor Frequency Command (△D signal)

The difference between a room temperature and the temperature set by the remote controller will be taken as the " ΔD signal" and is used for frequency command.

Temperature difference	∆D signal	Temperature difference	∆D signal	Temperature difference	∆D signal	Temperature difference	ΔD signal
0	*Th OFF	2.0	4	4.0	8	6.0	С
0.5	1	2.5	5	4.5	9	6.5	D
1.0	2	3.0	6	5.0	Α	7.0	Е
1.5	3	3.5	7	5.5	В	7.5	F

^{*}Th OFF = Thermostat OFF

Frequency Initial Setting

<Outline>

When starting the compressor, or when conditions are varied due to the change of the room, the frequency must be initialized according to the ΔD value of the indoor unit and the Q value of the indoor unit.

Q value: Indoor unit output determined from indoor unit volume, airflow rate and other factors.

PI Control (Determine Frequency Up / Down by ΔD Signal)

1. P control

Calculate ΔD value in each sampling time (20 seconds), and adjust the frequency according to its difference from the frequency previously calculated.

2. I control

If the operating frequency is not change more than a certain fixed time, adjust the frequency up and down according to the ΔD value, obtaining the fixed ΔD value.

When the ΔD value is small...decrease the frequency.

When the ΔD value is large...increase the frequency.

3. Frequency management when other controls are functioning

When frequency is drooping;

Frequency management is carried out only when the frequency droops.

For limiting lower limit

Frequency management is carried out only when the frequency rises.

4. Upper and lower limit of frequency by PI control

The frequency upper and lower limits are set depending on indoor unit.

When low noise commands come from the indoor unit or when outdoor unit low noise or quiet commands come from indoor unit, the upper limit frequency must be lowered than the usual setting.

Si04-807 Control Specification

3.3 Controls at Mode Changing / Start-up

3.3.1 Preheating Operation

Outline

Operate the inverter in the open phase operation with the conditions including the outdoor air temperature, discharge pipe temperature, and fin temperature.

Detail

Outside temperature \geq 7°C \rightarrow Control A (preheating for normal state) Outside temperature < 7°C \rightarrow Control B (preheating of increased capacity)

Control A

ON condition

Discharge pipe temperature < 10°C Fin temperature < 85°C

OFF condition

Discharge pipe temperature > 12° C Fin temperature > 90° C

Control B

ON condition

Discharge pipe temperature < 20°C Fin temperature < 85°C

OFF condition

Discharge pipe temperature > 22°C

Fin temperature ≥ 90°C



The power consumption of compressor during preheat operation is 35 W.

3.3.2 Four Way Valve Switching

Outline

Heat Pump Only

During the heating operation current must be conducted and during cooling and defrosting current must not be conducted. In order to eliminate the switching sound (as the four way valve coil switches from ON to OFF) when the heating is stopped, the delay switch of the four way valve must be carried out after the operation stopped.

Detail

The OFF delay of four way valve

Energize the coil for 160 sec after unit operation is stopped.

3.3.3 Four Way Valve Operation Compensation

Outline

Heat Pump Only

At the beginning of the operation as the four way valve is switched, acquire the differential pressure required for activating the four way valve by having output the operating frequency, which is more than a certain fixed frequency, for a certain fixed time.

Detail

Starting Conditions

- 1. When starting compressor for heating.
- 2. When the operating mode changes to cooling from heating.
- 3. When starting compressor for rushing defrosting or resetting.
- 4. When starting compressor for the first time after the reset with the power is ON.
- 5. When starting compressor for heating next to the suspension of defrosting.
- 6. When starting compressor next to the fault of switching over cooling / heating.

Set the lower limit frequency (cooling : 62Hz, heating : 62Hz) for 50 seconds with any conditions 1 through 6 above.

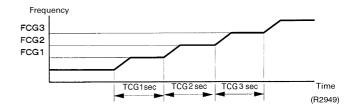
3.3.4 3-minute Standby

Prohibit to turn ON the compressor for 3 minutes after turning it off. (Except when defrosting. (Only for Heat Pump Model).)

3.3.5 Compressor Protection Function

When turning the compressor from OFF to ON, the upper limit of frequency must be set as follows. (The function must not be used when defrosting (only for heat pump model).)

FCG 3	90
FCG 2	72
FCG 1	58
TCG 1	180
TCG 2	180
TCG 3	10



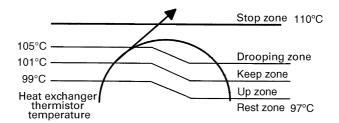
3.4 Discharge Pipe Temperature Control

Outline

The discharge pipe temperature is used as the compressor's internal temperature. If the discharge pipe temperature rises above a certain level, the operating frequency upper limit is set to keep this temperature from going up further.

Detail

Divide the Zone



(R4270)

Management within the Zones

Zone	Control contents	
Stop zone	When the temperature reaches the stop zone, stop the compressor and correct abnormality.	
Drooping zone	Start the timer, and the frequency will be drooping.	
Keep zone	Keep the upper limit of frequency.	
Return / Reset zone	Cancel the upper limit of frequency.	

Si04-807 Control Specification

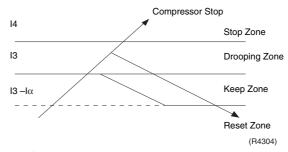
3.5 Input Current Control

Outline

The microcomputer calculates the input current during the compressor is running, and set the frequency upper limit from such input current.

In case of heat pump model, this control is the upper limit control function of the frequency which takes priority of the lower limit of four way valve activating compensation.

Detail



Frequency control in each zone

Drooping zone

- The maximum limit of the compressor frequency in this control is defined as operation frequency – 2Hz.
- After this, the output frequency is pulled down by 2Hz every second until it reaches the steady zone.

Keep zone

The present maximum frequency goes on.

Reset zone

Limit of the frequency is cancelled.

Stop zone

• After 2.5 s in this zone, the compressor is stopped.

				Cooling			Heating	
			20 class	25 class	35 class	20 class	25 class	35 class
14	(A)			14			14	
13	(A)	Normal mode	6.0	6.0	6.5	6.75	6.75	7.75
		ECONO mode		2.75			2.75	
13-Ic	χ (A)	Normal mode	5.25	5.25	5.75	6.0	6.0	7.0
		ECONO mode		2.0			2.0	

Limitation of current drooping and stop value according to the outdoor air temperature

- 1. In case the operation mode is cooling
- The current droops when outdoor air temperature becomes higher than a certain level (model by model).
- 2. In case the operation mode is heating
- The current droops when outdoor air temperature becomes higher than a certain level (model by model).

3.6 Freeze-up Protection Control

Outline

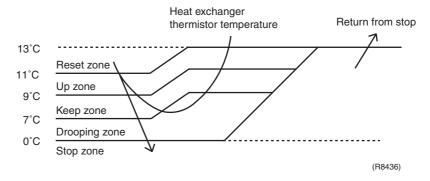
During cooling operation, the signals being sent from the indoor unit allow the operating frequency limitation and then prevent freezing of the indoor heat exchanger. (The signal from the indoor unit must be divided into the zones as the followings.

Detail

Conditions for Start Controlling

Judge the controlling start with the indoor heat exchanger temperature after 2 sec. from operation start.

Control in Each Zone



3.7 Heating Peak-cut Control

Outline

Heat Pump Only

During heating operation, the signals being sent from the indoor unit allow the operating frequency limitation and prevent abnormal high pressure. (The signal from the indoor unit must be divided as follows.)

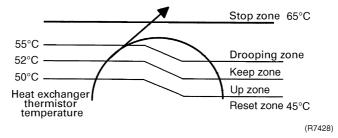
Detail

Conditions for Start Controlling

Judge the controlling start with the indoor heat exchanger temperature after 2 sec. from operation start.

Control in Each Zone

The heat exchange intermediate temperature of indoor unit controls the following.



Si04-807 Control Specification

3.8 Fan Control

Outline

Fan control is carried out according to the following condition.

- 1. Fan ON control for electric component cooling fan
- 2. Fan control when defrosting
- 3. Fan OFF delay when stopped
- 4. Fan control for maintaining pressure difference
- 5. Fan control when the compressor starts for heating
- 6. Fan control in forced operation
- 7. Fan control in powerful mode
- 8. Fan control in low noise operation
- 9. Fan control in quiet mode

Detail

Fan OFF Control when Stopped

◆ Fan OFF delay for 70 seconds must be made when the compressor is stopped.

3.9 Liquid Compression Protection Function 2

Outline

In order to obtain the dependability of the compressor, the compressor must be stopped according to the conditions of the temperature of the outdoor air and outdoor heat exchanger.

Detail

◆ Operation stops depending on the outdoor air temperature.

Compressor operation turns OFF under the conditions that the system is in cooling operation and outdoor air temperature is below 0°C.

3.10 Defrost Control

Outline

Heat Pump Only

Defrosting is carried out by the cooling cycle (reverse cycle). The defrosting time or outdoor heat exchanger temperature must be more than its fixed value when finishing.

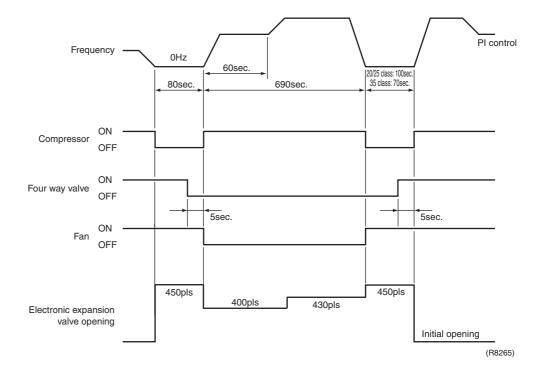
Detail

Conditions for Starting Defrost

The starting conditions must be made with the outdoor air temperature and heat exchanger temperature. Under the conditions that the system is in heating operation, 6 minutes after the compressor is started and more than 28 minutes of accumulated time pass since the start of the operation or ending the defrosting.

Conditions for Canceling Defrost

The judgment must be made with heat exchanger temperature. (4°C-22°C)



Si04-807 Control Specification

3.11 Electronic Expansion Valve Control

Outline

The following items are included in the electronic expansion valve control.

Electronic expansion valve is fully closed

- 1. Electronic expansion valve is fully closed when turning on the power.
- 2. Pressure equalizing control

Open Control

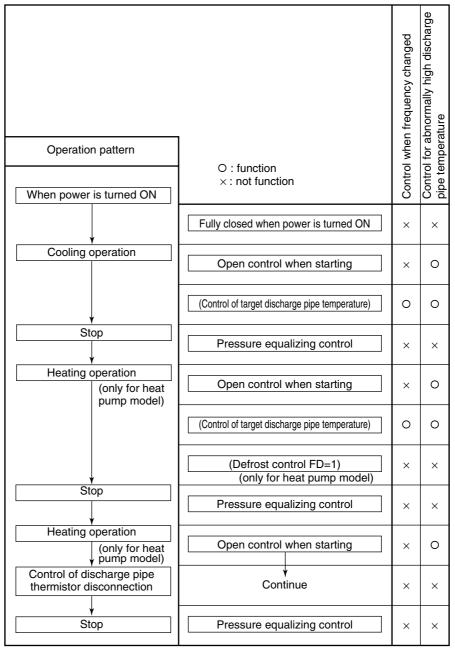
- 1. Electronic expansion valve control when starting operation
- 2. Control when frequency changed
- 3. Control for defrosting (only for heat pump model)
- 4. Control when a discharge pipe temperature is abnormally high
- 5. Control when the discharge pipe thermistor is disconnected

Feedback Control

1. Discharge pipe temperature control

Detail

The followings are the examples of control which function in each mode by the electronic expansion valve control.



(R2833)

3.11.1 Fully Closing with Power ON

Initialize the electronic expansion valve when turning on the power, set the opening position and develop pressure equalizing.

3.11.2 Pressure Equalization Control

When the compressor is stopped, open and close the electronic expansion valve and develop pressure equalization.

3.11.3 Opening Limit

Outline

Limit a maximum and minimum opening of the electronic expansion valve.

Detail

- A maximum electronic expansion valve opening : 470 pulses
- A minimum electronic expansion valve opening : 52 pulses

The electronic expansion valve is fully closed in the room where cooling is stopped and is opened with fixed opening during defrosting.

3.11.4 Starting Operation Control

Control the electronic expansion valve opening when the system is starting, and prevent the system to be super heated or moistened.

3.11.5 High Temperature of the Discharge Pipe

When the compressor is operating, if the discharge pipe temperature exceeds a certain value, open the electronic expansion valve and remove the refrigerant to the low pressure side and lower discharge temperature.

3.11.6 Disconnection of the Discharge Pipe Thermistor

Outline

Detect a disconnected discharge pipe thermistor by comparing the discharge pipe temperature with the condensation temperature. If any is disconnected, open the electronic expansion valve according to the outdoor air temperature and the operating frequency and operate for a specified time, and then stop.

After 3 minutes of waiting, restart the unit and check if any is disconnected. If any is disconnected stop the system after operating for a specified time. If the disconnection is detected 5 times in succession, then the system will be down.

Detail

Detect Disconnection

If the timer for open control (12min.) becomes over, and the 9-minute timer for the compressor operation continuation is not counting time, the following adjustment must be made.

- When the operation mode is cooling
 When the discharge pipe temperature +6°C is lower than the outdoor heat exchanger
 temperature, the discharge pipe thermistor disconnection must be ascertained.
- 2. When the operation mode is heating When the discharge pipe temperature +6°C is lower than the max temperature of indoor unit heat exchanger, the discharge pipe thermistor disconnection must be ascertained.

Adjustment when the thermistor is disconnected

When compressor stop repeats specified time, the system should be down.

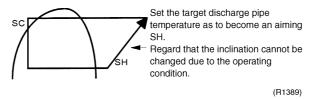
Si04-807 Control Specification

3.11.7 Control when frequency is changed

When the target discharge pipe temperature control is active, if the target frequency is changed for a specified value in a certain time period, cancel the target discharge pipe temperature control and change the target opening of the electronic expansion valve according to the shift.

3.11.8 Target Discharge Pipe Temperature Control

Obtain the target discharge pipe temperature from the indoor and outdoor heat exchanger temperature, and adjust the electronic expansion valve opening so that the actual discharge pipe temperature become close to that temperature. (Indirect SH control using the discharge pipe temperature)



Determine a correction value of the electronic expansion valve compensation and drive it according to the deflection of the target discharge temperature and actual discharge temperature, and the discharge temperature variation by the 20 sec.

3.12 Malfunctions

3.12.1 Sensor Malfunction Detection

Sensor malfunction may occur in the thermistor.

Relating to Thermistor Malfunction

- 1. Outdoor heat exchanger thermistor
- 2. Discharge pipe thermistor
- 3. Fin thermistor
- 4. Outdoor air thermistor

3.12.2 Detection of Overload and Over Current

Outline

In order to protect the inverter, detect an excessive output current, and for protecting compressor, monitor the OL operation.

Detail

- If the OL (compressor head) temperature exceeds 120°C (depending on the model), the compressor gets interrupted.
- If the inverter current exceeds 14 A, the compressor gets interrupted too.

3.12.3 Insufficient Gas Control

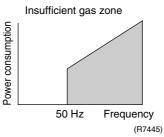
Outline

There are 3 ways of control to detect insufficient gas.

I Detecting by power consumption

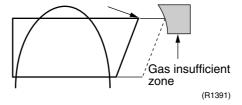
If the power consumption is below the specified value and the frequency is higher than the specified frequency, it is regarded as insufficient gas.

The power consumption is weak comparing with that in the normal operation when gas is insufficient, and gas insufficiency is detected by checking a power consumption.



Il Detecting by discharge pipe temperature

If the discharge temperature is higher than the target discharge pipe temperature, and the electronic expansion valve is fully open (470 pulses) more than the specified time, it is regarded as insufficient gas.



III Detecting by the difference of temperature

If the difference between inhale and exhale temperature is smaller than the specified value, it is regarded as insufficient gas.



Refer to "Insufficient Gas" on page 107 for detail.

Si04-807 Control Specification

Detail

I Judgment by power consumption

When an output frequency is exceeds 50 Hz and the input current is less than specified value, the adjustment is made for insufficient gas.

Il Judgment by discharge pipe temperature

When discharge pipe temperature is certain degree higher than target value and the electronic expansion value opening is 470 pulses (max.), the adjustment is made for insufficient gas.

III Judgment by the difference of temperature

		A
Cooling	room temperature – indoor heat exchanger temperature	0
	outdoor heat exchanger temperature – outdoor temperature	0
Heating	indoor heat exchanger temperature – room temperature	0
	outdoor temperature – outdoor heat exchanger temperature	0

3.13 Forced Operation Mode

Outline

Forced operating mode includes only forced cooling.

Detail

Forced Cooling

Item	Forced Cooling
Forced operation allowing conditions	1) The outdoor unit is not abnormal and not in the 3-minute stand-by mode.
	2) The operating mode of the outdoor unit is the stop mode.
	3) The forced operation is ON. The forced operation is allowed when the above "and" conditions are met.
Starting/adjustment	If the forced operation switch is pressed as the above conditions are met.
1) Command frequency	58 Hz
2) Electronic expansion valve opening	It depends on the capacity of the indoor unit.
Outdoor unit adjustment	Compressor is in operation.
4) Indoor unit adjustment	The command of forced operation is transmitted to the indoor unit.
End	1) When the forced operation switch is pressed again.
	2) The operation is to end automatically after 15 min.
Others	The protect functions are prior to all others in the forced operation.

3.14 Additional Function

3.14.1 POWERFUL Operation Mode

Compressor operating frequency is increased to PI Max. (Max. Hz of operating room) and outdoor unit airflow rate is increased.

3.14.2 Voltage Detection Function

Power supply voltage is detected each time equipment operation starts.

Part 5 Operation Manual

٦.	Syste	em Configuration	.48
2.	Instr	uction	.49
		Safety Precautions	
	2.2	Name of Parts	51
	2.3	Preparation Before Operation	54
	2.4	AUTO · DRY · COOL · HEAT · FAN Operation	57
	2.5	Adjusting the Airflow Direction	59
	2.6	POWERFUL Operation	61
	2.7	ECONO Operation	62
	2.8	TIMER Operation	63
	2.9	Care and Cleaning	65
	2.10	Troubleshooting	68

System Configuration Si04-807

1. System Configuration

After the installation and test operation of the room air conditioner have been completed, it should be operated and handled as described below. Every user would like to know the correct method of operation of the room air conditioner, to check if it is capable of cooling (or heating) well, and to know a clever method of using it.

In order to meet this expectation of the users, giving sufficient explanations taking enough time can be said to reduce about 80% of the requests for servicing. However good the installation work is and however good the functions are, the customer may blame either the room air conditioner or its installation work because of improper handling. The installation work and handing over of the unit can only be considered to have been completed when its handling has been explained to the user without using technical terms but giving full knowledge of the equipment.

Si04-807 Instruction

2. Instruction

2.1 Safety Precautions

Safety precautions

- · Keep this manual where the operator can easily find them.
- · Read this manual attentively before starting up the unit.
- · For safety reason the operator must read the following cautions carefully.
- This manual classifies precautions into WARNING and CAUTION. Be sure to follow all precautions below: they are all
 important for ensuring safety.

↑ WARNING

If you do not follow these instructions exactly, the unit may cause property damage, personal injury or loss of life.



If you do not follow these instructions exactly, the unit may cause minor or moderate property damage or personal injury.



Never do.



Be sure to follow the instructions.



Be sure to earth the air conditioner.



Never cause the air conditioner (including the remote controller) to get wet.



Never touch the air conditioner (including the remote controller) with a wet hand.



WARNING

 In order to avoid fire, explosion or injury, do not operate the unit when harmful, among which flammable or corrosive gases, are detected near the unit.



- It is not good for health to expose your body to the air flow for a long time.
- Do not put a finger, a rod or other objects into the air outlet or inlet. As the fan is rotating at a high speed, it will cause injury.
- Do not attempt to repair, relocate, modify or reinstall the air conditioner by yourself. Incorrect work will cause electric shocks, fire etc.
 - For repairs and reinstallation, consult your Daikin dealer for advice and information.
- The refrigerant used in the air conditioner is safe. Although leaks should not occur, if for some reason any refrigerant happens to leak into the room, make sure it does not come in contact with any flame as of gas heaters, kerosene heaters or gas range.



- If the air conditioner is not cooling (heating) properly, the refrigerant may be leaking, so call your dealer.
 When carrying out repairs accompanying adding refrigerant, check the content of the repairs with our service staff.
- Do not attempt to install the air conditioner by your self. Incorrect work will result in water leakage, electric shocks or fire. For installation, consult the dealer or a qualified technician.
- In order to avoid electric shock, fire or injury, if you detect any abnormally such as smell of fire, stop the operation and turn off the breaker. And call your dealer for instructions.
- Depending on the environment, an earth leakage breaker must be installed. Lack of an earth leakage breaker may
 result in electric shocks or fire.
- The air conditioner must be earthed. Incomplete earthing may result in electric shocks. Do not connect the earth line to a gas pipe, water pipe, lightning rod, or a telephone earth line.





CAUTION

 In order to avoid any quality deterioration, do not use the unit for cooling precision instruments, food, plants, animals or works of art.



- Never expose little children, plants or animals directly to the air flow.
- Do not place appliances which produce open fire in places exposed to the air flow from the unit or under the indoor unit. It may cause incomplete combustion or deformation of the unit due to the heat.

2

Instruction Si04-807

- Do not block air inlets nor outlets. Impaired air flow may result in insufficient performance or trouble.
- Do not stand or sit on the outdoor unit. Do not place any object on the unit to avoid injury, do not remove the fan guard.
- Do not place anything under the indoor or outdoor unit that must be kept away from moisture. In certain conditions, moisture in the air may condense and drip.
- · After a long use, check the unit stand and fittings for damage.
- Do not touch the air inlet and aluminum fins of outdoor unit. It may cause injury.
- The appliance is not intended for use by young children or infirm persons without supervision.
- Young children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.
- To avoid oxygen deficiency, ventilate the room sufficiently if equipment with burner is used together with the air conditioner.



- Before cleaning, be sure to stop the operation, turn the breaker off or pull out the supply cord.
- Do not connect the air conditioner to a power supply different from the one as specified. It may cause trouble or fire.
- Arrange the drain hose to ensure smooth drainage. Incomplete draining may cause wetting of the building, furniture
 etc.
- Do not place objects in direct proximity of the outdoor unit and do not let leaves and other debris accumulate around the unit.
 - Leaves are a hotbed for small animals which can enter the unit. Once in the unit, such animals can cause malfunctions, smoke or fire when making contact with electrical parts.
- · Do not operate the air conditioner with wet hands.



- Do not wash the indoor unit with excessive water, only use a slightly wet cloth.
- Do not place things such as vessels containing water or anything else on top of the unit. Water may penetrate into the unit and degrade electrical insulations, resulting in an electric shock.



Installation site.

- To install the air conditioner in the following types of environments, consult the dealer.
 - Places with an oily ambient or where steam or soot occurs.
 - · Salty environment such as coastal areas.
 - Places where sulfide gas occurs such as hot springs.
 - · Places where snow may block the outdoor unit.

The drain from the outdoor unit must be discharged to a place of good drainage.

Consider nuisance to your neighbours from noises.

- For installation, choose a place as described below.
 - A place solid enough to bear the weight of the unit which does not amplify the operation noise or vibration.
 - A place from where the air discharged from the outdoor unit or the operation noise will not annoy your neighbours.

Electrical work.

• For power supply, be sure to use a separate power circuit dedicated to the air conditioner.

System relocation.

 Relocating the air conditioner requires specialized knowledge and skills. Please consult the dealer if relocation is necessary for moving or remodeling.

3

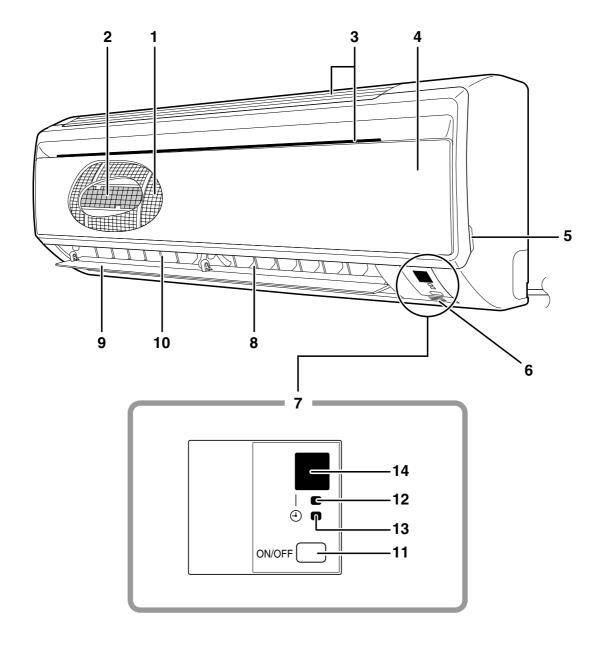
Si04-807 Instruction

2.2 Name of Parts

Note: The instruction is for FTK(X)20/25/35GV1B as representative.

Names of parts

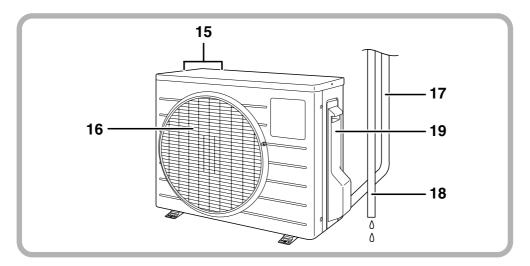
■ Indoor Unit



4

Instruction Si04-807

Outdoor Unit



■ Indoor Unit -

- 1. Air filter
- 2. Titanium Apatite Photocatalytic Air-Purifying Filter:
 - These filters are attached to the inside of the air filters.
- 3. Air inlet
- 4. Front panel
- 5. Panel tab
- 6. Room temperature sensor:
 - It senses the air temperature around the unit.
- 7. Display
- 8. Air outlet
- 9. Horizontal blades (Flaps): (page 12.)
- 10. Vertical blades (Louvers):
 - The louvers are inside of the air outlet. (page 12.)

- 11. Indoor Unit ON/OFF switch: (page 10.)
 - Push this switch once to start operation. Push once again to stop it.
 - The operation mode refers to the following table.

	Mode	Temperature	Airflow
	Mode	setting	rate
FTK	COOL	22°C	AUTO
FTX	AUTO	25°C	AUTO

- This switch is useful when the remote controller is missing.
- 12. Operation lamp (green)
- 13. TIMER lamp (yellow): (page 16.)
- 14. Signal receiver:
 - It receives signals from the remote controller.
 - When the unit receives a signal, you will hear a short beep.
 - Operation startbeep-beep
 - Settings changed.....beep
 - Operation stopbeeeeep

- Outdoor Unit -
- 15. Air inlet: (Back and side)
- 16. Air outlet
- 17. Refrigerant piping and inter-unit cable
- 17. Henrigerant piping and inter-unit cable

Appearance of the outdoor unit may differ from some models.

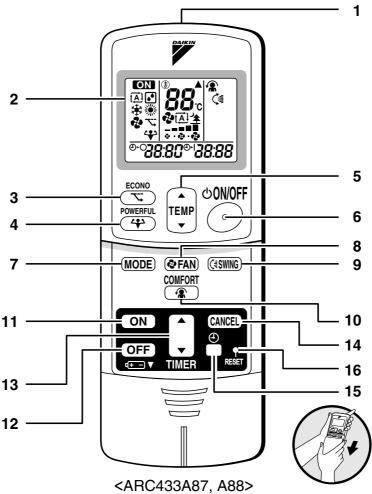
18. Drain hose

19. Earth terminal:

• It is inside of this cover.

Si04-807 Instruction

■ Remote Controller



1. Signal transmitter:

• It sends signals to the indoor unit.

2. Display:

 It displays the current settings.
 (In this illustration, each section is shown with all its displays ON for the purpose of explanation.)

3. ECONO button:

ECONO operation (page 15.)

4. POWERFUL button:

POWERFUL operation (page 14.)

5. TEMPERATURE adjustment buttons:

• It changes the temperature setting.

6. ON/OFF button:

Press this button once to start operation.
 Press once again to stop it.

7. MODE selector button:

 It selects the operation mode. (AUTO/DRY/COOL/HEAT/FAN) (page 10.)

8. FAN setting button:

- It selects the airflow rate setting.
- 9. SWING button:
 - Ajusting the Airflow Direction. (page 12.)
- 10. COMFORT AIRFLOW button: COMFORT AIRFLOW operation (page 13.)
- 11. ON TIMER button: (page 17.)
- 12. OFF TIMER button: (page 16.)
- 13. TIMER Setting button:
 - It changes the time setting.

14. TIMER CANCEL button:

- It cancels the timer setting.
- 15. CLOCK button: (page 9.)

16. RESET button:

- · Restart the unit if it freezes.
- Use a thin object to push.

6

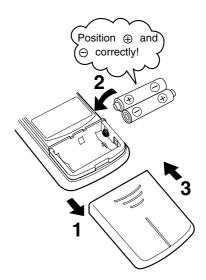
Instruction Si04-807

2.3 Preparation Before Operation

Preparation Before Operation

■ To set the batteries

- 1. Slide the front cover to take it off.
- 2. Set two dry batteries (LR03-AAA).
- 3. Set the front cover as before.



ATTENTION

■ About batteries

- When replacing the batteries, use batteries of the same type, and replace the two old batteries together.
- When the system is not used for a long time, take the batteries out.
- The batteries will last for approximately one year. If the remote controller display begins to fade and the degradation of reception performance occurs within a year, however, replace both two batteries with new size AAA alkaline batteries.
- The attached batteries are provided for the initial use of the system.

 The usable period of the batteries may be short depending on the manufactured date of the air conditioner.

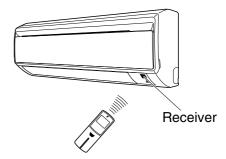
7

Si04-807 Instruction

Preparation Before Operation

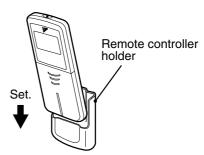
■ To operate the remote controller

- To use the remote controller, aim the transmitter at the indoor unit. If there is anything to block signals between the unit and the remote controller, such as a curtain, the unit will not operate.
- Do not drop the remote controller. Do not get it wet.
- The maximum distance for communication is about 7m.



■ To fix the remote controller holder on the wall

- 1. Choose a place from where the signals reach the unit.
- 2. Fix the holder to a wall, a pillar, or similar location with the screws procured locally.
- 3. Place the remote controller in the remote controller holder.



• To remove, pull it upwards.

ATTENTION

■ About remote controller

- Never expose the remote controller to direct sunlight.
- Dust on the signal transmitter or receiver will reduce the sensitivity. Wipe off dust with soft cloth.
- Signal communication may be disabled if an electronic-starter-type fluorescent lamp (such as inverter-type lamps) is in the room. Consult the shop if that is the case.
- If the remote controller signals happen to operate another appliance, move that appliance to somewhere else, or consult the shop.

8

Instruction Si04-807

■ To set the clock

1. Press "CLOCK button".

0:00 is displayed.

(4) blinks.

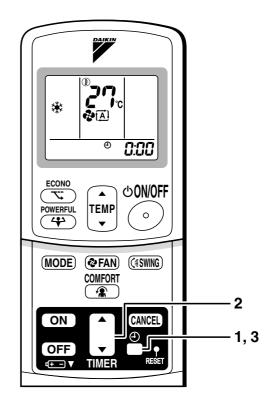
2. Press "TIMER setting button" to set the clock to the present time.

Holding down "▲" or "▼" button rapidly increases or decreases the time display.

- 3. Press "CLOCK button".
 - blinks.

■ Turn the breaker ON

• Turning ON the breaker opens the flap, then closes it again. (This is a normal procedure.)



NOTE

■ Tips for saving energy

Be careful not to cool (heat) the room too much.

Keeping the temperature setting at a moderate level helps save energy.

• Cover windows with a blind or a curtain.

Blocking sunlight and air from outdoors increases the cooling (heating) effect.

Clogged air filters cause inefficient operation and waste energy. Clean them

Recommended temperature setting
For cooling:26°C – 28°C
For heating:20°C – 24°C

■ Please note

- The air conditioner always consumes 15-35 watts of electricity even while it is not operating.
- If you are not going to use the air conditioner for a long period, for example in spring or autumn, turn the breaker OFF.
- · Use the air conditioner in the following conditions.

Mode	Operating conditions	If operation is continued out of this range
COOL	Outdoor temperature: 10 to 46°C Indoor temperature: 18 to 32°C Indoor humidity: 80% max.	A safety device may work to stop the operation. Condensation may occur on the indoor unit and drip.
HEAT	Outdoor temperature: -15 to 20°C Indoor temperature: 10 to 30°C	A safety device may work to stop the operation.
DRY	Outdoor temperature: 10 to 46°C Indoor temperature: 18 to 32°C Indoor humidity: 80% max.	A safety device may work to stop the operation. Condensation may occur on the indoor unit and drip.

• Operation outside this humidity or temperature range may cause a safety device to disable the system.

9

Si04-807 Instruction

2.4 AUTO · DRY · COOL · HEAT · FAN Operation

AUTO · DRY · COOL · HEAT · FAN Operation

The air conditioner operates with the operation mode of your choice.

From the next time on, the air conditioner will operate with the same operation mode.

To start operation

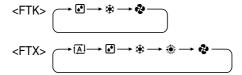
- 1. Press "MODE selector button" and select a operation mode.
 - Each pressing of the button advances the mode setting in sequence.

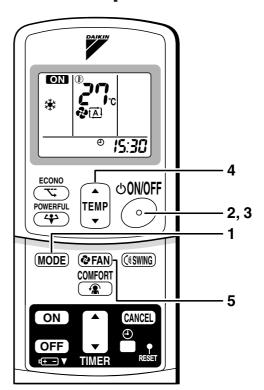
A: AUTO

●: DRY

★: COOL

💤 : FAN





- 2. Press "ON/OFF button".
 - The OPERATION lamp lights up.



■ To stop operation

- 3. Press "ON/OFF button" again.
 - Then OPERATION lamp goes off.

■ To change the temperature setting

4. Press "TEMPERATURE adjustment button".

DRY or FAN mode	AUTO or COOL or HEAT mode
	Press "▲" to raise the temperature and press "▼" to lower the temperature.
The temperature setting is not variable.	Set to the temperature you like.

10

Instruction Si04-807

■ To change the airflow rate setting

5. Press "FAN setting button".

DRY mode	AUTO or COOL or HEAT or FAN mode
The airflow rate setting is not variable.	Five levels of airflow rate setting from " o " to " o " o " o " o " o " o " o "

· Indoor unit quiet operation

When the airflow is set to "\(\frac{1}{24}\)", the noise from the indoor unit will become quieter. Use this when making the noise quieter.

The unit might lose capacity when the airflow rate is set to a weak level.

NOTE

■ Note on HEAT operation

- Since this air conditioner heats the room by taking heat from outdoor air to indoors, the heating capacity becomes smaller in lower outdoor temperatures. If the heating effect is insufficient, it is recommended to use another heating appliance in combination with the air conditioner.
- The heat pump system heats the room by circulating hot air around all parts of the room. After the start of heating operation, it takes some time before the room gets warmer.
- In heating operation, frost may occur on the outdoor unit and lower the heating capacity. In that case, the system switches into defrosting operation to take away the frost.
- During defrosting operation, hot air does not flow out of indoor unit.

■ Note on COOL operation

• This air conditioner cools the room by blowing the hot air in the room outside, so if the outside temperature is high, the performance of the air conditioner drops.

■ Note on DRY operation

• The computer chip works to rid the room of humidity while maintaining the temperature as much as possible. It automatically controls temperature and airflow rate, so manual adjustment of these functions is unavailable.

■ Note on AUTO operation

- In AUTO operation, the system selects an appropriate operation mode (COOL or HEAT) based on the room temperature at the start of the operation.
- The system automatically reselects setting at a regular interval to bring the room temperature to usersetting level.
- If you do not like AUTO operation, manually change the set temperature.

■ Note on airflow rate setting

• At smaller airflow rates, the cooling (heating) effect is also smaller.

11

Si04-807 Instruction

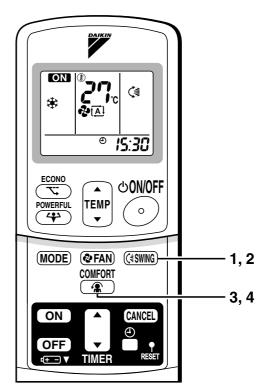
2.5 Adjusting the Airflow Direction

Adjusting the Airflow Direction

You can adjust the airflow direction to increase your comfort.

■ To adjust the horizontal blades (flaps)

- 1. Press "SWING button".
 - "()
 is displayed on the LCD and the flaps will begin to swing.
- 2. When the flaps have reached the desired position, press "SWING button" once more.
 - · The flap will stop moving.
 - "(isappears from the LCD.



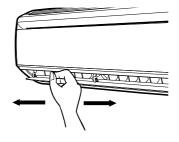
■ To adjust the vertical blades (louvers)

Hold the knob and move the louvers.

(You will find a knob on the left-side and the right-side blades.)

 When the unit is installed in the corner of a room, the direction of the louvers should be facing away from the wall.

If they face the wall, the wall will block off the wind, causing the cooling (or heating) efficiency to drop.



12

Instruction Si04-807

■ To start COMFORT AIRFLOW operation

3. Press "COMFORT AIRFLOW button".

- The flap position will change, preventing air from blowing directly on the occupants of the room.
- " n is displayed on the LCD.
- · Airflow rate is set to "AUTO".
- <COOL/DRY> The flap will go up.
- <HEAT> The flap will go down.

■ To cancel COMFORT AIRFLOW operation

- 4. Press "COMFORT AIRFLOW button" again.
 - The flaps will return to the memory position from before COMFORT AIRFLOW mode.
 - " a " disappears from the LCD.

Notes on COMFORT AIRFLOW operation

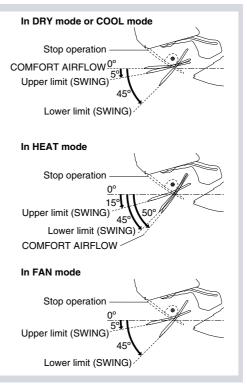
• POWERFUL operation and COMFORT AIRFLOW operation cannot be used at the same time. Priority is given to POWERFUL operation.

Notes on flaps and louvers angles

 When "SWING button" is selected, the flaps swinging range depends on the operation mode. (See the figure.)

■ ATTENTION

- Always use a remote controller to adjust the flaps angle. If you attempt to move it forcibly with hand when it is swinging, the mechanism may be broken.
- Be careful when adjusting the louvers. Inside the air outlet, a fan is rotating at a high speed.
- If the air conditioner is operated in cooling or dry mode with the flap kept stopped in the downward direction, the flap will automatically start operating in approximately an hour in order to prevent dew condensation.



13

Si04-807 Instruction

2.6 POWERFUL Operation

POWERFUL Operation

POWERFUL operation quickly maximizes the cooling (heating) effect in any operation mode. You can get the maximum capacity.

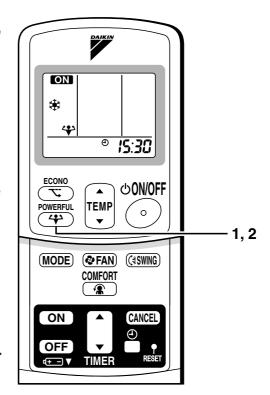
To start POWERFUL operation

1. Press "POWERFUL button".

- POWERFUL operation ends in 20minutes.
 Then the system automatically operates again with the previous settings which were used before POWERFUL operation.
- " " is displayed on the LCD.
- When using POWERFUL operation, there are some functions which are not available.

To cancel POWERFUL operation

- 2. Press "POWERFUL button" again.
 - " " disappears from the LCD.



NOTE

■ Notes on POWERFUL operation

- POWERFUL Operation cannot be used together with ECONO or COMFORT AIRFLOW Operation. Priority is given to the function of whichever button is pressed last.
- POWERFUL Operation can only be set when the unit is running. Pressing the operation stop button causes the settings to be canceled, and the "4" disappears from the LCD.
- In COOL and HEAT mode

To maximize the cooling (heating) effect, the capacity of outdoor unit must be increased and the airflow rate be fixed to the maximum setting.

The temperature and airflow settings are not variable.

• In DRY mode

The temperature setting is lowered by 2.5°C and the airflow rate is slightly increased.

• In FAN mode

The airflow rate is fixed to the maximum setting.

14

Instruction Si04-807

2.7 ECONO Operation

ECONO Operation

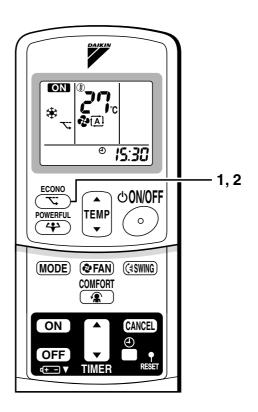
ECONO operation is a function which enables efficient operation by lowering the maximum power consumption value.

■ To start ECONO operation

- 1. Press "ECONO button".
 - " ";" is displayed on the LCD.

■ To cancel ECONO operation

- 2. Press "ECONO button" again.
 - " " disappears from the LCD.



15

NOTE

- ECONO Operation can only be set when the unit is running. Pressing the operation stop button causes the settings to be canceled, and the "\star" disappears from the LCD.
- ECONO operation is a function which enables efficient operation by limiting the power consumption of the outdoor unit (operating frequency).
- ECONO operation functions in AUTO, COOL, DRY, and HEAT modes.
- POWERFUL operation and ECONO operation cannot be used at the same time. Priority is given to the function of whichever button is pressed last.
- Power consumption may not drop even if ECONO operation is used, when the level of power consumption is already low.

Si04-807 Instruction

2.8 TIMER Operation

TIMER Operation

Timer functions are useful for automatically switching the air conditioner on or off at night or in the morning. You can also use OFF TIMER and ON TIMER in combination.

To use OFF TIMER operation

Check that the clock is correct.
 If not, set the clock to the present time.
 (page 9.)

1. Press "OFF TIMER button".

0:00 is displayed.

⊕₊∩ blinks.

2. Press "TIMER Setting button" until the time setting reaches the point you like.

- Every pressing of either button increases or decreases the time setting by 10 minutes.
 Holding down either button changes the setting rapidly.
- 3. Press "OFF TIMER button" again.
 - · The TIMER lamp lights up.



* <u>⊕.○ 0:00</u> **ECONO ON/OFF** 7 POWERFUL TEMP 0 4 MODE **҈** FAN (₹SWING) COMFORT 2 4 ON OFF - 1, 3

■ To cancel the OFF TIMER operation

- 4. Press "CANCEL button".
 - The TIMER lamp goes off.

NOTE

- When TIMER is set, the present time is not displayed.
- Once you set ON, OFF TIMER, the time setting is kept in the memory. (The memory is canceled when remote controller batteries are replaced.)
- When operating the unit via the ON/OFF Timer, the actual length of operation may vary from the time entered by the user.

■ NIGHT SET MODE

When the OFF TIMER is set, the air conditioner automatically adjusts the temperature setting $(0.5^{\circ}C)$ up in COOL, $2.0^{\circ}C$ down in HEAT) to prevent excessive cooling (heating) for your pleasant sleep.

16

Instruction Si04-807

■ To use ON TIMER operation

- Check that the clock is correct. If not, set the clock to the present time (page 9.).
- 1. Press "ON TIMER button".

§:☐☐ is displayed.

⊕r| blinks.

- 2. Press "TIMER Setting button" until the time setting reaches the point you like.
 - Every pressing of either button increases or decreases the time setting by 10 minutes.
 Holding down either button changes the setting rapidly.
- 3. Press "ON TIMER button" again.
 - The TIMER lamp lights up.

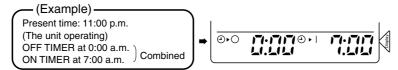


■ To cancel ON TIMER operation

- 4. Press "CANCEL button".
 - The TIMER lamp goes off.

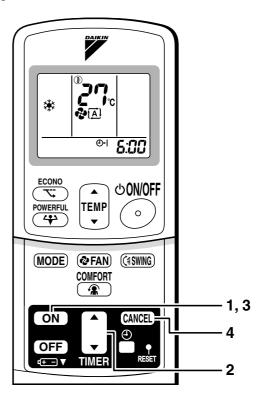
■ To combine ON TIMER and OFF TIMER

• A sample setting for combining the two timers is shown below.



ATTENTION

- In the following cases, set the timer again.
 - After a breaker has turned OFF.
 - After a power failure.
 - After replacing batteries in the remote controller.



17

Si04-807 Instruction

2.9 **Care and Cleaning**

Care and Cleaning

CAUTION Before cleaning, be sure to stop the operation and turn the breaker OFF.

Units

■ Indoor unit, Outdoor unit and Remote controller

1. Wipe them with dry soft cloth.

Front panel

1. Open the front panel.

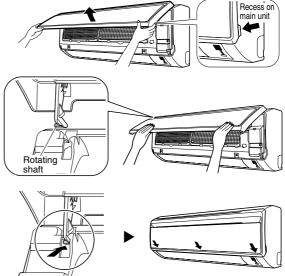
• Hold the panel at the recesses on the main unit (2 recesses on right and left sides) and lift it until it stops.

2. Remove the front panel.

· While lifting the front panel further, slide it to the right and pull it to the front side. The left rotating shaft is detached. Slide the right rotating shaft to the left and pull it to the front side to remove it.

3. Attach the front panel.

- · Align the right and left rotating shafts of the front panel with the grooves and push them all the way in.
- · Gently close the front panel. (Push both ends and the center on the front panel.)



⚠ CAUTION

- · Don't touch the metal parts of the indoor unit. If you touch those parts, this may cause an injury.
- When removing or attaching the front panel, use a robust and stable stool and watch your steps carefully.
- When removing or attaching the front panel, support the panel securely with hand to prevent it from falling.
- For cleaning, do not use hot water above 40°C, benzine, gasoline, thinner, nor other volatile oils, polishing compound, scrubbing brushes, nor other hand stuff.
- · After cleaning, make sure that the front panel is securely fixed.

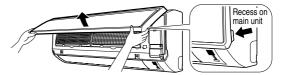
18

Instruction Si04-807

Filters

1. Open the front panel. (page 18.)

· Hold the panel at the recesses on the main unit (2 recesses on right and left sides) and lift it until it stops.

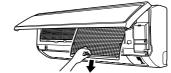


2. Pull out the air filters.

• Push a little upwards the tab at the center of each air filter, then pull it down.

3. Take off the Titanium Apatite Photocatalytic Air-Purifying Filter.

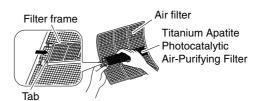
· Hold the recessed parts of the frame and unhook the four claws.



4. Clean or replace each filter.

See figure.

· When shaking off remaining water, do not wring the filter.



5. Set the air filter and Titanium **Apatite Photocatalytic Air-Purifying Filter** as they were and close the front panel.

- Insert claws of the filters into slots of the front panel. Close the front panel slowly and push the panel at the 3 points. (1 on each side and 1 in the middle.)
- The air filter and the Titanium Apatite Photocatalytic Air-Purifying Filter have a symmetrical form in the horizontal direction.



Air Filter

- 1. Wash the air filters with water or clean them with vacuum cleaner.
 - If the dust does not come off easily, wash them with neutral detergent thinned with lukewarm water, then dry them up in the
 - It is recommended to clean the air filters every two weeks.



■ Titanium Apatite Photocatalytic Air-Purifying Filter.

The Titanium Apatite Photocatalytic Air-Purifying Filter can be renewed by washing it with water once every 6 months. We recommend replacing it once every 3 years.



Si04-807 Instruction

[Maintenance]

- 1. Remove dust with a vacuum cleaner and wash lightly with water.
- 2. If it is very dirty, soak it for 10 to 15 minutes in water mixed with a neutral cleaning agent.
- 3. Do not remove filter from frame when washing with water.
- 4. After washing, shake off remaining water and dry in the shade.
- 5. When shaking off remaining water, do not wring the filter.

[Replacement]

- 1. Remove the tabs on the filter frame and replace with a new filter.
 - Dispose of old filters as non-flammable waste.

NOTE

- · Operation with dirty filters:
 - (1) cannot deodorize the air.
- (2) cannot clean the air.
- (3) results in poor heating or cooling. (4) may cause odour.
- To order Titanium Apatite Photocatalytic Air-Purifying Filter contact to the service shop there you bought the air conditioner.
- · Dispose of old filters as non-flammable waste.

Item	Part No.
Titanium Apatite Photocatalytic Air-Purifying Filter. (without frame) 1 set	KAF970A46

Check

Check that the base, stand and other fittings of the outdoor unit are not decayed or corroded.

Check that nothing blocks the air inlets and the outlets of the indoor unit and the outdoor unit.

Check that the drain comes smoothly out of the drain hose during COOL or DRY operation.

If no drain water is seen, water may be leaking from the indoor unit. Stop operation and consult the service shop if this is the case.

■ Before a long idle period

- 1. Operate the "FAN only" for several hours on a fine day to dry out the inside.
 - Press "MODE selector button" and select "FAN" operation.
 - Press "ON/OFF button" and start operation.
- 2. After operation stops, turn off the breaker for the room air conditioner.
- 3. Clean the air filters and set them again.
- 4. Take out batteries from the remote controller.

20

Instruction Si04-807

2.10 Troubleshooting

Trouble Shooting

These cases are not troubles.

The following cases are not air conditioner troubles but have some reasons. You may just continue using it.

Case	Explanation	
 Operation does not start soon. When ON/OFF button was pressed soon after operation was stopped. When the mode was reselected. 	This is to protect the air conditioner. You should wait for about 3 minutes.	
Hot air does not flow out soon after the start of heating operation.	The air conditioner is warming up. You should wait for 1 to 4 minutes. (The system is designed to start discharging air only after it has reached a certain temperature.)	
The heating operation stops suddenly and a flowing sound is heard.	The system is taking away the frost on the outdoor unit. You should wait for about 3 to 8 minutes.	
The outdoor unit emits water or steam.	 In HEAT mode The frost on the outdoor unit melts into water or steam when the air conditioner is in defrost operation. In COOL or DRY mode Moisture in the air condenses into water on the cool surface of outdoor unit piping and drips. 	
Mist comes out of the indoor unit.	■ This happens when the air in the room is cooled into mist by the cold airflow during cooling operation.	
The indoor unit gives out odour.	■ This happens when smells of the room, furniture, or cigarettes are absorbed into the unit and discharged with the airflow. (If this happens, we recommend you to have the indoor unit washed by a technician. Consult the service shop where you bought the air conditioner.)	
The outdoor fan rotates while the air conditioner is not in operation.	 After operation is stopped: The outdoor fan continues rotating for another 60 seconds for system protection. While the air conditioner is not in operation: When the outdoor temperature is very high, the out door fan starts rotating for system protection. 	
The operation stopped suddenly. (OPERATION lamp is on.)	■ For system protection, the air conditioner may stop operating on a sudden large voltage fluctuation. It automatically resumes operation in about 3 minutes.	
No remote controller signals are displayed. The remote controller sensitivity is low. The display is low in contrast or blacked out. The display runs out of control.	The batteries are dying and the remote controller is malfunctioning. Replace all the batteries with new size AAA alkaline batteries. For details, refer to "To set the batteries" of this manual. (page 7.) If the reset button is provided, press the reset button after the batteries are replaced.	

Si04-807 Instruction

Check again.

Please check again before calling a repair person.

Case	Check
The air conditioner does not	Hasn't a breaker turned OFF or a fuse blown?
operate. (OPERATION lamp is off.)	Isn't it a power failure?
(OPERATION lamp is on.)	Are batteries set in the remote controller?
	Is the timer setting correct?
Cooling (Heating) effect is poor.	Are the air filters clean?
	Is there anything to block the air inlet or the outlet of the indoor and the outdoor units?
	Is the temperature setting appropriate?
	Are the windows and doors closed?
	Are the airflow rate and the air direction set appropriately?
Operation stops suddenly.	Are the air filters clean?
(OPERATION lamp flashes.)	Is there anything to block the air inlet or the outlet of the indoor and the outdoor units? Clean the air filters or take all obstacles away and turn the breaker OFF. Then turn it ON again and try operating the air conditioner with the remote controller. If the lamp still flashes, call the service shop where you bought the air conditioner.
An abnormal functioning happens during operation.	The air conditioner may malfunction with lightning or radio waves. Turn the breaker OFF, turn it ON again and try operating the air conditioner with the remote controller.

22

Instruction Si04-807

Call the service shop immediately.



WARNING

When an abnormality (such as a burning smell) occurs, stop operation and turn the breaker OFF. Continued operation in an abnormal condition may result in troubles, electric shocks or fire. Consult the service shop where you bought the air conditioner.

Do not attempt to repair or modify the air conditioner by yourself. Incorrect work may result in electric shocks or fire. Consult the service shop where you bought the air conditioner.

If one of the following symptoms takes place, call the service shop immediately.

- The power cord is abnormally hot or damaged.
- An abnormal sound is heard during operation.
- The safety breaker, a fuse, or the earth leakage breaker cuts off the operation frequently.
- A switch or a button often fails to work properly.
- There is a burning smell.
- Water leaks from the indoor unit.



Turn the breaker OFF and call the service shop.

After a power failure The air conditioner automatically resumes operation in about 3 minutes. You should just wait for a while. ■ Lightning

If lightning may strike the neighbouring area, stop operation and turn the breaker OFF for system protection.

Disposal requirements

relevant local and national legislation.



Your air conditioning product is marked with this symbol. This means that electrical and electronic products shall not be mixed with unsorted household waste.

Do not try to dismantle the system yourself: the dismantling of the air conditioning system, treatment of the refrigerant, of oil and of other parts must be done by a qualified installer in accordance with relevant local and national legislation.

Air conditioners must be treated at a specialized treatment facility for re-use, recycling and recovery. By ensuring this product is disposed of correctly, you will help to prevent potential negative consequences for the environment and human health. Please contact the installer or local authority for more information. Batteries must be removed from the remote controller and disposed of separately in accordance with

We recommend periodical maintenance.

In certain operating conditions, the inside of the air conditioner may get foul after several seasons of use, resulting in poor performance. It is recommended to have periodical maintenance by a specialist aside from regular cleaning by the user. For specialist maintenance, contact the service shop where you bought the air conditioner. The maintenance cost must be born by the user.

Important information regarding the refrigerant used.

This product contains fluorinated greenhouse gases covered by the Kyoto Protocol.

Refrigerant type:**R410A** GWP⁽¹⁾ value:**1975**

(1) GWP = global warming potential

Periodical inspections for refrigerant leaks may be required depending on European or local legislation. Please contact your local dealer for more information.

23

3P208145-1D

Part 6 Service Diagnosis

1.	Caut	ion for Diagnosis	/2
2.	Prob	lem Symptoms and Measures	73
		ice Check Function	
4.	Trou	bleshooting	77
	4.1	Error Codes and Description	
	4.2	Indoor Unit PCB Abnormality	78
	4.3	Freeze-up Protection Control or High Pressure Control	79
	4.4	Fan Motor (DC Motor) or Related Abnormality	81
	4.5	Thermistor or Related Abnormality (Indoor Unit)	83
	4.6	Signal Transmission Error (between Indoor and Outdoor Unit)	
	4.7	Unspecified Voltage (between Indoor and Outdoor Units)	
	4.8	Outdoor Unit PCB Abnormality	
	4.9	OL Activation (Compressor Overload)	
	4.10	Compressor Lock	88
		DC Fan Lock	
		Input Over Current Detection	
		Four Way Valve Abnormality	
		Discharge Pipe Temperature Control	
		High Pressure Control in Cooling	
		Compressor System Sensor Abnormality	
		Position Sensor Abnormality	
		DC Voltage / Current Sensor Abnormality	
		Thermistor or Related Abnormality (Outdoor Unit)	
		Electrical Box Temperature Rise	
		Radiation Fin Temperature Rise	
		Output Over Current Detection	
		Insufficient Gas	
	4.24	Over-voltage Detection	109
5.	Chec	:k	110
	5.1	How to Check	110

Caution for Diagnosis Si04-807

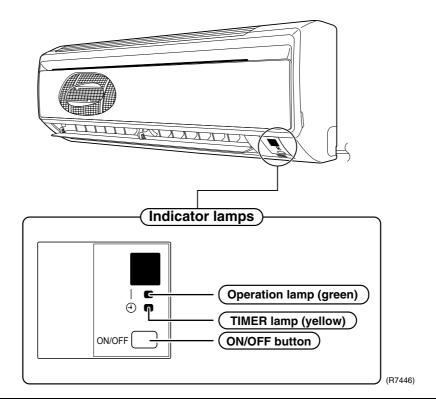
1. Caution for Diagnosis

The operation lamp flashes when any of the following errors is detected.

1. When a protection device of the indoor or outdoor unit is activated or when the thermistor malfunctions, disabling equipment operation.

2. When a signal transmission error occurs between the indoor and outdoor units. In either case, conduct the diagnostic procedure described in the following pages.

Location of Operation Lamp



Troubleshooting with LED Indication

The outdoor unit has one green LED (LED A) on the PCB. The flashing green LED indicates normal condition of microcomputer operation.

2. Problem Symptoms and Measures

Symptom	Check Item	Details of Measure	Reference Page
None of the Units Operates.	Check the power supply.	Check to make sure that the rated voltage is supplied.	_
	Check the type of the indoor units.	Check to make sure that the indoor unit type is compatible with the outdoor unit.	_
	Check the outdoor air temperature.	Heating operation cannot be used when the outdoor air temperature is 24°C or higher (only for heat pump model), and cooling operation cannot be used when the outdoor air temperature is below 10°C.	_
	Diagnosis with remote controller indication	_	77
	Check the remote controller addresses.	Check to make sure that address settings for the remote controller and indoor unit are correct.	_
Operation Sometimes Stops.	Check the power supply.	A power failure of 2 to 10 cycles can stop air conditioner operation. (Operation lamp OFF)	
	Check the outdoor air temperature.	Heating operation cannot be used when the outdoor air temperature is 24°C or higher (only for heat pump model), and cooling operation cannot be used when the outdoor air temperature is below 10°C.	
	Diagnosis with remote controller indication	_	77
Equipment operates but does not cool, or does not heat (only for heat pump	Check for wiring and piping errors in the indoor and outdoor units connection wires and pipes.	Conduct the wiring/piping error check described on the product diagnosis nameplate.	
model).	Check for thermistor detection errors.	Check to make sure that the main unit's thermistor has not dismounted from the pipe holder.	
	Check for faulty operation of the electronic expansion valve.	Set the units to cooling operation, and compare the temperatures of the liquid side connection pipes of the connection section among rooms to check the opening and closing operation of the electronic expansion valves of the individual units.	
	Diagnosis with remote controller indication	_	77
	Diagnosis by service port pressure and operating current	Check for insufficient gas.	115
Large Operating Noise and Vibrations	Check the output voltage of the power transistor.	_	115
	Check the power transistor.	_	_
	Check the installation condition.	Check to make sure that the required spaces for installation (specified in the Engineering Data book, etc.) are provided.	_

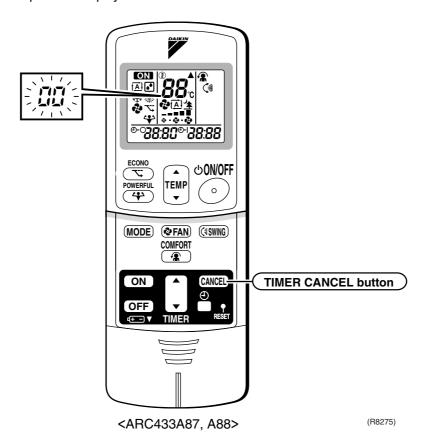
Service Check Function Si04-807

3. Service Check Function

In the ARC433 series remote controller, the temperature display sections on the main unit indicate corresponding codes.

Check Method 1

1. When the timer cancel button is held down for 5 seconds, a "00" indication flashes on the temperature display section.



- 2. Press the timer cancel button repeatedly until a continuous beep is produced.
- The code indication changes in the sequence shown below, and notifies with a long beep.

No.	Code	No.	Code	No.	Code
1	88	12	۶8	23	81
2	UY	13	ርግ	24	E !
3	LS	14	83	25	UR
4	88	15	X8	26	UK
5	HS	16	X9	27	PY
6	88	17	83	28	1.3
7	88	18	54	29	18
8	£7	19	85	30	87
9	UC	20	J3	31	u∂
10	F3	21	J8	32	88
11	85	22	85	33	88



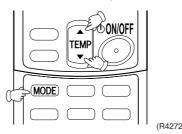
- 1. A short beep and two consecutive beeps indicate non-corresponding codes.
- 2. To cancel the code display, hold the timer cancel button down for 5 seconds. The code display also cancels itself if the button is not pressed for 1 minute.

Si04-807 **Service Check Function**

Check Method 2

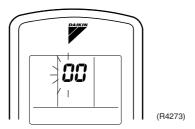
1. Enter the diagnosis mode.

Press the 3 buttons (TEMP▲, TEMP▼, MODE) simultaneously.



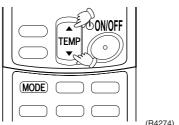
The digit of the number of tens blinks.

★Try again from the start when the digit does not blink.



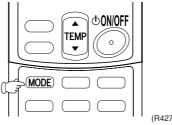
2. Press the TEMP button.

Press TEMP▲ or TEMP▼ and change the digit until you hear the sound of "beep" or "pi pi".

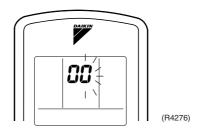


- 3. Diagnose by the sound.
 - ★"pi": The number of tens does not accord with the error code.
 - ★"pi pi": The number of tens accords with the error code.
 - \star "beep": The both numbers of tens and units accord with the error code. (→See 7.)
- 4. Enter the diagnosis mode again.

Press the MODE button.



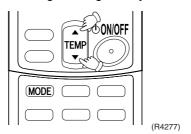
The digit of the number of units blinks.



Service Check Function Si04-807

5. Press the TEMP button.

Press TEMP▲ or TEMP▼ and change the digit until you hear the sound of "beep".



6. Diagnose by the sound.

 \star "pi": The both numbers of tens and units do not accord with the error code.

★"pi pi": The number of tens accords with the error code.

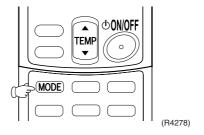
 \star "beep": The both numbers of tens and units accord with the error code.

7. Determine the error code.

The digits indicated when you hear the "beep" sound are error code. (Error codes and description \rightarrow Refer to page 77.)

8. Exit from the diagnosis mode.

Press the MODE button.



4. Troubleshooting

4.1 Error Codes and Description

	Code Indication	Description	Reference Page
System	88	Normal	_
	UG★	Insufficient gas	107
	ua	Over-voltage detection	109
	U4	Signal transmission error (between indoor and outdoor unit)	84
	us	Unspecified voltage (between indoor and outdoor unit)	85
Indoor Unit	8 :	Indoor unit PCB abnormality	78
Offic	85	Freeze-up protection control or high pressure control	79
	88	Fan motor or related abnormality	81
	64	Heat exchanger temperature thermistor abnormality	83
	63	Room temperature thermistor abnormality	83
Outdoor Unit	ε:	Outdoor unit PCB abnormality	86
	ES★	OL activation (compressor overload)	87
	88★	Compressor lock	88
	£7	DC fan lock	89
	88	Input over current detection	90
	ER	Four way valve abnormality	91
	F3	Discharge pipe temperature control	93
	F8	High pressure control in cooling	94
	HO	Compressor system sensor abnormality	96
	H8	Position sensor abnormality	97
	H8	DC voltage/current sensor abnormality	98
	X3	Outdoor air thermistor or related abnormality	99
	<i>43</i>	Discharge pipe temperature thermistor or related abnormality	99
	J8	Heat exchanger temperature thermistor or related abnormality	99
	13	Electrical box temperature rise	101
	14	Radiation fin temperature rise	103
	15	Output over current detection	105
	PY	Heat radiation fin thermistor or related abnormality	99

^{★:} Displayed only when system-down occurs.

4.2 Indoor Unit PCB Abnormality

Remote Controller Display 8:

Method of Malfunction Detection

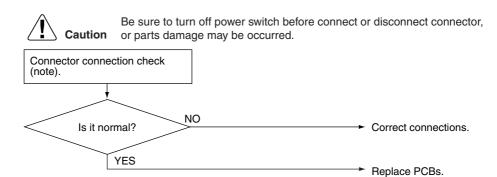
Evaluation of zero-cross detection of power supply by indoor unit.

Malfunction Decision Conditions When there is no zero-cross detection in approximately 10 continuous seconds.

Supposed Causes

- Faulty indoor unit PCB
- Faulty connector connection

Troubleshooting



(R7130)



Connector Nos. vary depending on models.

Model Type	Connector No.
Wall Mounted Type 20 / 25 / 35 class	Terminal strip~Control PCB

4.3 Freeze-up Protection Control or High Pressure Control

Remote Controller Display



Method of Malfunction Detection

- High pressure control (heat pump model only)

 During heating operations, the temperature detected by the indoor heat exchanger thermistor is used for the high pressure control (stop, outdoor fan stop, etc.)
- Freeze-up protection control (operation halt) is activated during cooling operation according to the temperature detected by the indoor unit heat exchanger thermistor.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

- High pressure control During heating operations, the temperature detected by the indoor heat exchanger thermistor is above 61°C
- Freeze-up protection

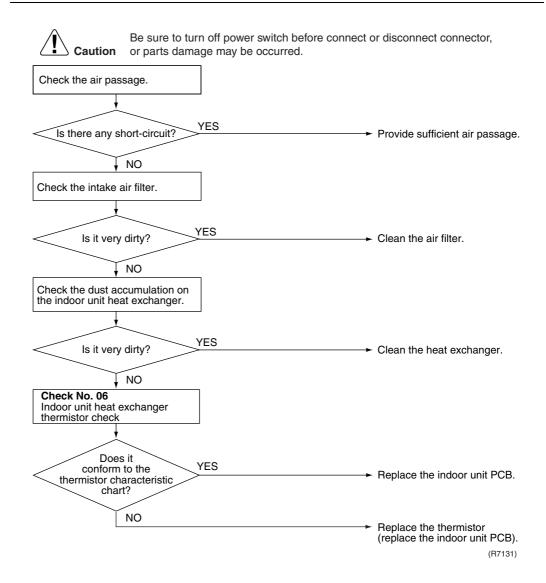
 When the indoor unit heat exchanger temperature is below 0°C during cooling operation.

Supposed Causes

- Operation halt due to clogged air filter of the indoor unit.
- Operation halt due to dust accumulation on the indoor unit heat exchanger.
- Operation halt due to short-circuit.
- Detection error due to faulty indoor unit heat exchanger thermistor.
- Detection error due to faulty indoor unit PCB.

Troubleshooting





4.4 Fan Motor (DC Motor) or Related Abnormality

Remote Controller Display 85

Method of Malfunction Detection

The rotation speed detected by the Hall IC during fan motor operation is used to determine abnormal fan motor operation.

Malfunction Decision Conditions When the detected rotation speed is less than 50% of the H tap under maximum fan motor rotation demand.

When the fan motor starts rotation and then stops within 5 seconds.

Supposed Causes

- Operation halt due to short circuit inside the fan motor winding.
- Operation halt due to breaking of wire inside the fan motor.
- Operation halt due to breaking of the fan motor lead wires.
- Detection error due to faulty indoor unit PCB.

Troubleshooting



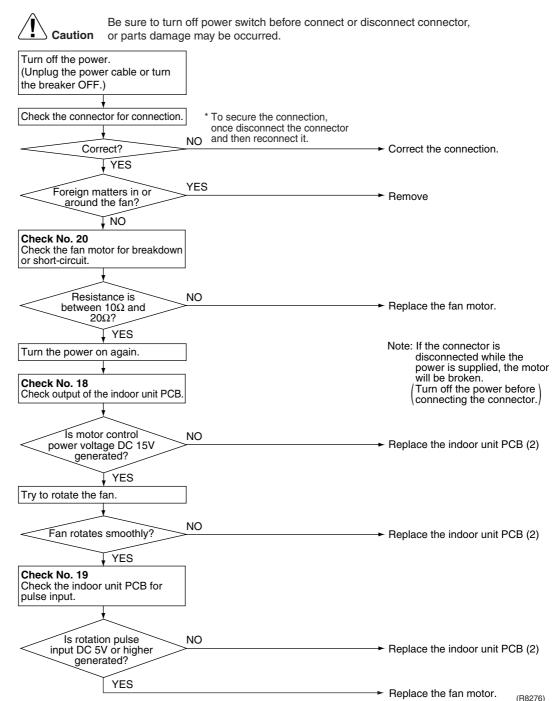
Check No.18 Refer to P.116



Check No.19 Refer to P.112



Check No.20 Refer to P.112



4.5 Thermistor or Related Abnormality (Indoor Unit)

Remote Controller Display Method of Malfunction Detection

The temperatures detected by the thermistors are used to determine thermistor errors.

Malfunction Decision Conditions When the thermistor input is more than 4.96 V or less than 0.04 V during compressor operation \ast .

* (reference)

When above about 105°C (less than £4: 1,070/£3: 829 ohms) or below about -30°C (more than £4: 3310hms/£3: 88 kohms).



Note:

The values vary slightly in some models.

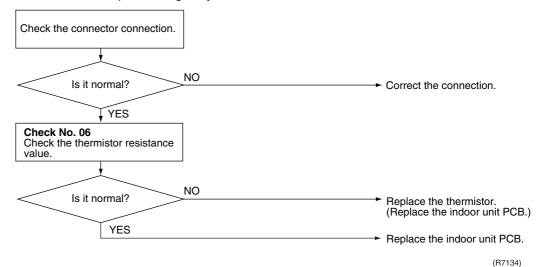
Supposed Causes

- Faulty connector connection
- Faulty thermistor
- Faulty PCB

Troubleshooting



Check No.06 Refer to P.112 Be sure to turn off power switch before connect or disconnect connector, or parts damage may be occurred.



 EY: Heat exchanger thermistor

 E9: Room temperature thermistor

4.6 Signal Transmission Error (between Indoor and Outdoor Unit)

Remote Controller Display 114

Method of Malfunction Detection

The data received from the outdoor unit in indoor unit-outdoor unit signal transmission is checked whether it is normal.

Malfunction Decision Conditions When the data sent from the outdoor unit cannot be received normally, or when the content of the data is abnormal.

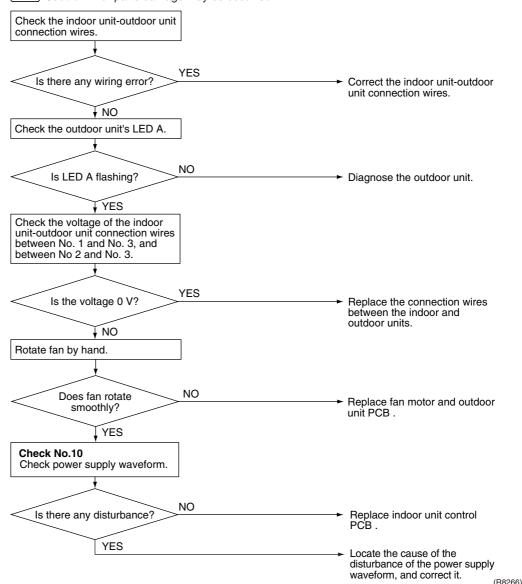
Supposed Causes

- Faulty outdoor unit PCB / Faulty indoor unit PCB
- Indoor unit-outdoor unit signal transmission error due to wiring error / due to disturbed power supply waveform / due to breaking of wire in the connection wires between the indoor and outdoor units (wire No. 3)
- Short circuit inside the fan motor winding

Troubleshooting



Be sure to turn off power switch before connect or disconnect connector, or parts damage may be occurred.



4.7 Unspecified Voltage (between Indoor and Outdoor Units)

Remote Controller Display 118

Method of Malfunction Detection

The supply power is detected for its requirements (different from pair type and multi type) by the indoor / outdoor transmission signal.

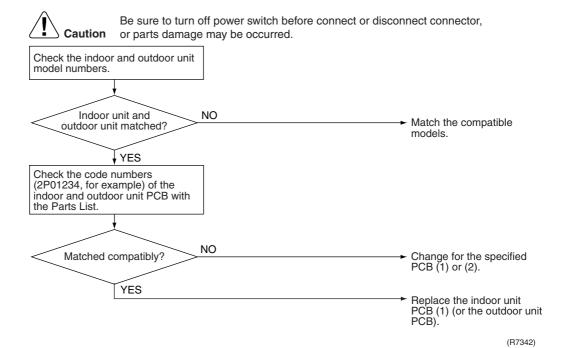
Malfunction Decision Conditions

The pair type and multi type are interconnected.

Supposed Causes

- Wrong models interconnected
- Wrong indoor unit PCB mounted
- Indoor unit PCB defective
- Wrong outdoor unit PCB mounted or defective

Troubleshooting



4.8 Outdoor Unit PCB Abnormality

Remote Controller Display

EI

Method of Malfunction Detection

- The system follows the microprocessor program to make sure it runs specified.
- The system checks to see if the zero-cross signal comes in properly.

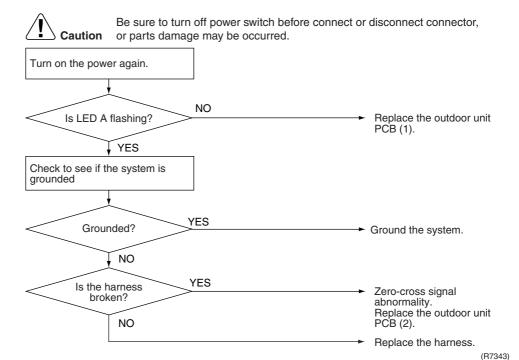
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- The microprocessor program runs out of control.
- The zero-cross signal is not detected.

Supposed Causes

- The microcomputer is out of control due to external factors.
 - Noise
 - Momentary voltage drop
 - Momentary power failure, etc.
- Outdoor unit PCB defective
- Broken harness between PCBs

Troubleshooting



4.9 OL Activation (Compressor Overload)

Remote Controller Display 85

Method of Malfunction Detection A compressor overload is detected through compressor OL.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

- If the compressor OL is activated twice, the system will be shut down.
- The error counter will reset itself if this or any other error does not occur during the following 60-minute compressor running time (total time).
- * The operating temperature condition is not specified.

Supposed Causes

- Refrigerant shortage
- Four way valve malfunctioning
- Outdoor unit PCB defective
- Water mixed in the local piping
- Electronic expansion valve defective
- Stop valve defective

Troubleshooting





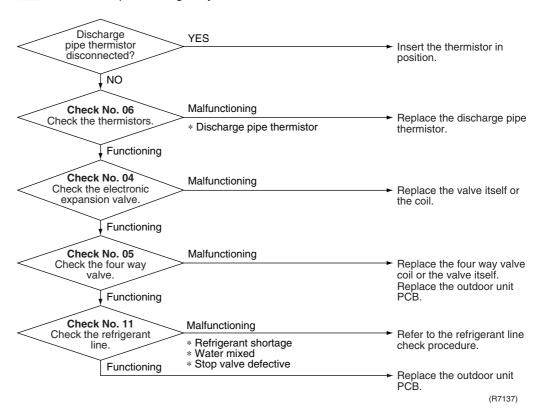
Check No.05 Refer to P.111



Check No.11 Refer to P.115



Be sure to turn off power switch before connect or disconnect connector, tion or parts damage may be occurred.



4.10 Compressor Lock

Remote Controller Display <u>E8</u>

Method of Malfunction Detection

A compressor lock is detected by checking the compressor running condition through the position detection circuit.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

- The system judges the compressor lock, and stops due to over current.
- The system judges the compressor lock, and cannot operation with position detection within 15 seconds after start up.
- The system will be shut down if the error occurs 16 times.
- Clearing condition: Continuous run for about 10 minutes (normal)

Supposed Causes

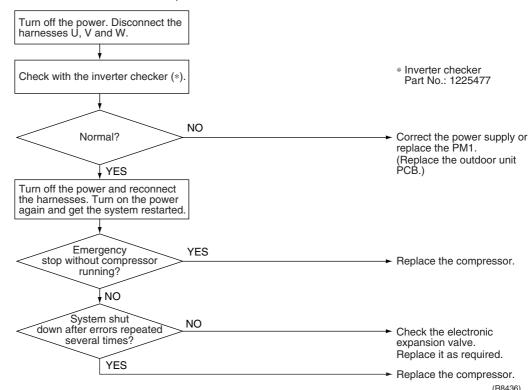
- Compressor locked
- Compressor harness disconnected

Troubleshooting



Be sure to turn off power switch before connect or disconnect connector, or parts damage may be occurred.

(Precaution before turning on the power again)
Make sure the power has been off for at least 30 seconds.



4.11 DC Fan Lock

Remote Controller Display Er

Method of Malfunction Detection

A fan motor or related error is detected by checking the high-voltage fan motor rpm being detected by the Hall IC.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

- The fan does not start in 30 seconds even when the fan motor is running.
- The system will be shut down if the error occurs 16 times.
- Clearing condition: Continuous run for about 10 minutes (normal)

Supposed Causes

- Fan motor breakdown
- Harness or connector disconnected between fan motor and PCB or in poor contact
- Foreign matters stuck in the fan

Troubleshooting



Be sure to turn off power switch before connect or disconnect connector, or parts damage may be occurred. YES Fan motor connector Turn off the power and disconnected? reconnect the connector. ĮNO YES Foreign matters in or Remove. around the fan? √NO Get started. Check No. 15 Check the outdoor unit PCB rpm pulse input. NO Pulse signal inputted? Replace the outdoor unit fan motor. YES Replace the outdoor unit PCB. (R7139)

4.12 Input Over Current Detection

Remote Controller Display 88

Method of Malfunction Detection An input over-current is detected by checking the input current value with the compressor running.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

■ The following current with the compressor running continues for 2.5 seconds. Cooling/Heating: Above 14A

Supposed Causes

- Over-current due to compressor failure
- Over-current due to defective power transistor
- Over-current due to defective outdoor unit PCB
- Error detection due to outdoor unit PCB
- Over-current due to short-circuit

Troubleshooting

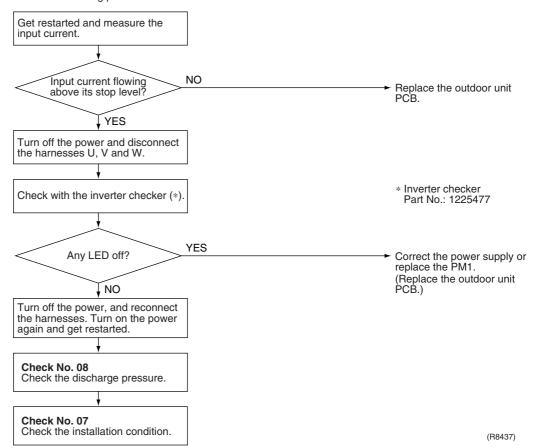


Check No.07 Refer to P.113



Be sure to turn off power switch before connect or disconnect connector, or parts damage may be occurred.

* An input over-current may result from wrong internal wiring. If the wires have been disconnected and reconnected for part replacement, for example, and the system is interrupted by an input over-current, take the following procedure.



4.13 Four Way Valve Abnormality

Remote Controller Display ER

Method of Malfunction Detection

The indoor air temperature thermistor, the indoor unit heat exchanger thermistor, the outdoor temperature thermistor and the outdoor unit heat exchanger thermistor are checked to see if they function within their normal ranges in the operating mode.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

A following condition continues over 10 minute after operating 5 minutes.

- Cooling / dry operation (room temp. indoor heat exchanger temp.) < -5°C
- Heating (indoor unit heat exchanger temp. – room temp.) < -5°C</p>

Supposed Causes

- Connector in poor contact
- Thermistor defective
- Outdoor unit PCB defective
- Four way valve coil or harness defective
- Four way valve defective
- Foreign substance mixed in refrigerant
- Insufficient gas

Troubleshooting



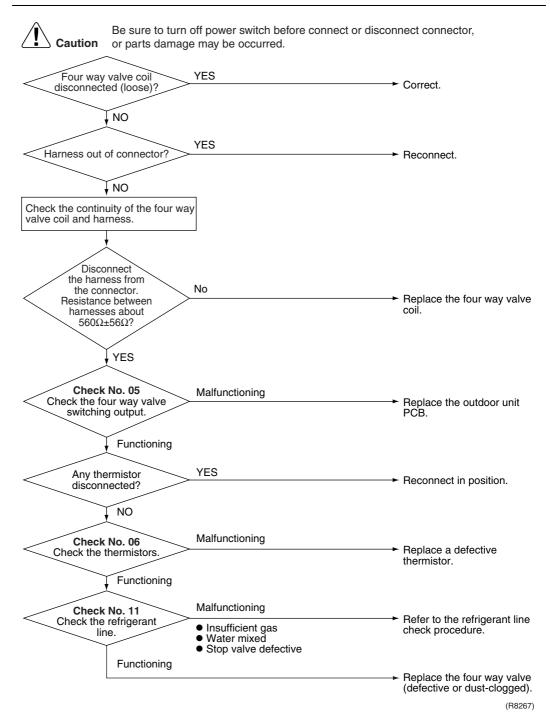
Check No.05 Refer to P.111



Check No.06 Refer to P.112



Check No.11 Refer to P.115



4.14 Discharge Pipe Temperature Control

Remote Controller Display <u>F</u> :

Method of Malfunction Detection

The discharge pipe temperature control (stop, frequency drooping, etc.) is checked with the temperature being detected by the discharge pipe thermistor.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

- If a stop takes place 4 times successively due to abnormal discharge pipe temperature, the system will be shut down.
- If the temperature being detected by the discharge pipe thermistor rises above A°C, the compressor will stop. (The error is cleared when the temperature has dropped below B°C.)

Stop temperatures	A	B
(1) above 45Hz (rising), above 40Hz (dropping)	110	97
(2) 30~45Hz (rising), 25~40Hz (dropping)	105	92
(3) below 30Hz (rising), below 25Hz (dropping)	99	86

The error counter will reset itself if this or any other error does not occur during the following 60-minute compressor running time (total time).

Supposed Causes

- Refrigerant shortage
- Four way valve malfunctioning
- Discharge pipe thermistor defective (heat exchanger or outdoor air temperature thermistor defective)
- Outdoor unit PCB defective
- Water mixed in the local piping
- Electronic expansion valve defective
- Stop valve defective

Troubleshooting

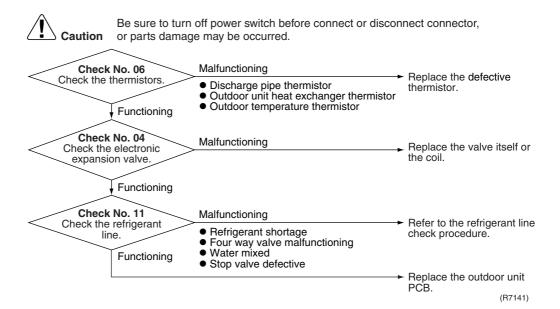


Check No.04 Refer to P.110



Check No.06 Refer to P.112

Check No.11 Refer to P.115



4.15 High Pressure Control in Cooling

Remote Controller Display FB

Method of Malfunction Detection

High-pressure control (stop, frequency drop, etc.) is activated in the cooling mode if the temperature being sensed by the heat exchanger thermistor exceeds the limit.

Malfunction Decision Conditions Activated when the temperature being sensed by the heat exchanger thermistor rises above 61°C. (The error is cleared when the temperature drops below 52°C.)

Supposed Causes

- The installation space is not large enough.
- Faulty outdoor unit fan
- Faulty electronic expansion valve
- Faulty defrost thermistor
- Faulty outdoor unit PCB
- Faulty stop valve
- Dirty heat exchanger

Troubleshooting



Check No.04 Refer to P.110



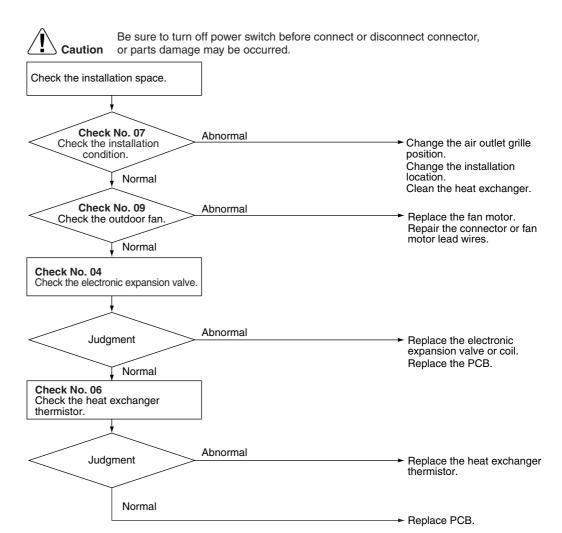
Check No.06 Refer to P.112



Check No.07 Refer to P.113



Check No.09 Refer to P.114



(R7142)

4.16 Compressor System Sensor Abnormality

Remote Controller Display HO

Method of Malfunction Detection

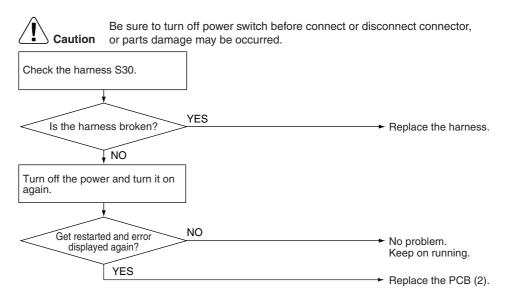
■ The system checks the DC current before the compressor starts.

Malfunction Decision Conditions ■ If the DC current before compressor start-up is out of the range 0.5-4.5 V (sensor output converted to voltage value) or if the DC voltage before compressor start-up is below 50 V.

Supposed Causes

- PCB defective
- Broken or poorly connected harness

Troubleshooting



(R7348)

4.17 Position Sensor Abnormality

Remote Controller Display HE

Method of Malfunction Detection

A compressor startup failure is detected by checking the compressor running condition through the position detection circuit.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

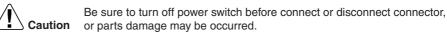
- The compressor fails to start in about 15 seconds after the compressor run command signal is sent.
- Clearing condition: Continuous run for about 10 minutes (normal)
- The system will be shut down if the error occurs 16 times.

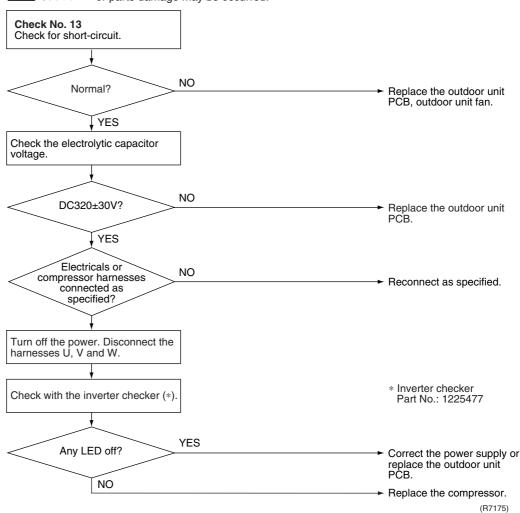
Supposed Causes

- Compressor relay cable disconnected
- Compressor itself defective
- Outdoor unit PCB defective
- Stop valve closed
- Input voltage out of specification

Troubleshooting







Troubleshooting Si04-807

4.18 DC Voltage / Current Sensor Abnormality

Remote Controller Display



Method of Malfunction Detection

Detecting abnormality of the DC sensor by the running frequency of compressor and by the input current multiplied DC voltage and current.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

The compressor running frequency is below 52 Hz.

(The input current is also below 0.1 A.)

- If this error repeats 4 times, the system will be shut down.
- The error counter will reset itself if this or any other error does not occur during the following 60-minute compressor running time (total time).

Supposed Causes

■ Outdoor unit PCB defective

Troubleshooting



Be sure to turn off power switch before connect or disconnect connector, or parts damage may be occurred.

Replace the outdoor unit PCB.

Si04-807 Troubleshooting

4.19 Thermistor or Related Abnormality (Outdoor Unit)

Remote Controller Display P4, 43, 48, 49

Method of Malfunction Detection

This type of error is detected by checking the thermistor input voltage to the microcomputer. [A thermistor error is detected by checking the temperature.]

Malfunction Decision Conditions

The thermistor input is above 4.96 V or below 0.04 V with the power on. Error 3 is judged if the discharge pipe thermistor temperature is smaller than the condenser thermistor temperature.

Supposed Causes

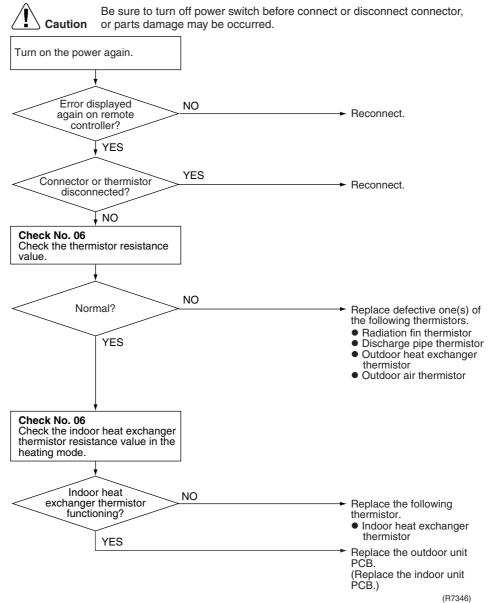
- Connector in poor contact
- Thermistor defective
- Outdoor unit PCB defective
- Indoor unit PCB defective
- Condenser thermistor defective in the case of 🗗 error (outdoor unit heat exchanger thermistor in the cooling mode, or indoor unit heat exchanger thermistor in the heating mode)

Si04-807 **Troubleshooting**

Troubleshooting



Check No.06 Refer to P.112



PY: Radiation fin thermistor

3: Discharge pipe thermistor

45: Outdoor heat exchanger thermistor **#3**: Outdoor air temperature thermistor

Si04-807 Troubleshooting

4.20 Electrical Box Temperature Rise

Remote Controller Display



Method of Malfunction Detection An electrical box temperature rise is detected by checking the radiation fin thermistor with the compressor off.

Malfunction Decision Conditions With the compressor off, the radiation fin temperature is above 93°C. Reset is made when the temperature drops below 70°C.

Supposed Causes

- Fin temperature rise due to defective outdoor unit fan
- Fin temperature rise due to short-circuit
- Fin thermistor defective
- Connector in poor contact
- Outdoor unit PCB defective

Troubleshooting Si04-807

Troubleshooting



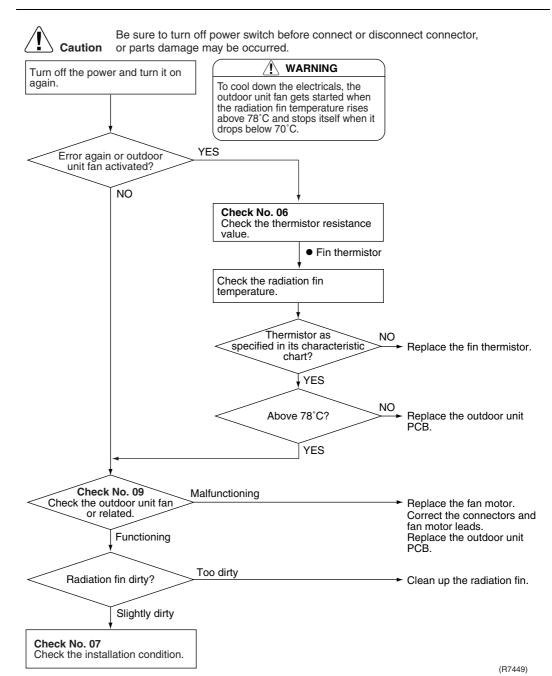
Check No.06 Refer to P.112



Check No.07 Refer to P.113



Check No.09 Refer to P.114



Si04-807 Troubleshooting

4.21 Radiation Fin Temperature Rise

Remote Controller Display



Method of Malfunction Detection

A radiation fin temperature rise is detected by checking the radiation fin thermistor with the compressor on.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

If the radiation fin temperature with the compressor on is above 93°C.

- If a radiation fin temperature rise takes place 255 times successively, the system will be shut down.
- The error counter will reset itself if this or any other error does not occur during the following 60-minute compressor running time (total time).

Supposed Causes

- Fin temperature rise due to defective outdoor unit fan
- Fin temperature rise due to short-circuit
- Fin thermistor defective
- Connector in poor contact
- Outdoor unit PCB defective
- Silicon grease is not applied properly on the heat radiation fin after replacing outdoor unit PCB

Troubleshooting Si04-807

Troubleshooting

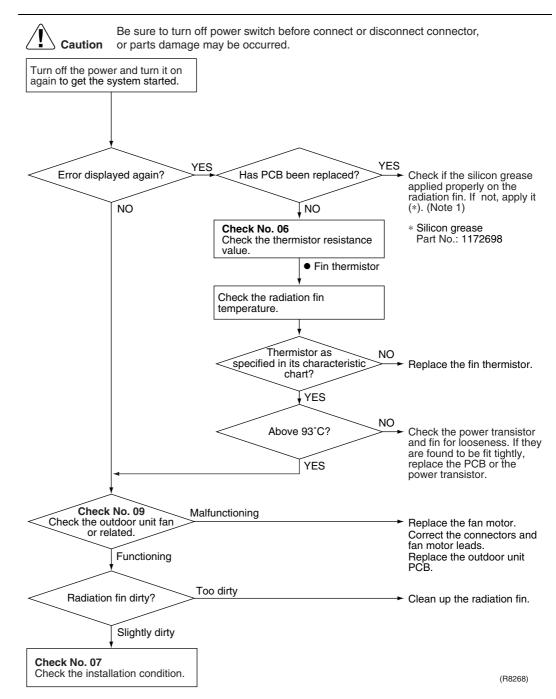
Check No.06 Refer to P.112



Check No.07 Refer to P.113



Check No.09 Refer to P.114



Note:

Refer to "1.3 Application of Silicon grease to a power transistor and a diode bridge" on P160.

Si04-807 Troubleshooting

4.22 Output Over Current Detection

Remote Controller Display 15

Method of Malfunction Detection

An output over-current is detected by checking the current that flows in the inverter DC section.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

- A position signal error occurs while the compressor is running.
- A speed error occurs while the compressor is running.
- An output over-current input is fed from the output over-current detection circuit to the microcomputer.
- The system will be shut down if the error occurs 255 times.
- Clearing condition: Continuous run for about 10 minutes (normal)

Supposed Causes

- Over-current due to defective power transistor
- Over-current due to wrong internal wiring
- Over-current due to abnormal supply voltage
- Over-current due to defective PCB
- Error detection due to defective PCB
- Over-current due to closed stop valve
- Over-current due to compressor failure
- Over-current due to poor installation condition

Troubleshooting Si04-807

Troubleshooting



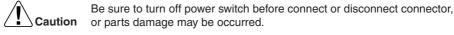
Check No.07 Refer to P.113



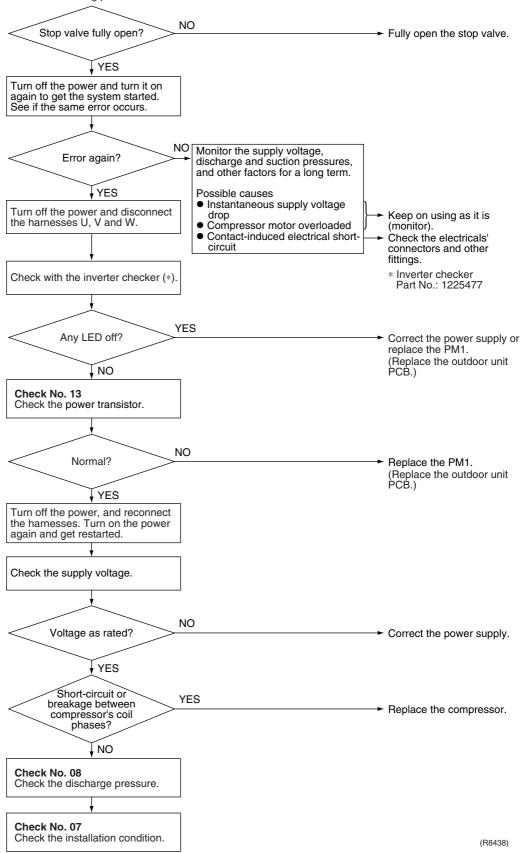
Check No.08 Refer to P.113



Check No.13 Refer to P.115



* An output over-current may result from wrong internal wiring. If the wires have been disconnected and reconnected for part replacement, for example, and the system is interrupted by an output over-current, take the following procedure.



Si04-807 Troubleshooting

4.23 Insufficient Gas

Remote Controller Display



Method of Malfunction Detection

Gas shortage detection I:

A gas shortage is detected by checking the compressor running frequency.

Gas shortage detection II:

A gas shortage is detected by checking the difference between discharge pipe temperature and target temperature.

Malfunction Decision Conditions

Gas shortage detection I:

DC current \times DC voltage < A (A/Hz) \times Compressor running frequency +B

However, when the status of running frequency $> \mathbb{C}$ (Hz) is kept on for a certain time.

Note: The values are different from model to model.

	A	B	C
20 / 25 class	828 / 256	-10	50
35 class	777 / 256	–15	50

Gas shortage detection II:

If a gas shortage error takes place 4 times successively, the system will be shut down. The error counter will reset itself if this or any other error does not occur during the following 60-minute compressor running time (total time).

Supposed Causes

- Refrigerant shortage (refrigerant leakage)
- Poor compression performance of compressor
- Discharge pipe thermistor disconnected, or indoor unit or outdoor unit heat exchanger thermistor disconnected, room or outdoor air temperature thermistor disconnected
- Stop valve closed
- Electronic expansion valve defective

Troubleshooting Si04-807

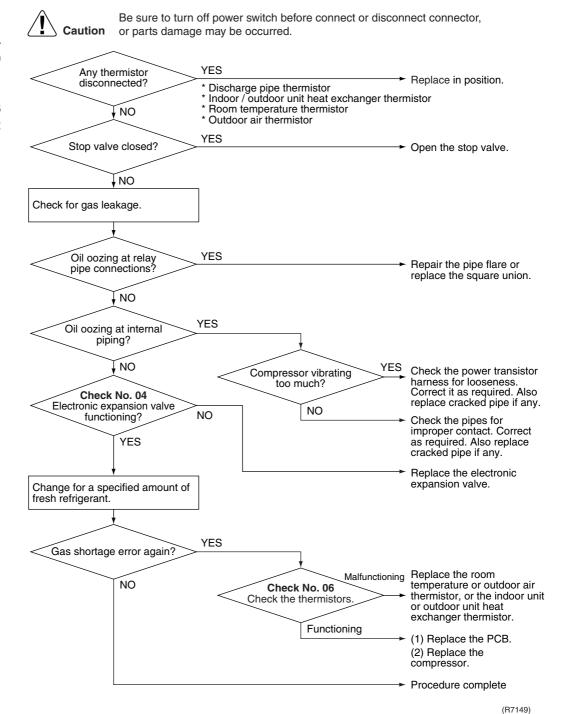
Troubleshooting



Check No.04 Refer to P.110



Check No.06 Refer to P.112



Si04-807 Troubleshooting

4.24 Over-voltage Detection

Remote Controller Display



Method of Malfunction Detection

An abnormal voltage rise is detected by checking the specified over-voltage detection circuit.

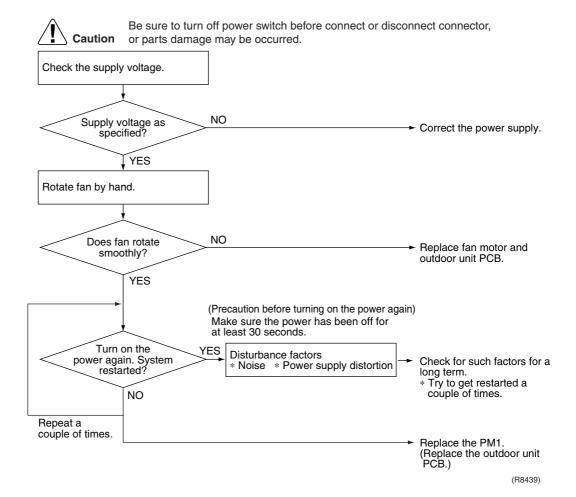
Malfunction Decision Conditions

- An over-voltage signal is fed from the over-voltage detection circuit to the microcomputer (The voltage is over 400V).
- The system will be shut down if the error occurs 255 times.
- Clearing condition: Continuous run for about 10 minutes (normal)

Supposed Causes

- Supply voltage not as specified
- Over-voltage detection circuit defective
- PAM control part(s) defective
- Short circuit inside the fan motor winding.

Troubleshooting



Check Si04-807

5. Check

5.1 How to Check

5.1.1 Electronic Expansion Valve Check

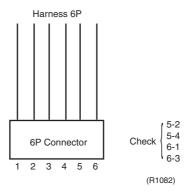
Check No.04

Conduct the followings to check the electronic expansion valve (EV).

1. Check to see if the EV connector is correctly inserted in the PCB. Compare the EV unit and the connector number.

- 2. Turn the power off and back on again, and check to see if all the EVs generate latching sound
- 3. If any of the EVs does not generate latching noise in the above step 2, disconnect that connector and check the conductivity using a tester.

Check the conductivity between pins 1, 3 and 6, and between pins 2, 4 and 5. If there is no conductivity between the pins, the EV coil is faulty.



- 4. If no EV generates latching sound in the above step 2, the outdoor unit PCB is faulty.
- 5. If the conductivity is confirmed in the above step 2, mount a good coil (which generated latching sound) in the EV unit that did not generate latching sound, and check to see if that EV generates latching sound.
 - *If latching sound is generated, the outdoor unit PCB is faulty.
 - *If latching sound is not generated, the EV unit is faulty.

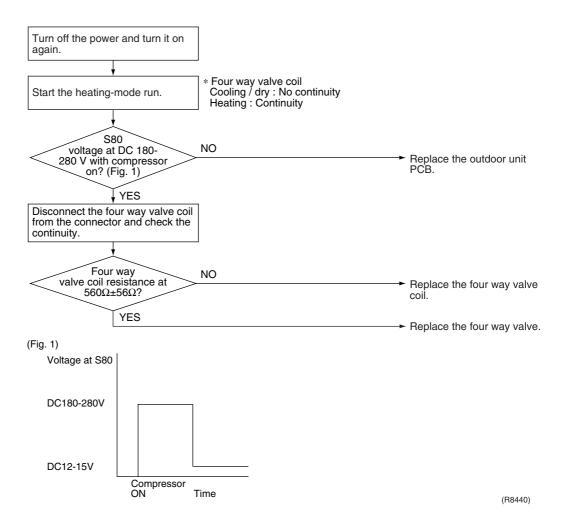
Note:

Please note that the latching sound varies depending on the valve type.

Si04-807 Check

5.1.2 Four Way Valve Performance Check

Check No.05



Check Si04-807

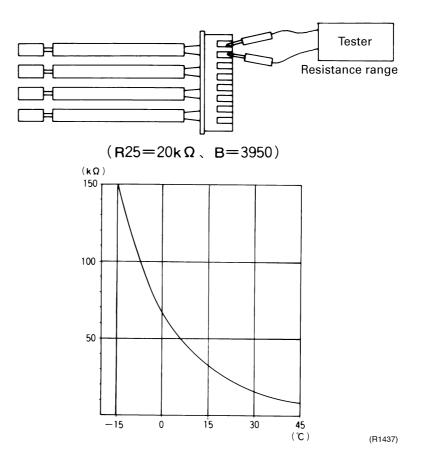
5.1.3 Thermistor Resistance Check

Check No.06

Remove the connectors of the thermistors on the PCB, and measure the resistance of each thermistor using tester.

The relationship between normal temperature and resistance is shown in the graph and the table below.

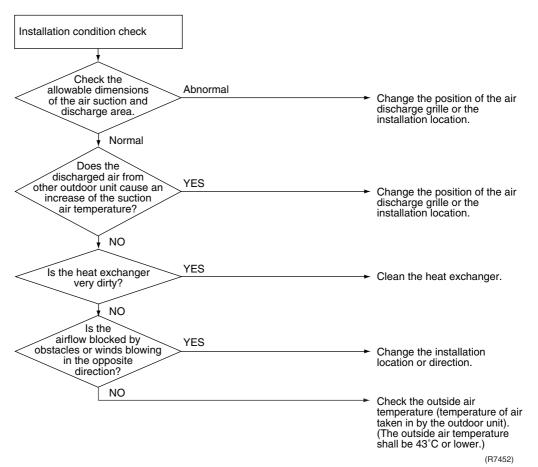
	Thermistor	R25°C=20kΩ B=3950
Temperature (°C)		
-20		197.8 (kΩ)
–15		148.2
-10		112.1
- 5		85.6
0		65.93
5		51.14
10		39.99
15		31.52
20		25.02
25		20.00
30		16.10
35		13.04
40		10.62
45		8.707
50		7.176



Si04-807 Check

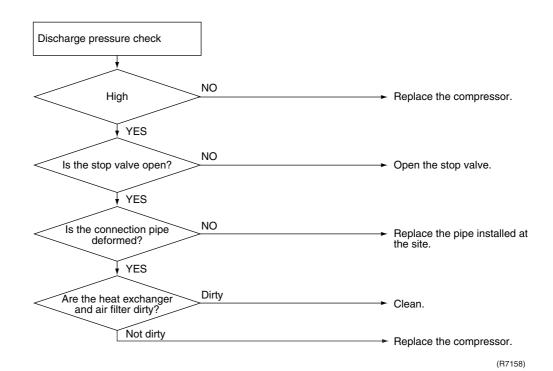
5.1.4 Installation Condition Check

Check No.07



5.1.5 Discharge Pressure Check

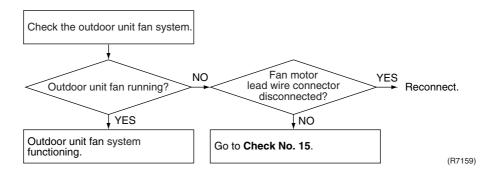
Check No.08



Check Si04-807

5.1.6 Outdoor Unit Fan System Check (With DC Motor)

Check No.09



5.1.7 Power Supply Waveforms Check

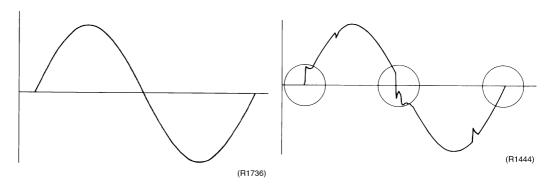
Check No.10

Measure the power supply waveform between pins 1 and 2 on the terminal board, and check the waveform disturbance.

■ Check to see if the power supply waveform is a sine wave (Fig.1).

■ Check to see if there is waveform disturbance near the zero cross (sections circled in Fig.2)

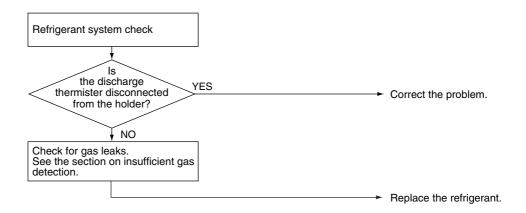
[Fig.1] [Fig.2]



Si04-807 Check

5.1.8 Inverter Units Refrigerant System Check

Check No.11



(R8270)

5.1.9 Power Transistor Check

Check No.13



Check to make sure that the voltage between the terminal of Power transistor (+) and (-) is approx. 0 volt before checking power transistor.

< Measuring method >

Disconnect the compressor harness connector from the outdoor unit PCB. To disengage the connector, press the protrusion on the connector.

Then, follow the procedure below to measure resistance between power transistor (+) and (-) and the U, V and W terminals of the compressor connector with a multi-tester. Evaluate the measurement results for a pass/fail judgment.

<Power transistor check>

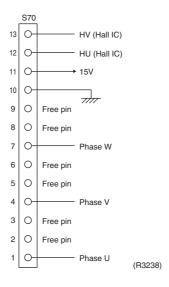
Negative (-) terminal of tester (positive terminal (+) for digital tester)	Power transistor (+)	UVW	Power transistor (-)	UVW
Positive (+) terminal of tester (negative terminal (-) for digital tester)	UVW	Power transistor (+)	UVW	Power transistor (-)
Normal resistance	Several $k\Omega$ to several $M\Omega$ (*)			
Unacceptable resistance	Short (0 Ω) or open			

Check Si04-807

5.1.10 Turning Speed Pulse Input on the Outdoor Unit PCB Check

Check No.15

- <Propeller fan motor>
- (1) Make sure the control voltage of DC15V is being applied.
- (2) Make a turn of the fan motor with hand, and make sure the pulse $(0\sim15\text{V})$ appears 4 times at pins 10 and 13.

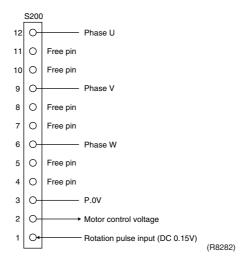


* Propeller fan motor: S70

5.1.11 Indoor PCB Output Check

Check No.18

- (1) Check the connector for connection.
- (2) Check the motor power voltage is generated (between pins 2 and 3).

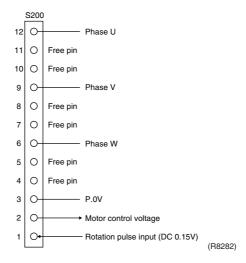


Si04-807 Check

5.1.12 Turning Speed Pulse on the Indoor Unit PCB Check

Check No.19

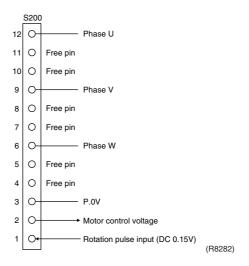
- (1) Check the connector for connection.
- (2) Turn the power on and stop the operation.
- (3) Check if the rotation pulse is input 4 times when the fan motor is manually rotated once (between pins 1 and 3).



5.1.13 Fan Motor Wire/Short Circuit Check

Check No.20

- (1) Check the connector for connection.
- (2) Turn the power off.
- (3) Check if each resistance at the phases U, V and W is between 10Ω and 20Ω (between pins 9 and 7, and between 7 and 5).



Check Si04-807

Part 7 Removal Procedure

1.	Indo	or Unit	120
	1.1	Removal of Air Filter	120
	1.2	Removal of Front Panel	122
	1.3	Removal of Front Grille	123
	1.4	Removal of Horizontal Blades and Safety Net	125
	1.5	Removal of Electrical Box / Vertical Blade	127
	1.6	Removal of PCB / Swing Motor	130
	1.7	Removal of Heat Exchanger	134
	1.8	Removal of Fan Rotor	137
	1.9	Exchange of Drain Hose	140
2.		door Unit	
	2.1	Removal of Panels	141
	2.2	Removal of Fan Motor / Propeller Fan	143
	2.3	Removal of PCB	144
	2.4	Removal of Sound Blanket	151
	2.5	Removal of Four Way Valve	153
		Removal of Compressor	

Indoor Unit Si04-807

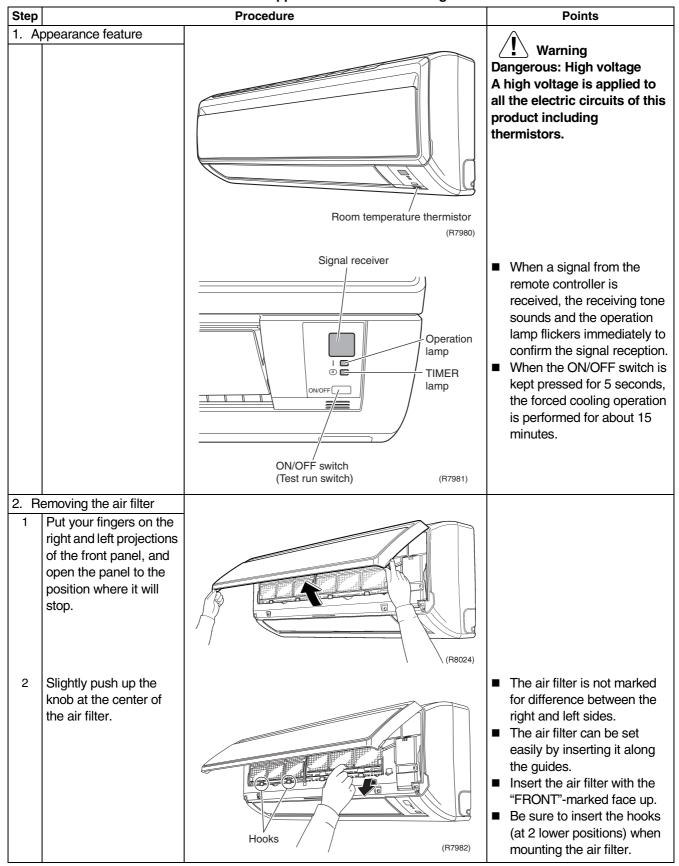
1. Indoor Unit

1.1 Removal of Air Filter

Procedure

/ Warning

Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.



Si04-807 Indoor Unit

Step		Procedure	Points
3	Pull out the air filter downwards and remove it.	(R7983)	
ap	emoving the titanium patite photocatalytic air-		
1	The titanium apatite photocatalytic airpurifying filter is attached to the back of the air filter.	Titanium apatite photocatalytic air-purifying filter (R8025)	
2	Remove the titanium	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	apatite photocatalytic air-purifying filter frame by bending the air filter and unfastening the projections from the air filter frame.	Projections (R8026)	
3	Remove the titanium apatite photocatalytic air-purifying filter from its frame (at 5 positions) by bending it.	Hook (R8027)	 To prevent the damage, do not remove the flame when cleaning the filter. The shape of filter varies depending on the model. The titanium apatite photocatalytic air-purifying filter is not marked for difference between the right and left sides.

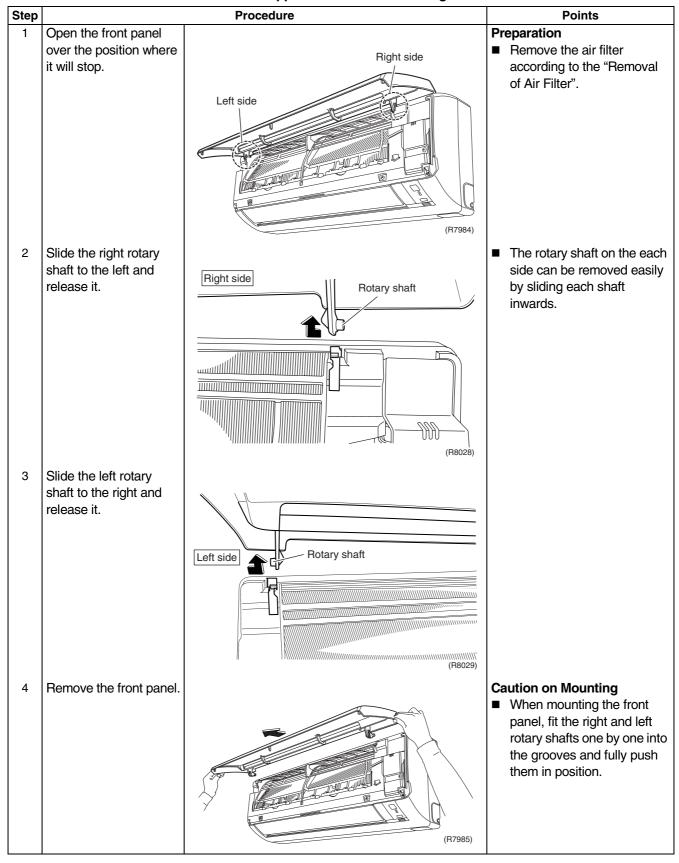
Indoor Unit Si04-807

1.2 Removal of Front Panel

Procedure



Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.



Si04-807 Indoor Unit

1.3 Removal of Front Grille

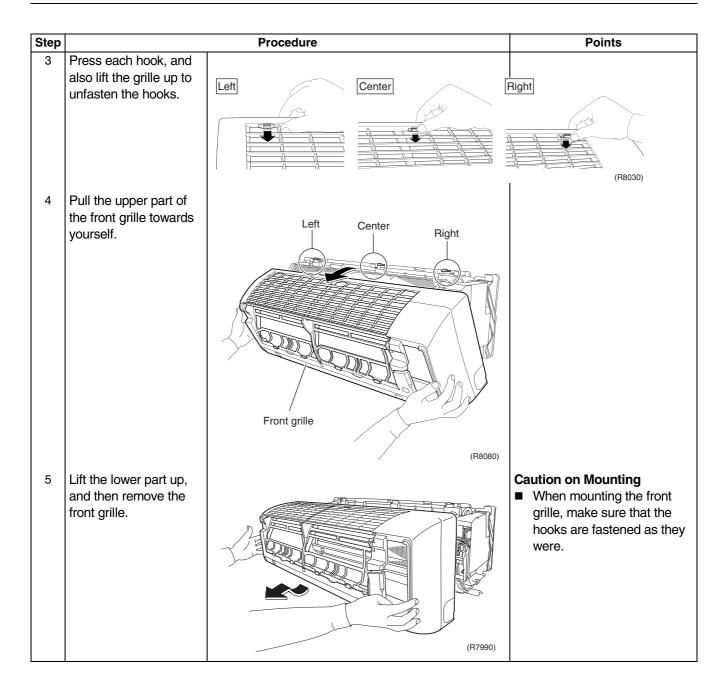
Procedure

Warning

Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step		Procedure	Points
1. R	emoving the service		
1	Remove the screw of the service cover.	(R7986)	Preparation ■ Remove the front panel according to the "Removal of Front Panel". ■ No field setting switch is inside it. ■ You can remove the front grille without detaching the service cover.
2	Pull out the service cover diagonally down in the direction of the arrow.	Service cover (R7987)	
2. R	emoving the front grille		
1	Remove the 2 screws, in the right and the left, which fix the main body with the front grille.	(R7988)	
2	Undo the 3 hooks on the top of the front grille. The front grille has 3 hooks on the center and the both sides of the upper part.	Hooks (R7989)	■ Refer to the removal procedure in a reverse way when reassembling.

Indoor Unit Si04-807



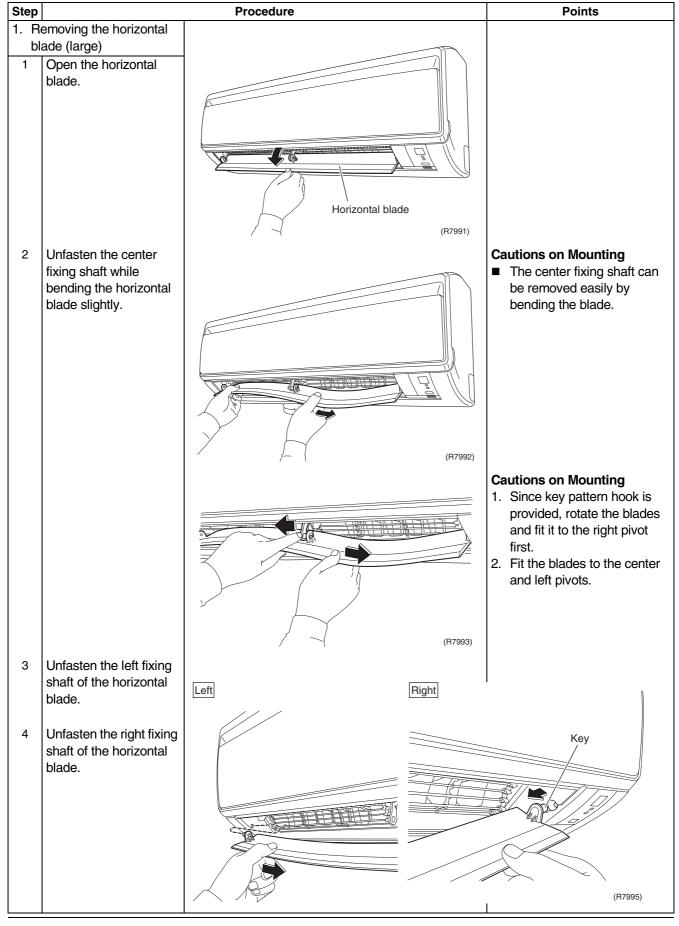
Si04-807 Indoor Unit

1.4 Removal of Horizontal Blades and Safety Net

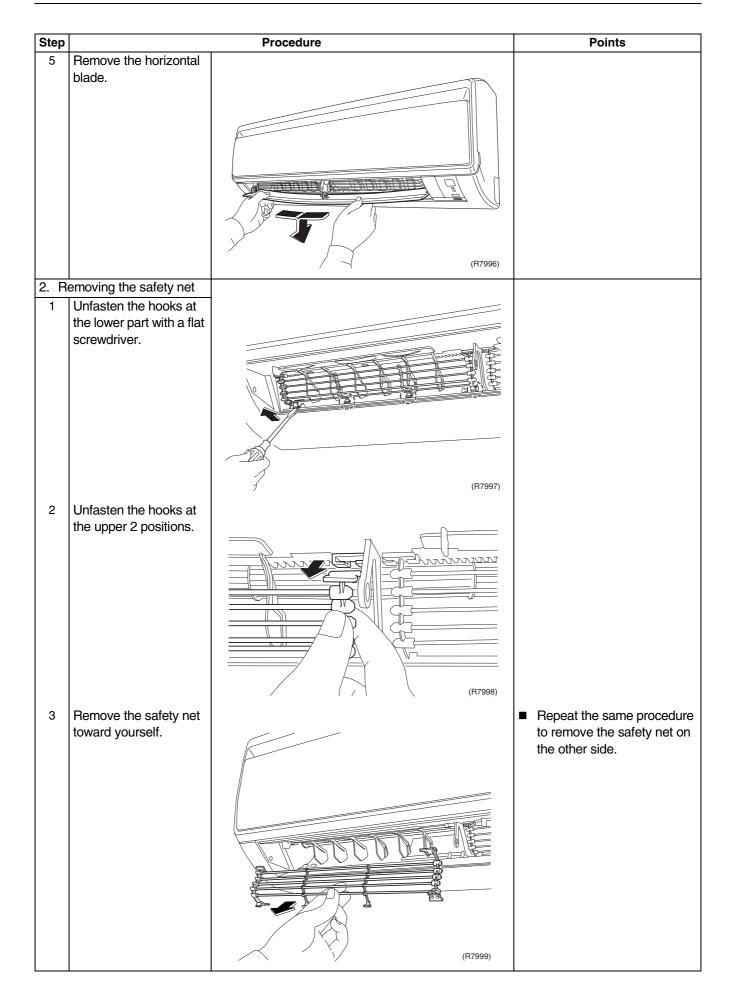
Procedure

/ Warning

Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.



Indoor Unit Si04-807



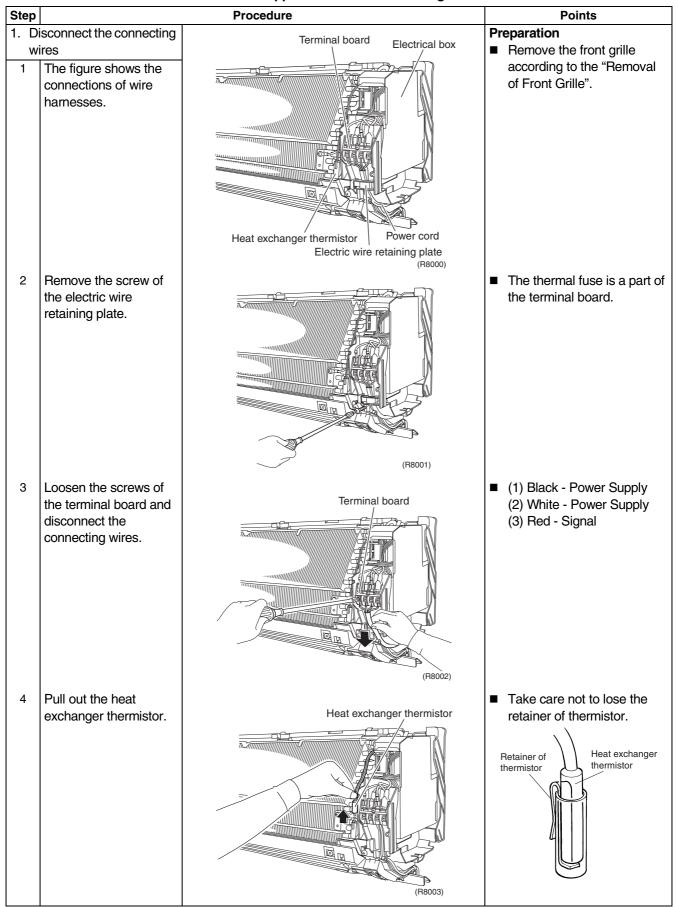
Si04-807 Indoor Unit

1.5 Removal of Electrical Box / Vertical Blade

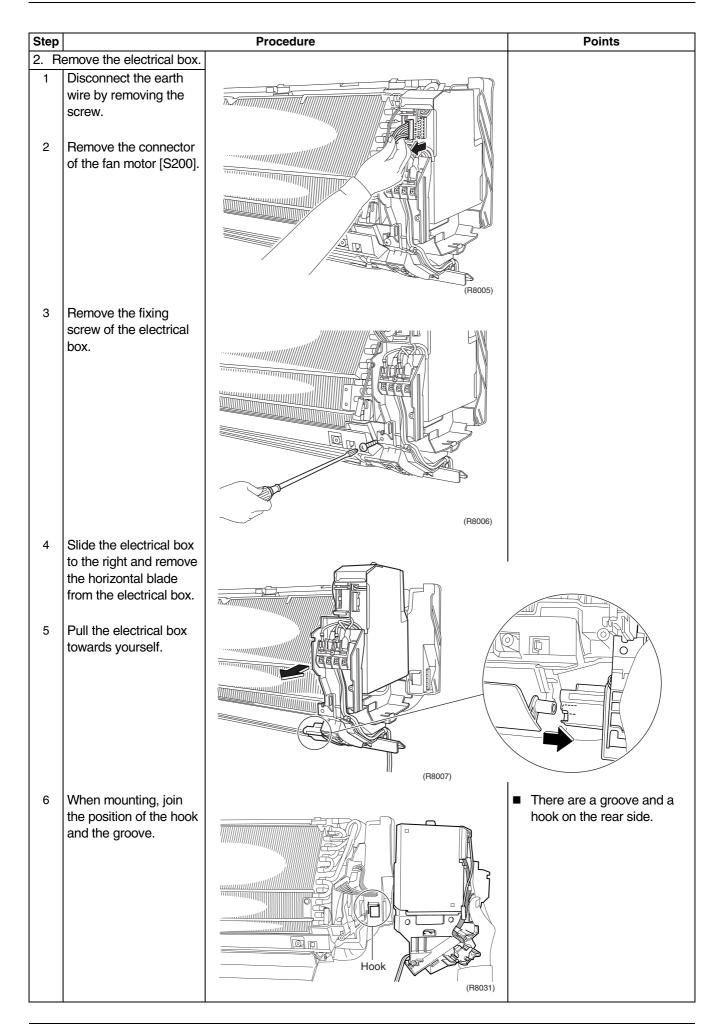
Procedure

/ Warning

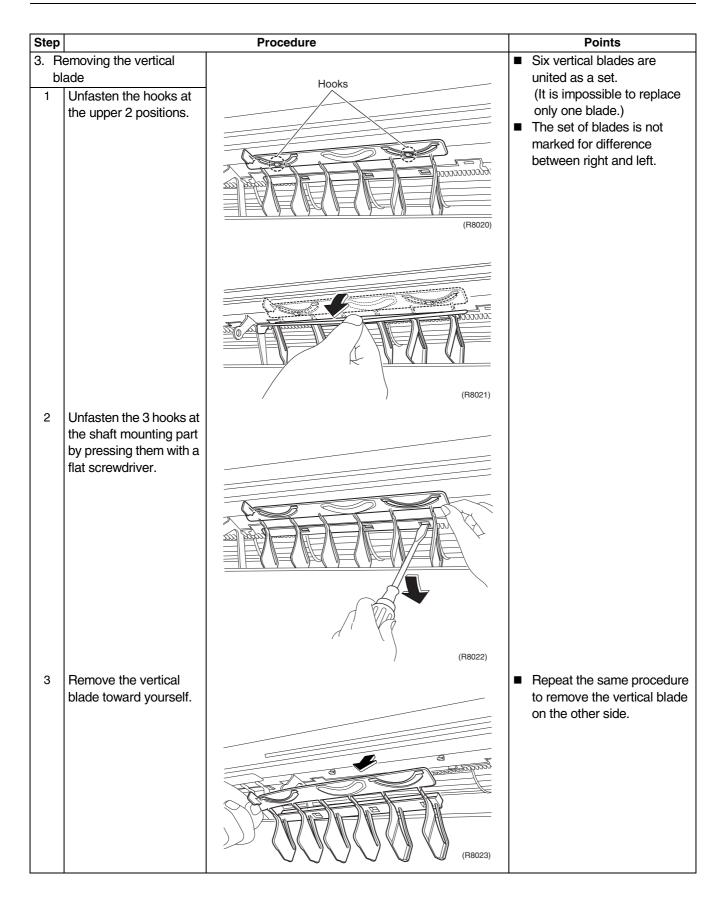
Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.



Indoor Unit Si04-807



Si04-807 Indoor Unit



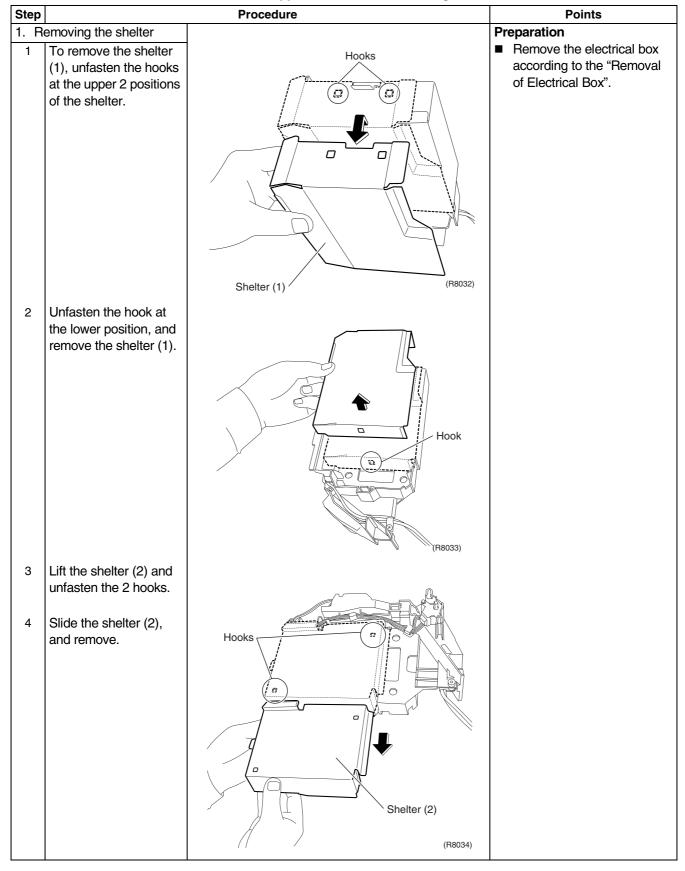
Indoor Unit Si04-807

1.6 Removal of PCB / Swing Motor

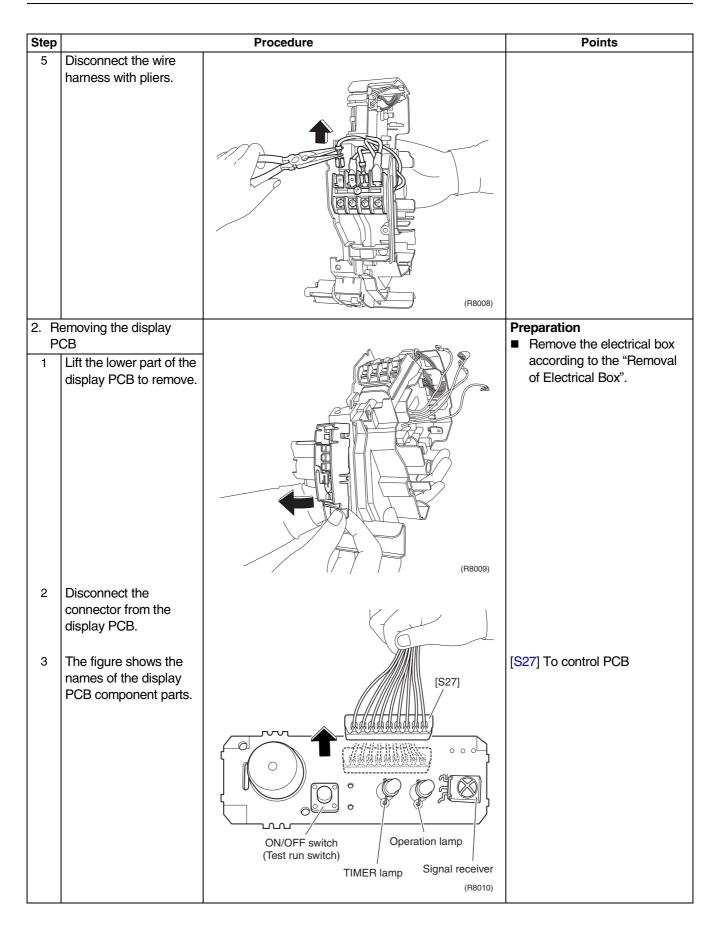
Procedure

/ Warning

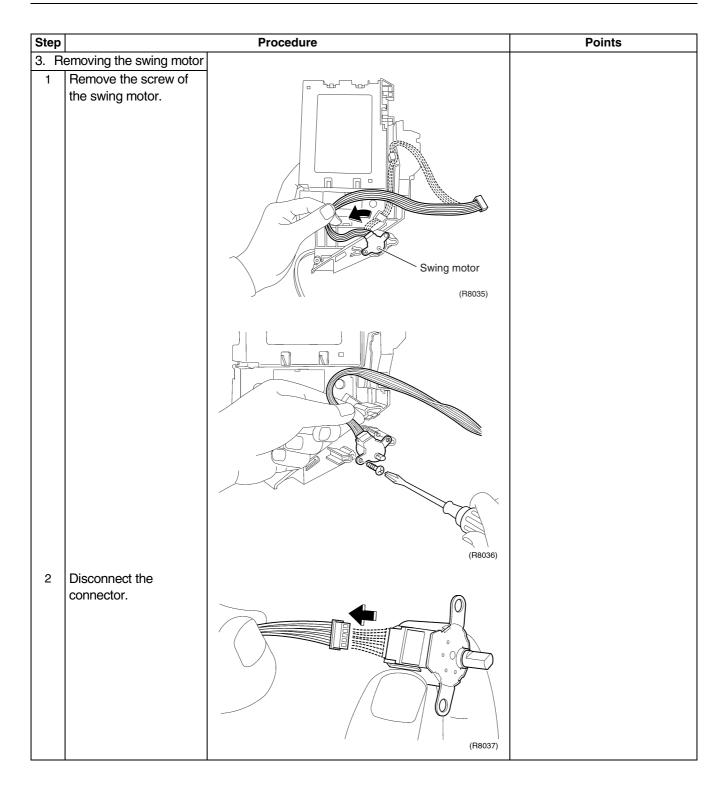
Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.



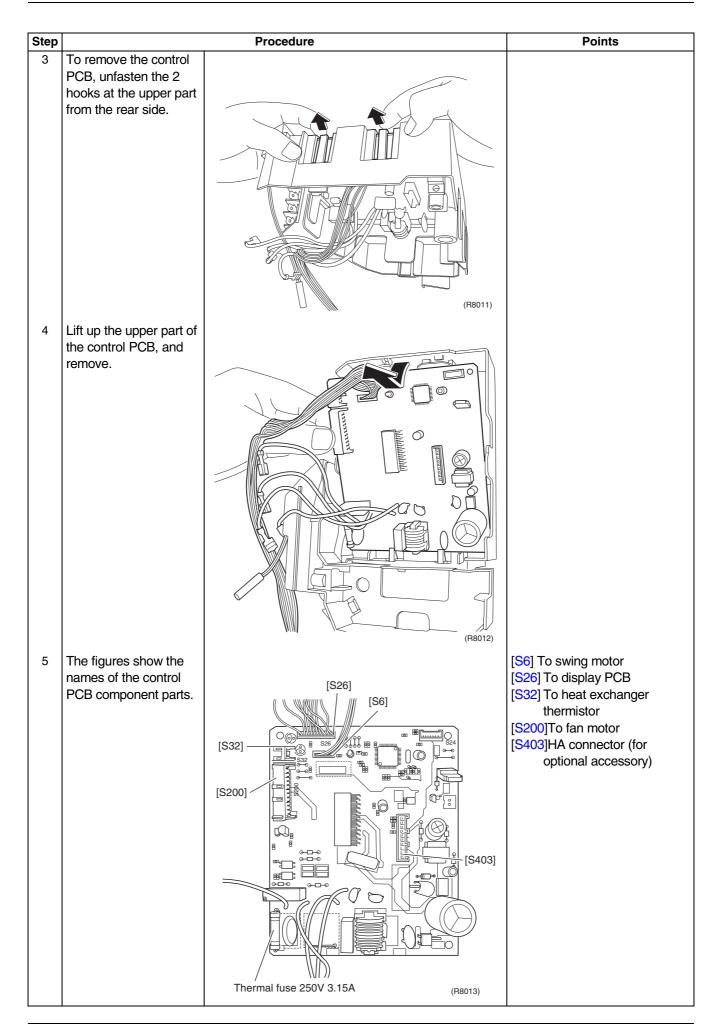
Si04-807 Indoor Unit



Indoor Unit Si04-807



Si04-807 Indoor Unit



Indoor Unit Si04-807

1.7 Removal of Heat Exchanger

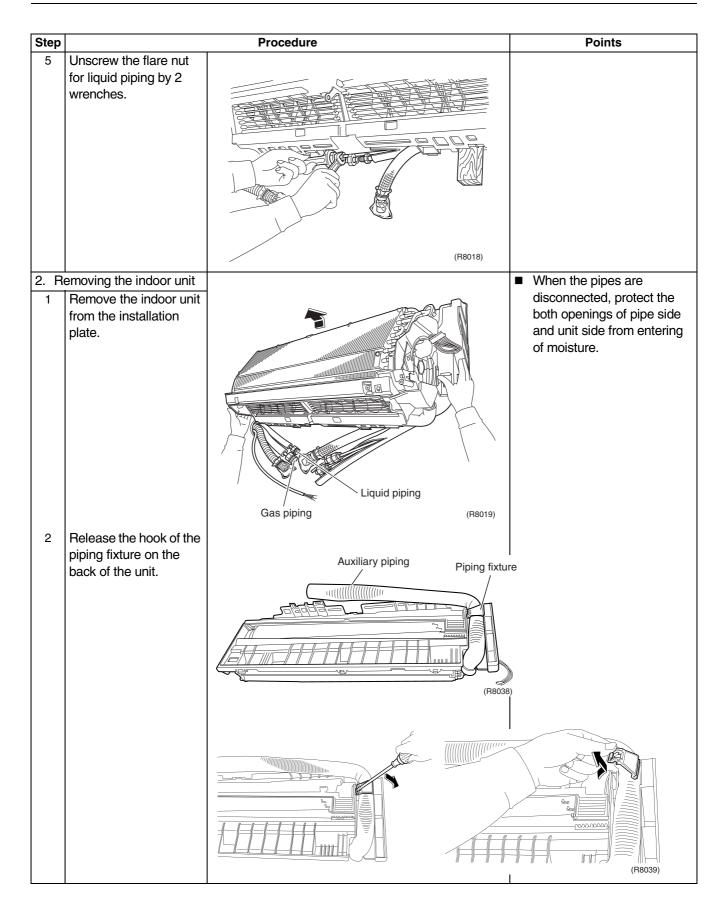
Procedure

⚠ Warning

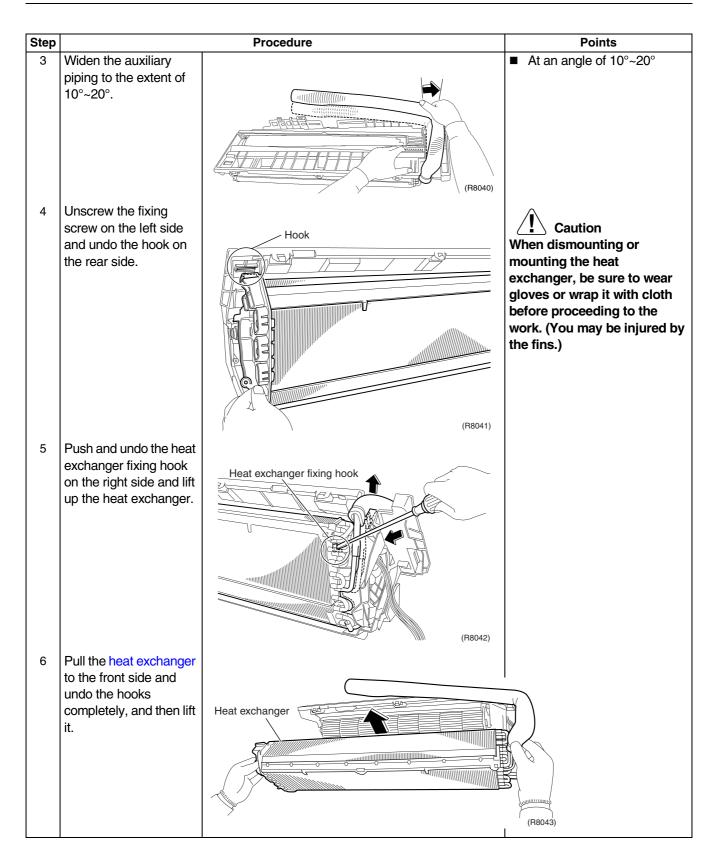
Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

Step **Procedure Points** 1. Disconnecting the **Preparation** ■ Remove the electrical box refrigerant pipe according to the "Removal Remove the screws of Electrical Box". which fix the heat exchanger to the Caution installation plate. In pump-down work, be sure to stop the compressor before disconnecting the refrigerant pipe. If the refrigerant pipe is disconnected with the (R8014) compressor being operated and the stop valve being Lift the indoor unit by a open, air may be sucked in to wooden base. generate an over-pressure in refrigeration cycle, thus resulting in pipe rupture or accidental injury. ■ If the drain hose is embedded in the wall. disconnect the drain hose beforehand. Wooden base (R8015) Place a plastic bag under the drain pan to prevent from wetting the floor with remaining drain. Drain hose (option) Extension drain hose Connecting wires (3 leads) (R8016) 4 Unscrew the flare nut Caution for gas piping by 2 wrenches. From the point of view of environmental protection, be sure to use a vacuum pump for air purging. (R8017)

Si04-807 Indoor Unit



Indoor Unit Si04-807



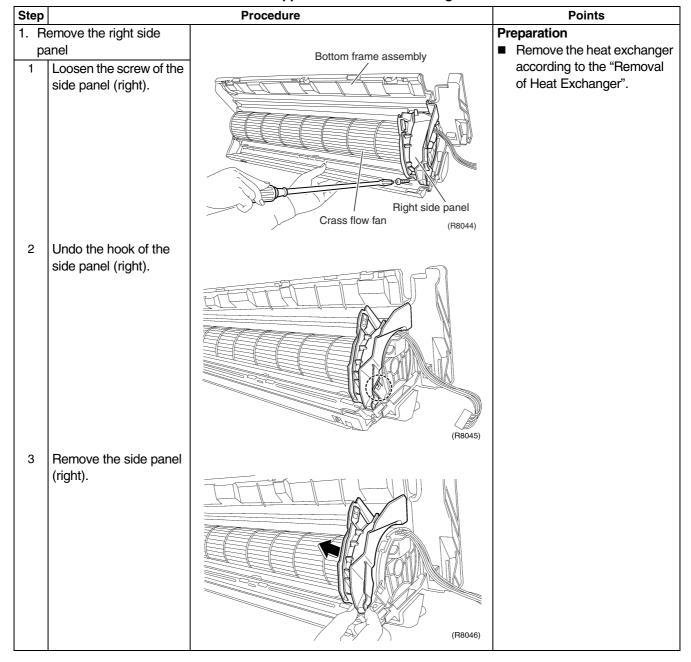
Si04-807 Indoor Unit

1.8 Removal of Fan Rotor

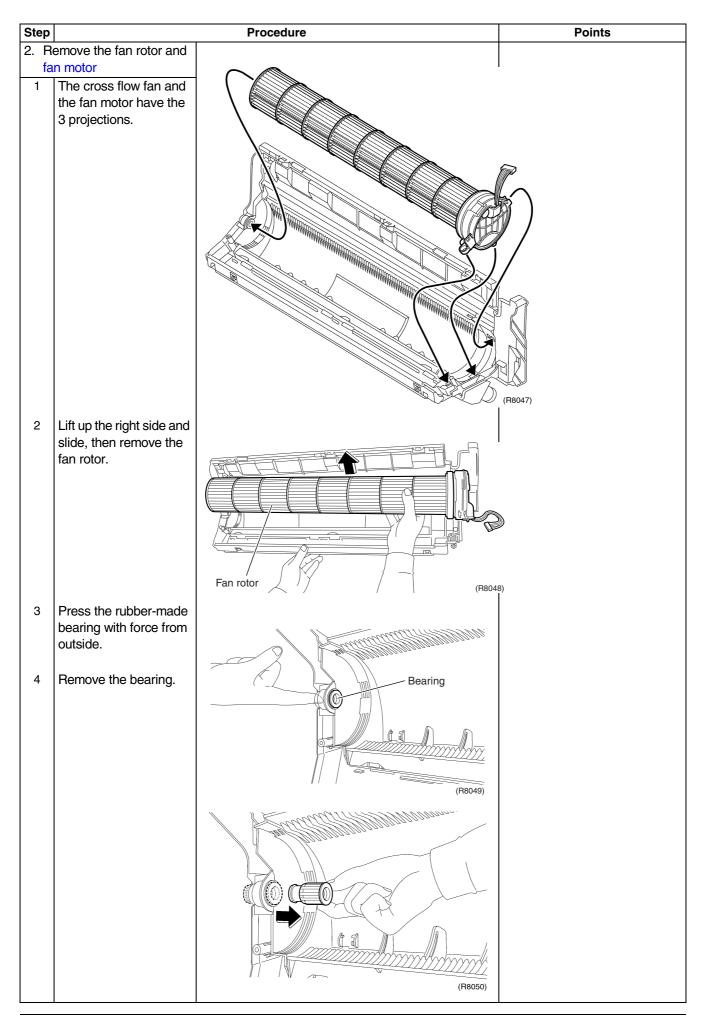
Procedure

Warning

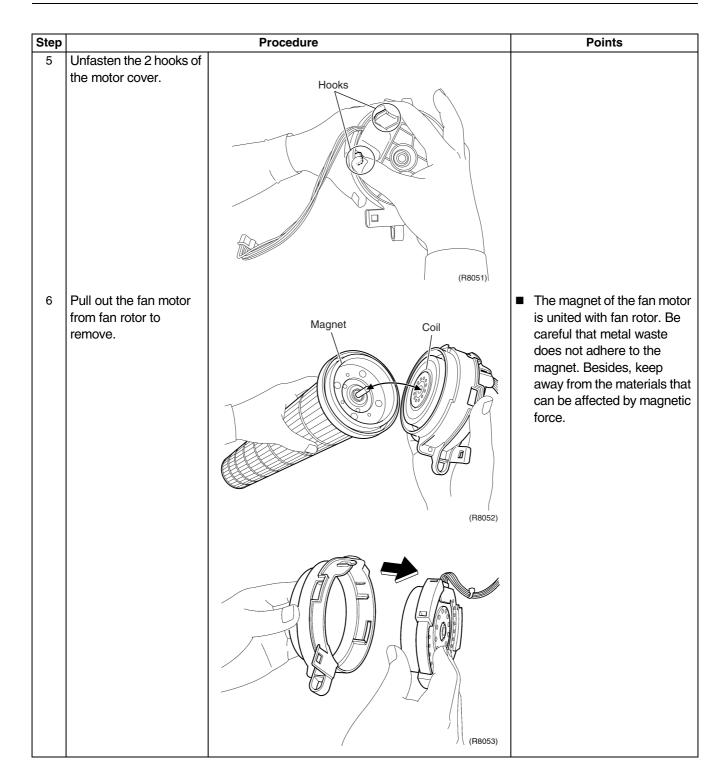
Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.



Indoor Unit Si04-807



Si04-807 Indoor Unit



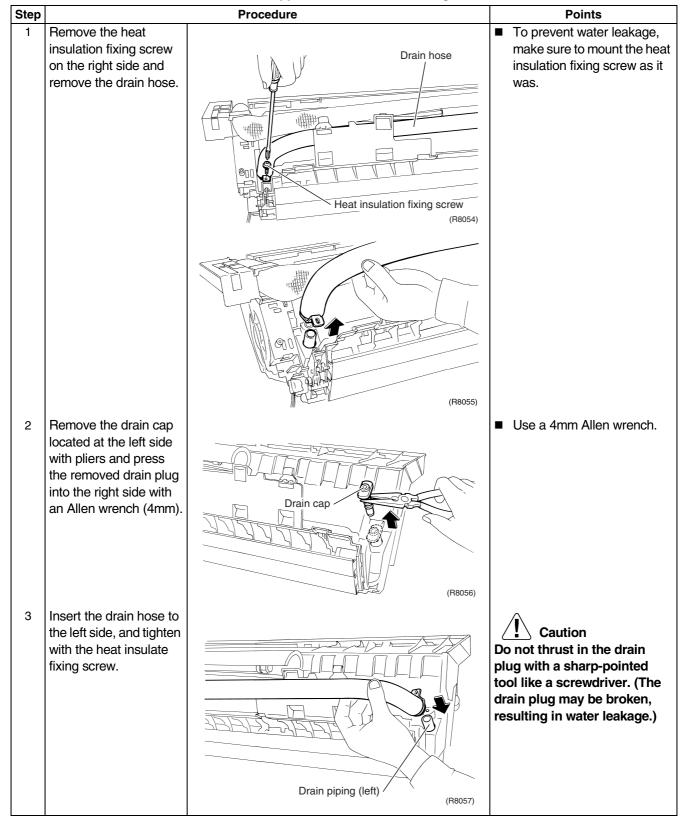
Indoor Unit Si04-807

1.9 Exchange of Drain Hose

Procedure

/ Warning

Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

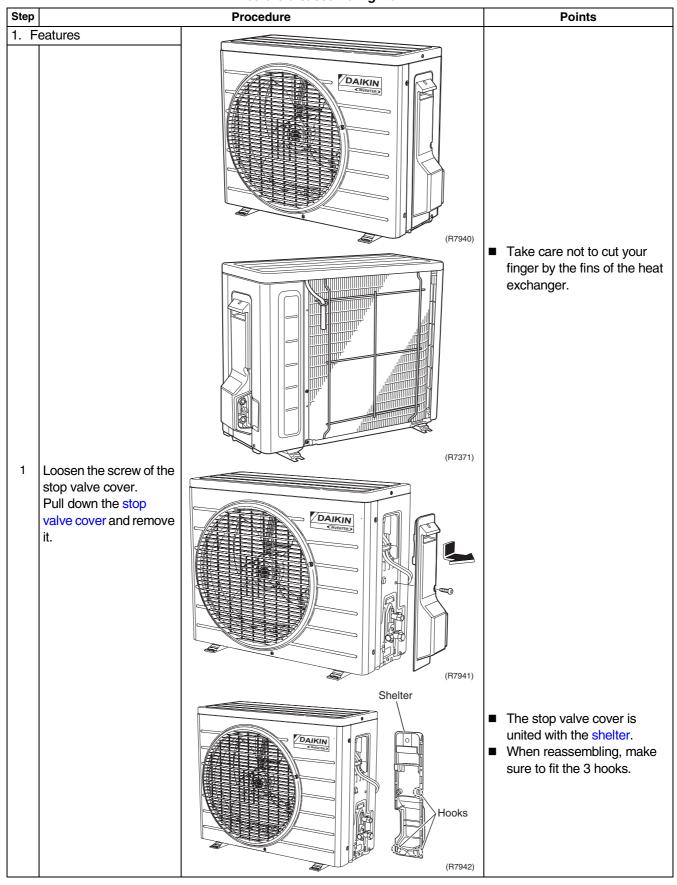


2. Outdoor Unit

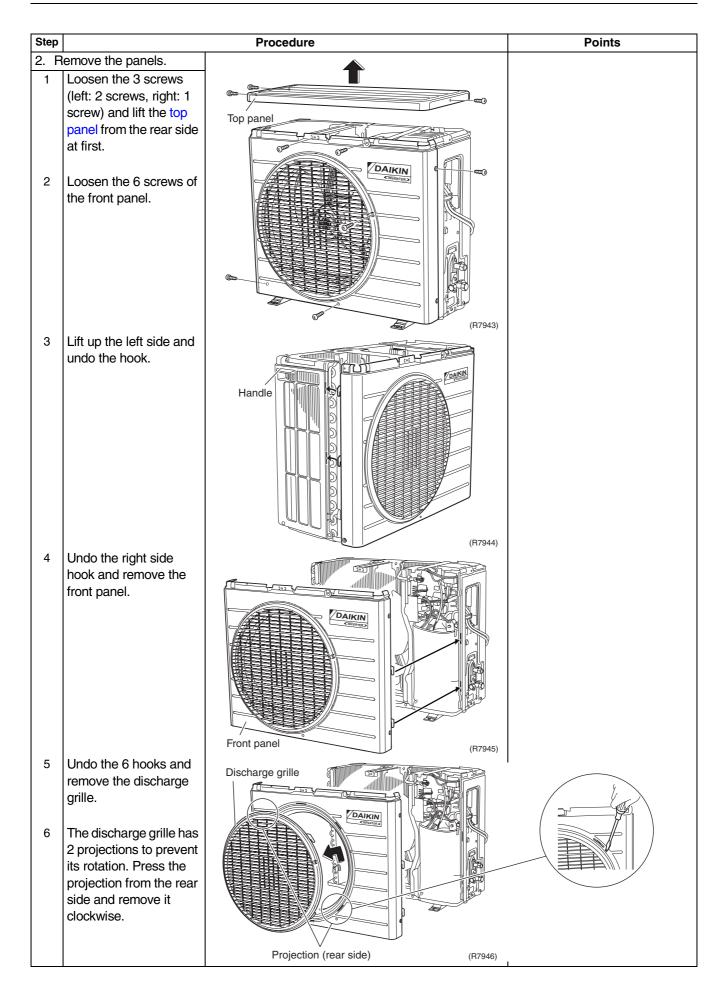
2.1 Removal of Panels

Procedure

Warning Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.



Outdoor Unit Si04-807

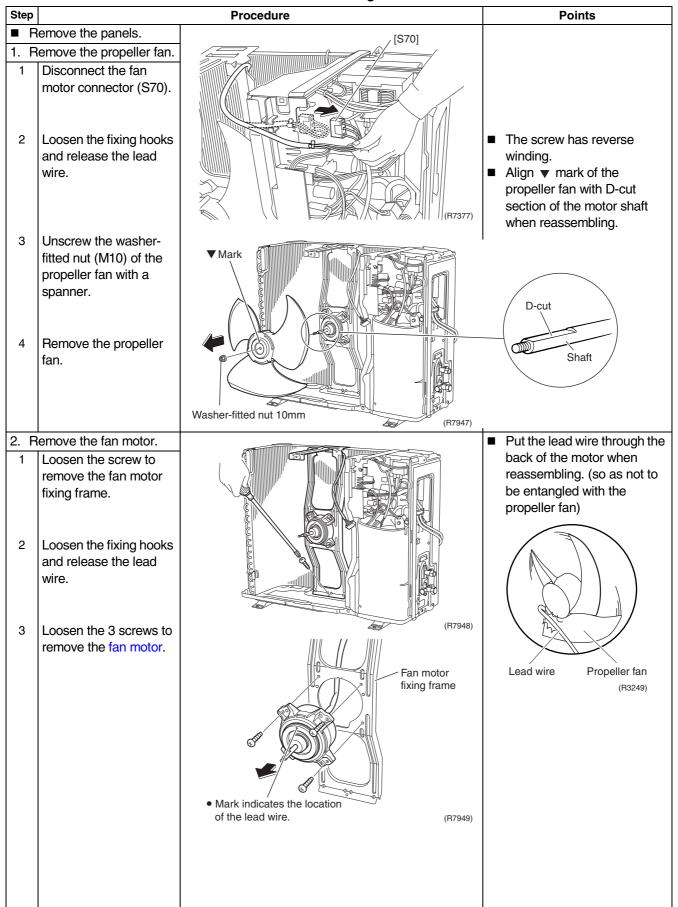


2.2 Removal of Fan Motor / Propeller Fan

Procedure

Warning

Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.

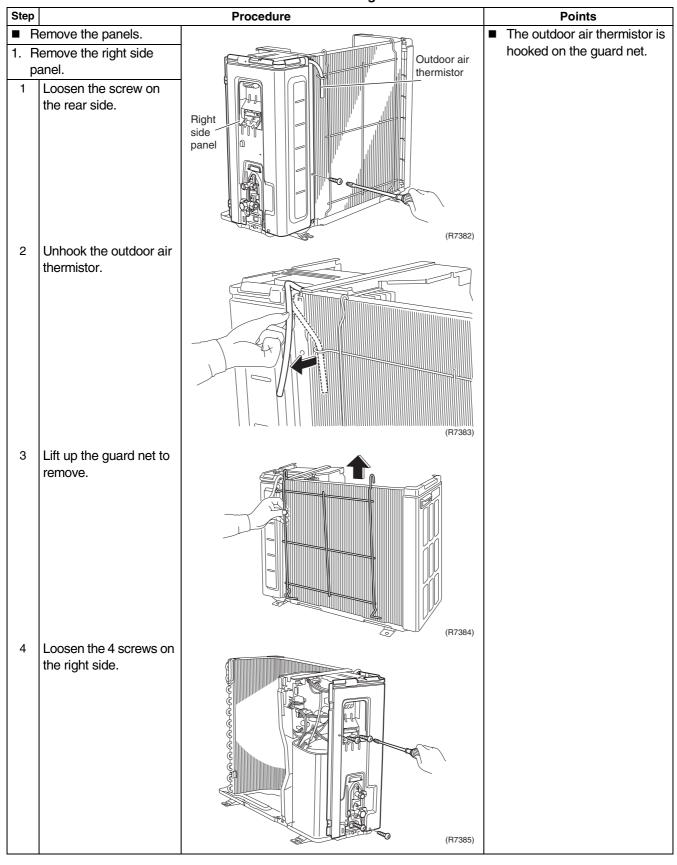


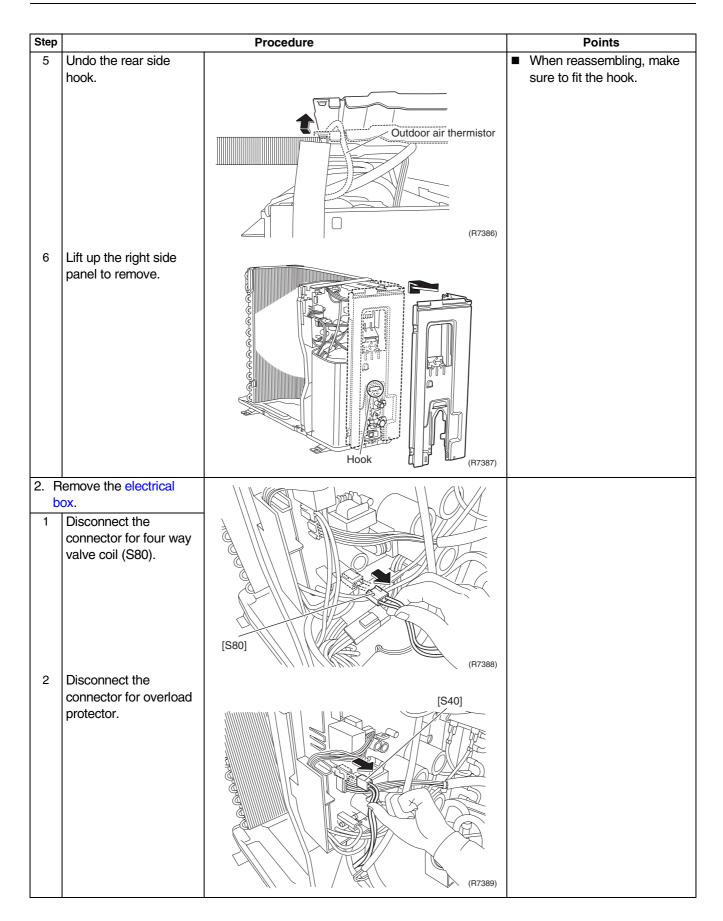
Outdoor Unit Si04-807

2.3 Removal of PCB

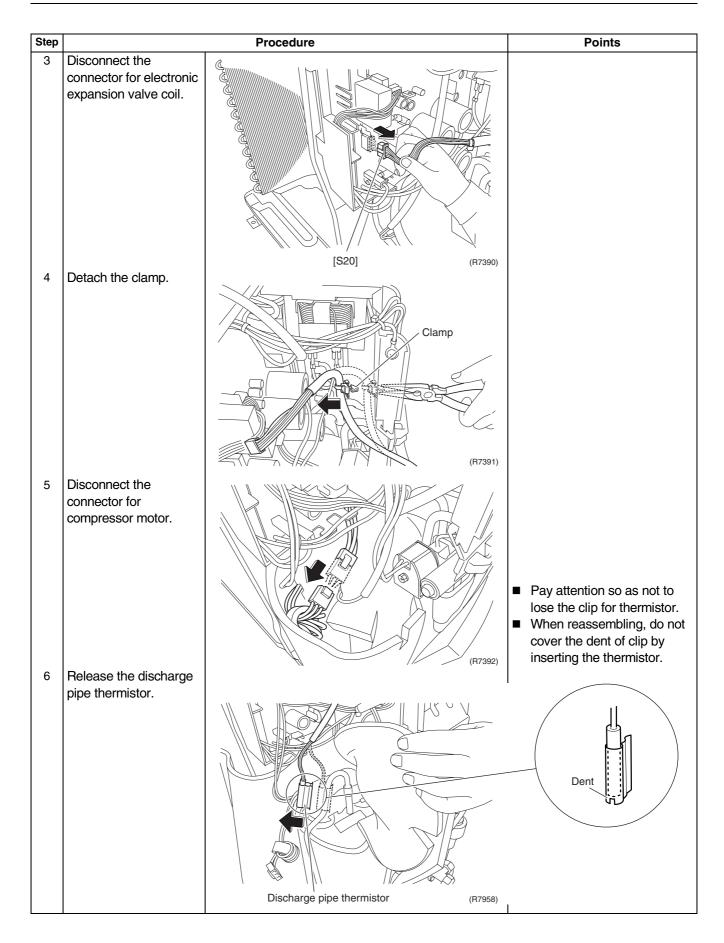
Procedure

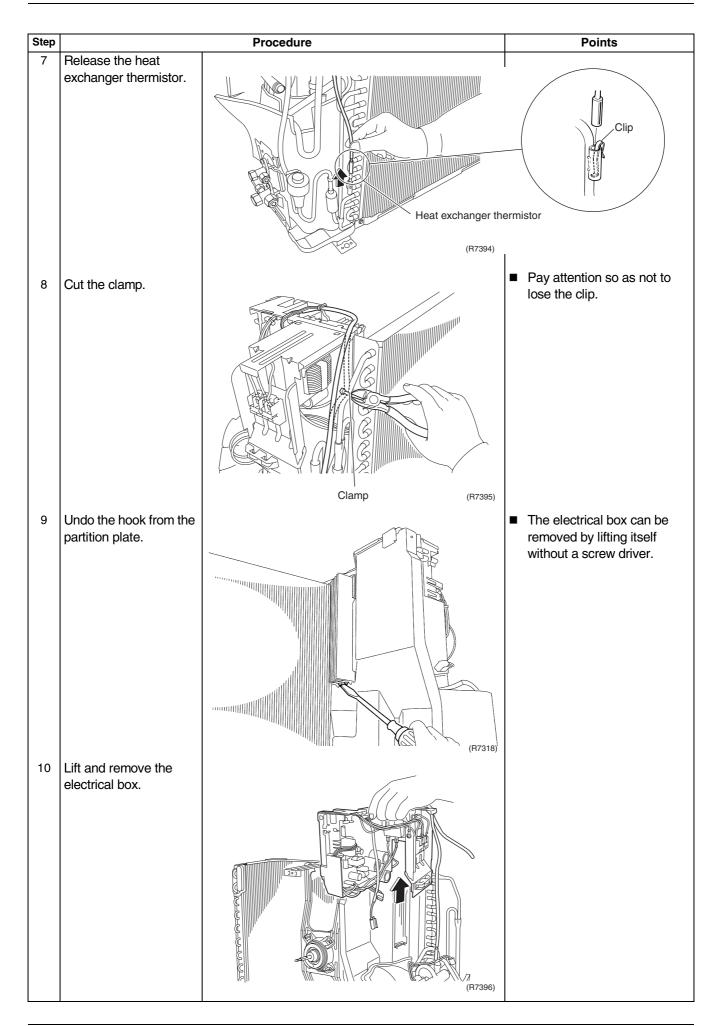
Warning Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.



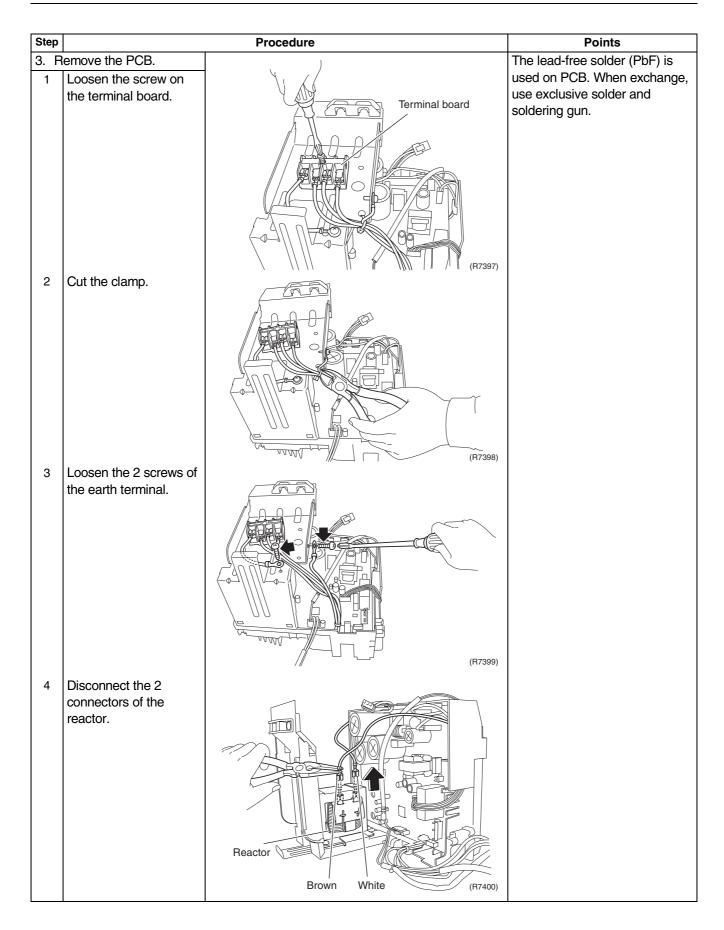


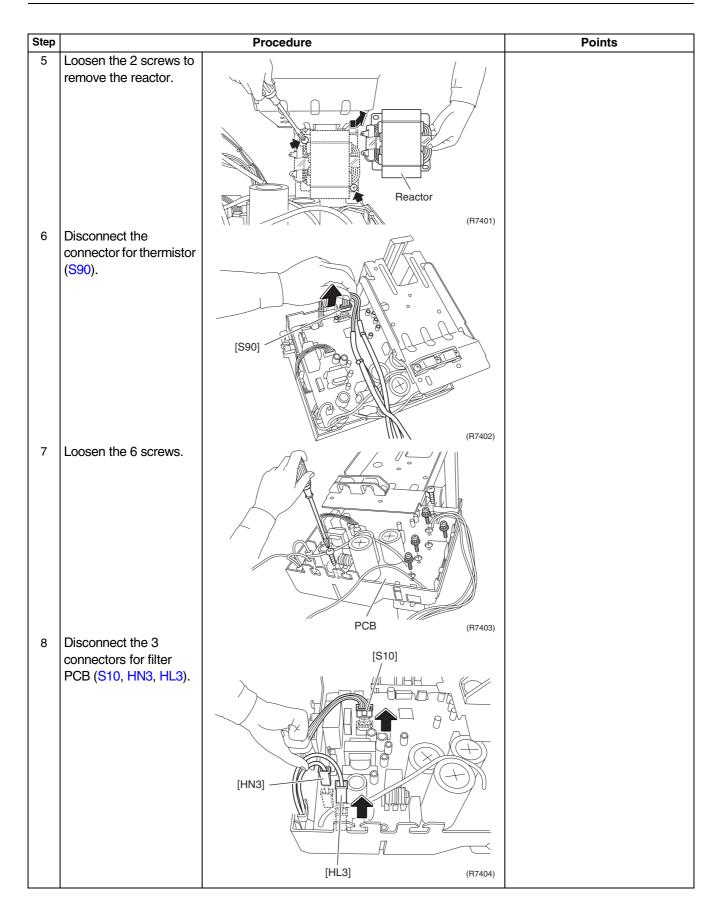
Outdoor Unit Si04-807



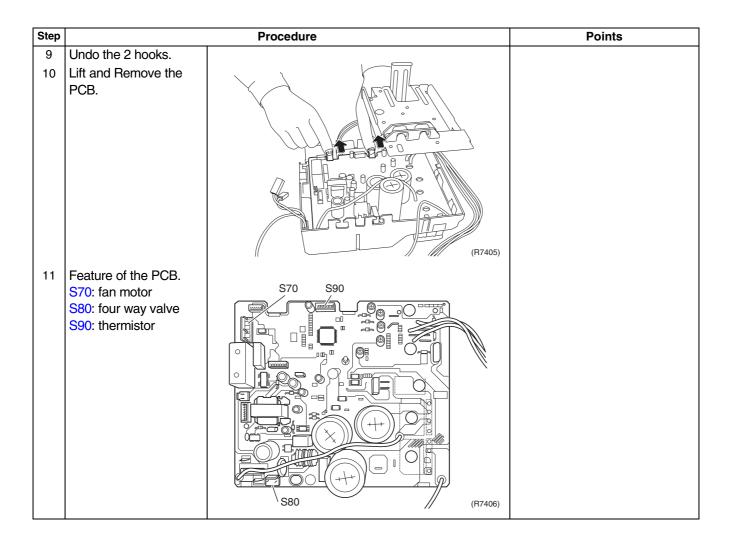


Outdoor Unit Si04-807





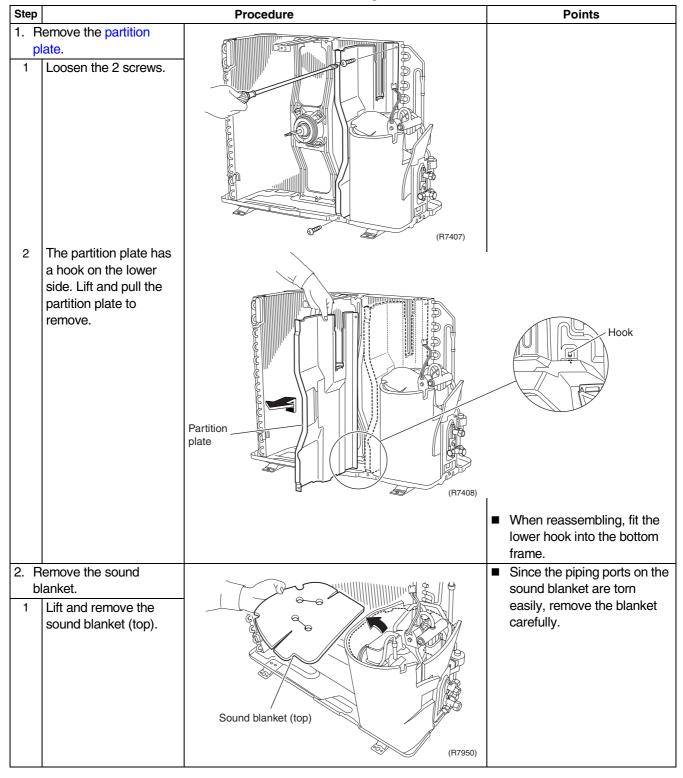
Outdoor Unit Si04-807



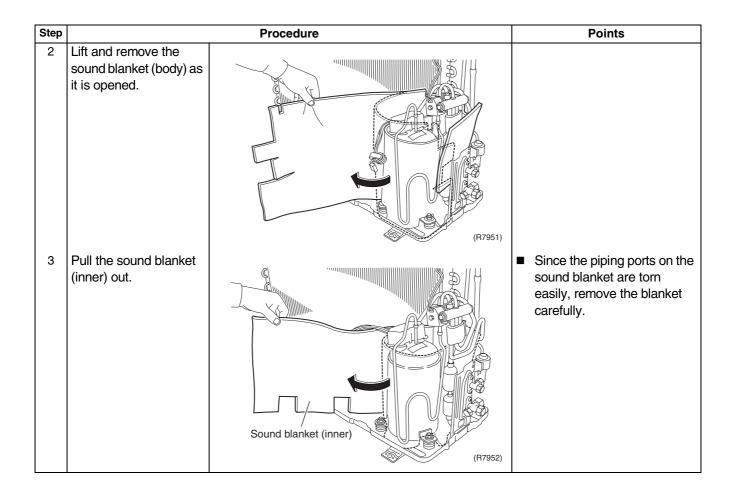
2.4 Removal of Sound Blanket

Procedure

Warning Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.



Outdoor Unit Si04-807

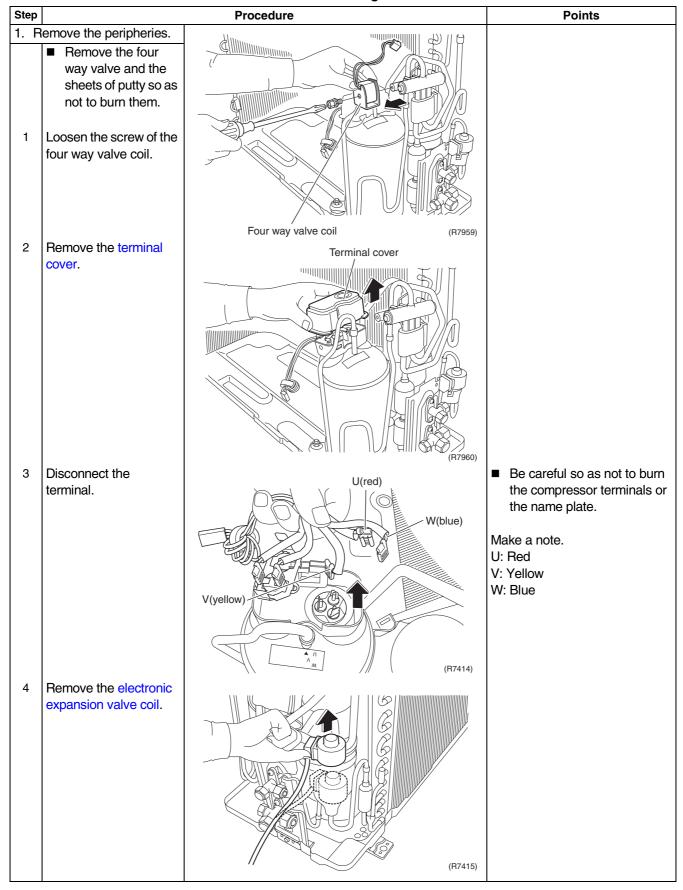


2.5 Removal of Four Way Valve

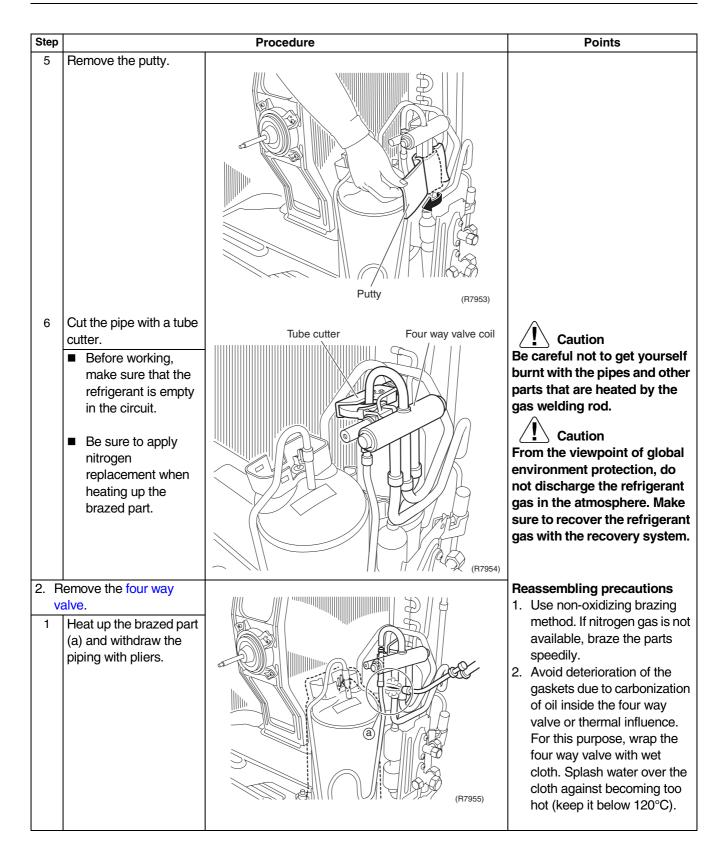
Procedure

/ Warning

Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies before disassembling work.



Outdoor Unit Si04-807



Step Points **Procedure** Heat the 3 brazed ■ In pulling the pipes, be careful not to over-tighten points of the four way valve. Disconnect the them with pliers. The pipes point (b) first. may get deformed. 3 Disconnect the points If the gas welding machine fails (c) and (d). to remove the four way valve, take the steps below. Warning 1. Disconnect the brazed pipe If refrigerant gas leaks sections that are readily during the job, easy to separate and join ventilate the room. together later. (Bear in mind that if 2. With a small copper tube the refrigerant gas is cutter, cut off the internal exposed to open pipes to easily take out the flames, noxious gas four way valve. may be generated.) Note: Never use a hack saw. The sawdust may come into the circuit.

(R7957)

Outdoor Unit Si04-807

Removal of Compressor 2.6

Procedure

to use the vacuum pump for air purge.

Warning

Be sure to wait 10 minutes or more after turning off all power supplies

before disassembling work. Step **Procedure Points** 1. Remove the peripheries. Warning Remove the four Ventilate when refrigerant way valve, the terminal cover and leaks during the work. (If refrigerant contacts fire, it the lead wire for will cause to arise toxic gas.) compressor so as Provide a protective sheet or not to burr them. a steel plate so that the brazing flame cannot Unscrew the nut of the influence peripheries. compressor. ■ Be careful so as not to burn (R7961) the compressor terminals or 2. Remove the compressor. Discharge side the name plate. ■ Before working, ■ Be careful so as not to burn make sure that the the heat exchanger fin. refrigerant is empty in the circuit. Warning ■ Be sure to apply Since it may happen that nitrogen refrigeration oil in the replacement when compressor will catch fire. heating up the prepare wet cloth so as to brazed part. extinguish fire immediately. In case of the difficulty with gas brazing machine 1. Disconnect the brazed part (B7962) where is easy to disconnect Heat up the brazed part and restore. of the discharge side 2. Cut pipes on the main unit by and disconnect. a miniature copper tube 2 Heat up the brazed part cutter in order to make it of the suction side and easy to disconnect. disconnect. **Cautions for restoration** 3 Lift the compressor up 1. Restore the piping by nonand remove it. Suction side oxidation brazing. 2. It is required to prevent the **Caution** carbonization of the oil inside From the viewpoint of the four way valve and the global environment deterioration of the gaskets protection, do not affected by heat. For the discharge the (R7963) sake of this, wrap the four refrigerant gas in the way valve with wet cloth and atmosphere. Make provide water so that the sure to recover the cloth will not be dried and refrigerant gas with avoid excessive heating. the recovery system. (Keep below 120°C) Caution Note: Do not use a metal From the viewpoint of saw for cutting pipes by all global environment means because the sawdust protection, make sure

Removal Procedure 156

(B7964)

come into the circuit.

Part 8 Others

1.	Othe	ers	158
	1.1	Test Run from the Remote Controller	158
	1.2	Jumper Settings	159
		Application of Silicon Grease to a Power Transistor and	
		a Diode Bridge	160

Others 157

Others Si04-807

1. Others

1.1 Test Run from the Remote Controller

For Heat pump

In cooling mode, select the lowest programmable temperature; in heating mode, select the highest programmable temperature.

- Trial operation may be disabled in either mode depending on the room temperature.
- After trial operation is complete, set the temperature to a normal level. (26°C to 28°C in cooling mode, 20°C to 24°C in heating mode)
- For protection, the system disables restart operation for 3 minutes after it is turned off.

For Cooling Only

Select the lowest programmable temperature.

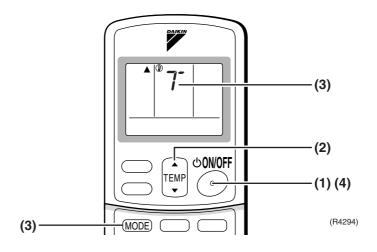
- Trial operation in cooling mode may be disabled depending on the room temperature. Use the remote control for trial operation as described below.
- After trial operation is complete, set the temperature to a normal level (26°C to 28°C).
- For protection, the machine disables restart operation for 3 minutes after it is turned off.

Trial Operation and Testing

- 1. Measure the supply voltage and make sure that it falls in the specified range.
- 2. Trial operation should be carried out in either cooling or heating mode.
- 3. Carry out the test operation in accordance with the Operation Manual to ensure that all functions and parts, such as louver movement, are working properly.
- The air conditioner requires a small amount of power in its standby mode. If the system is not to be used for some time after installation, shut off the circuit breaker to eliminate unnecessary power consumption.
- If the circuit breaker trips to shut off the power to the air conditioner, the system will restore the original operation mode when the circuit breaker is opened again.

Trial operation from Remote Controller

- (1) Press ON/OFF button to turn on the system.
- (2) Simultaneously press center of TEMP button and MODE buttons.
- (3) Press MODE button twice.
 - ("T" will appear on the display to indicate that Trial Operation mode is selected.)
- (4) Trial run mode terminates in approx. 30 minutes and switches into normal mode. To quit a trial operation, press ON/OFF button.



Si04-807 Others

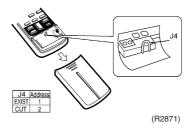
1.2 Jumper Settings

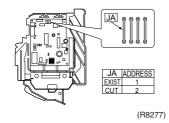
1.2.1 When Two Units are Installed in One Room

When two indoor units are installed in one room, the two wireless remote controllers can be set for different addresses.

How to set the different addresses

- Control PCB of the indoor unit
- (1) Remove the front grille. (2 screws)
- (2) Remove the service cover (1-screw).
- (3) Remove the drip proof plate. (3 tabs)
- (4) Cut the address jumper JA on the control PCB.
- Wireless remote controller
- (1) Slide the front cover and take it off.
- (2) Cut the address jumper J4.





1.2.2 Jumper Setting

Jumper (On indoor control PCB)	Function	When connected (factory set)	When cut
JC	Power failure recovery function	Auto-restart	Unit does not resume operation after recovering from a power failure. Timer ON-OFF settings are cleared.
JB	Fan speed setting when compressor is OFF on thermostat. (effective only at cooling operation)	Fan speed setting; Remote controller setting	Fan rpm is set to "0" <fan stop=""></fan>

Others 159

Others Si04-807

1.3 Application of Silicon Grease to a Power Transistor and a Diode Bridge

Applicable Models

All outdoor units using inverter type compressor for room air conditioner.

When the printed circuit board of an outdoor unit is replaced, it is required that silicon grease (*1) is certainly applied to the heat radiation part (the contact point to the heat radiation fin) of the power transistor and diode bridge.

*1: Parts number of the silicon grease – 1172698 (Drawing number 3FB03758-1)

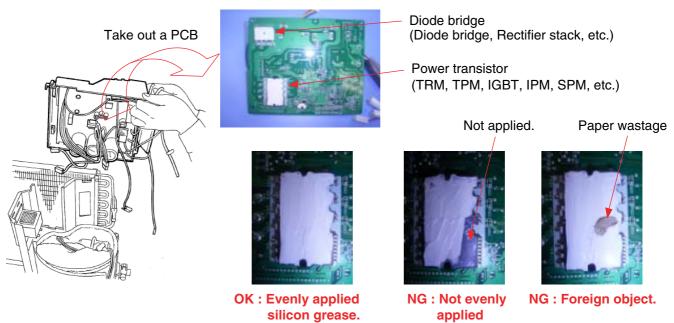
Details

The silicon grease is an essential article for encouraging the heat radiation of the power transistor and the diode bridge. Applying the paste should be implemented in accordance with the following instruction.

Remark: There is the possibility of failure with smoke in case of bad heat radiation.

- To completely wipe off the old silicon grease on a heat radiation fin.
- To evenly apply the silicon grease to the whole.
- Do not have any foreign object such as solder or paper waste between the power transistor, the diode bridge and the heat radiation fin.
- To firmly tighten the screws of the power transistor and the diode bridge, and to surely contact to the heat radiation fin without any gap.

<Example>



(R7100)

160 Others

Part 9 Appendix

1.	Piping Diagrams	162
	1.1 Indoor Units	
	1.2 Outdoor Units	163
2.	Wiring Diagrams	165
	2.1 Indoor Units	
	2.2 Outdoor Units	

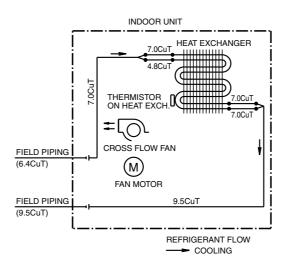
Piping Diagrams Si04-807

1. Piping Diagrams

1.1 Indoor Units

1.1.1 Cooling Only

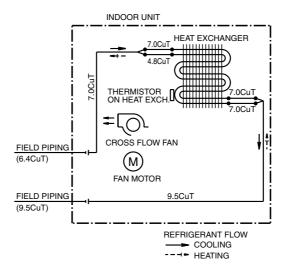
FTK20/25/35GV1B



4D058927A

1.1.2 Heat Pump

FTX20/25/35GV1B, ATX20/25/35GV1B



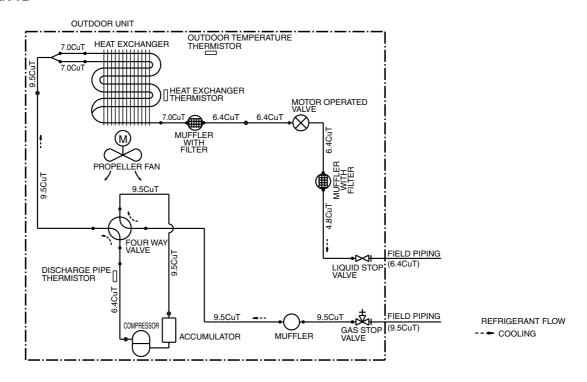
4D058926A

Si04-807 Piping Diagrams

1.2 Outdoor Units

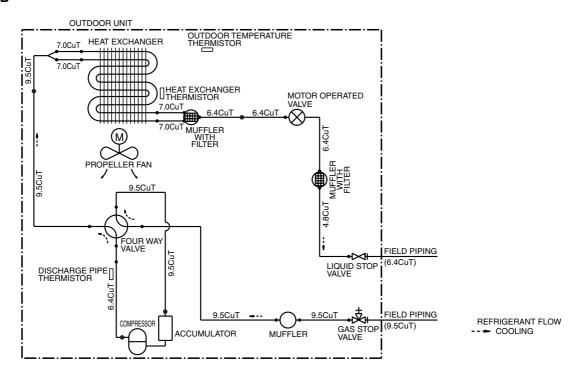
1.2.1 Cooling Only

RK20/25GV1B



3D058717A

RK35GV1B

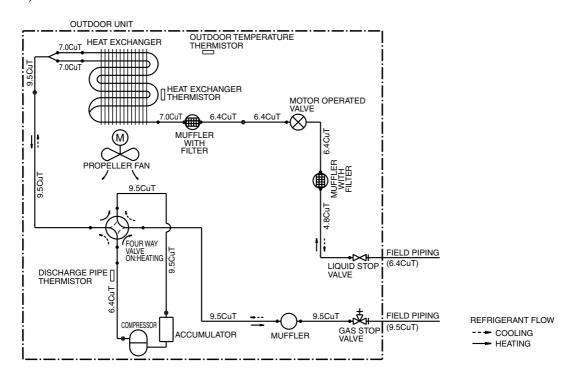


3D058715A

Piping Diagrams Si04-807

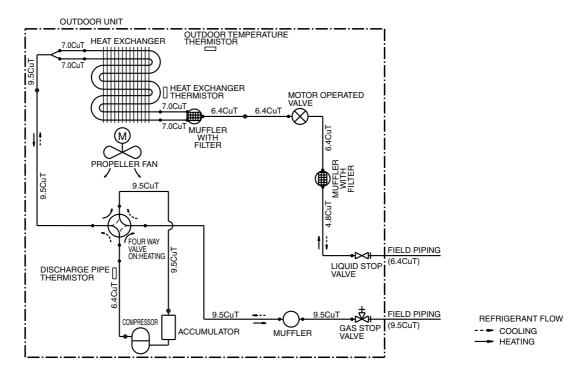
1.2.2 Heat Pump

RX20/25GV1B, ARX20/25GV1B



3D058716A

RX35GV1B, ARX35GV1B



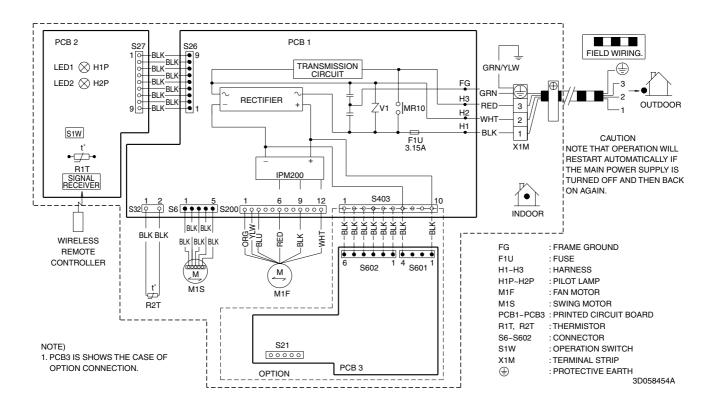
3D058714A

Si04-807 Wiring Diagrams

2. Wiring Diagrams

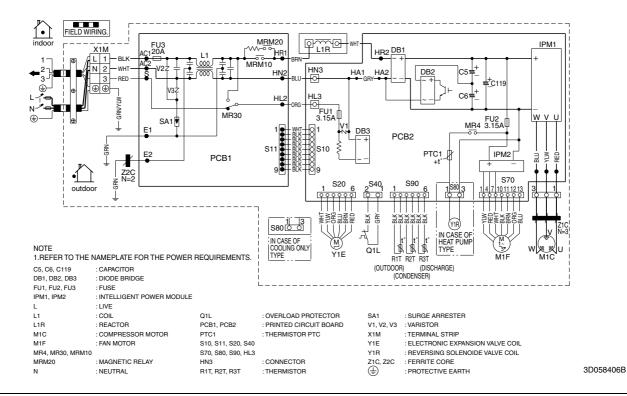
2.1 Indoor Units

FTK20/25/35GV1B, FTX20/25/35GV1B, ATX20/25/35GV1B



2.2 Outdoor Units

RK20/25/35GV1B, RX20/25/35GV1B, ARX20/25/35GV1B



Wiring Diagrams Si04-807

Index

Numerics		compressor system sensor abnormality	
00	77	connectors	
3-minute standby3	0, 36	control PCB (indoor unit)	15
A		D	
A1	78	DC fan lock	89
A5		DC voltage / current sensor abnormality	
A6		defrost control	
address setting jumper		diagnosis mode	
		diode bridge10	
adjusting the airflow direction		discharge pipe temperature control 36,	
air filter		•	
airflow direction control		discharge pipe thermistor	
ARC433		discharge pressure check	
$AUTO \cdot DRY \cdot COOL \cdot HEAT \cdot FAN \ operation \$		display PCB	
automatic airflow control		drain hose	140
automatic operation		=	
auto-restart14, 30	, 159	E	
auto-swing	22	E1	
		E5	
C		E6	
C4	83	E7	89
C9	83	E8	90
care and cleaning		EA	91
check		ECONO mode	28
discharge pressure check	113	ECONO operation	62
electronic expansion valve check		electrical box12	
fan motor wire/short circuit check		electrical box temperature rise	
four way valve performance check		electronic expansion valve check	
		electronic expansion valve coil	
indoor PCB output check		electronic expansion valve control	
installation condition check		error codes	T I
inverter units refrigerant system check		00	77
outdoor unit fan system check		A1	
power supply waveforms check			
power transistor check		A5	
thermistor resistance check		A6	
turning speed pulse input on the outdoor unit		C4	
check	116	C9	
turning speed pulse on the indoor unit PCB of	heck	E1	
	117	E5	
check No.04	110	E6	
check No.05	111	E7	
check No.06	112	E8	90
check No.07		EA	91
check No.08		F3	93
check No.09		F6	94
check No.10		H0	96
check No.11		H6	
check No.13		H8	
		H9	
check No.15		J3	
check No.18		J6	
check No.19			
check No.20		L3	
compressor		L4	
compressor lock		L5	
compressor overload		P4	
compressor protection function	36	U0	107

Index

U2	109	insufficient gas	
U4	84	insufficient gas control	44
UA	85	inverter POWERFUL operation	29
error codes and description	77	inverter principle	
'		inverter units refrigerant system check	115
F		ű ,	
F3	93	J	
F6		J3	99
fan control		J4	
fan motor		J6	
fan motor fixing frame		JA	
fan motor or related abnormality		JB	
fan motor wire/short circuit check		JC	•
			,
fan rotor		jumper settings	159
fan speed control		•	
fan speed setting		L	
filter PCB		L3	
forced cooling operation		L4	
forced operation mode		L5	
forced operation ON/OFF switch	14	LED A	14, 16
four way valve	153, 154	LED1	14
four way valve abnormality	91	LED2	14
four way valve operation compensation		liquid compression protection function 2	
four way valve performance check			
four way valve switching		М	
freeze-up protection control		main PCB (outdoor unit)	17
frequency control	· ·	mode hierarchy	
• •	· ·	mold proof air filter (prefilter)	
frequency principle		mold proof air filter (prefilter)	30
front grille		N	
front panel		N	
FU1	,	name of parts	
FU2		NIGHT SET mode	27
FU3			
function of thermistor	31	0	
functions	2	OL activation	87
fuse	14, 16	ON/OFF button on indoor unit	30
	·	opening limit	42
Н		operation lamp	
H0	96	outdoor air temperature thermistor	
H6		outdoor heat exchanger thermistor 3	
H8		outdoor unit fan system check	
H9		outdoor unit PCB abnormality	
Hall IC		output over current detection	
heat exchanger		over current	
heating peak-cut control		overload	
high pressure control		overload protector	
high pressure control in cooling		over-voltage detection	109
high temperature of the discharge pipe	42		
HL3	16, 149	P	
HN3	16, 149	P4	99
horizontal blades		partition plate	151
hot-start function		PCB, removal of	
		PI control	
I		piping diagrams	
indoor host oversager thermister	21 02		
indoor heat exchanger thermistor		position sensor abnormality	
indoor PCB output check		power failure recovery function	
indoor unit PCB abnormality		power supply waveforms check	
input current control		power transistor	
input over current detection		power transistor check	
installation condition check	113	power-airflow dual flaps	
instruction	49	POWERFUL operation	. 29, 45, 61

preheating operation
control PCB (indoor unit) 15 display PCB 15 filter PCB 17 main PCB (outdoor unit) 17
problem symptoms and measures73 programme dry function24 propeller fan
R
radiation fin temperature rise103 radiation fin thermistor100
remote controller
removal procedure
S
S1016, 149
S11
S20
S26
S2714, 131
S3214, 133
\$4016 \$40314, 133
S614, 133
S7016, 150
S8016, 150
S9016, 149, 150 safety net
safety precautions49
self-diagnosis digital display30
sensor malfunction detection44
service check function74
shelter141 signal receiving sign30
signal transmission error84
silicon grease104, 160
sound blanket151
specifications6 starting operation control42
stop valve cover141
SW114
swing motor130
т
terminal cover153
test run158
thermistor
discharge pipe thermistor31, 42, 100, 146 indoor heat exchanger thermistor31, 83
outdoor air temperature thermistor100
outdoor heat exchanger thermistor31, 100, 147
radiation fin thermistor100
room temperature thermistor83 thermistor or related abnormality (indoor unit)83
thermistor or related abnormality (indoor unit)99

thermistor resistance check
U U0 107 U2 109 U4 84 UA 85 unspecified voltage 85
V1 14, 16 V2 16 V3 16 varistor 14, 16 vertical blade 127 voltage detection function 45
W wide-angle louvres

Index

iv Index

Drawings & Flow Charts

A	inverter POWERFUL operation	29
ARC43374	inverter units refrigerant system check	115
automatic airflow control23		
automatic operation25	J	
auto-swing22	jumper settings	159
C	M	4-
compressor lock88	main PCB	
compressor protection function36	mode hierarchy	32
compressor system sensor abnormality96		
control PCB15	N	
D	NIGHT SET mode	27
DC fan lock89	0	
DC voltage / current sensor abnormality98	OL activation (compressor overload)	87
defrost control40	ON/OFF button on indoor unit	
	operation lamp	
diagnosis mode75	outdoor unit fan system check	
diode bridge160	outdoor unit PCB abnormality	
discharge pipe temperature control36, 93		
discharge pressure check113	output over current detection	
display PCB15	over-voltage detection	109
E	P	
	phase step	23
electrical box temperature rise101	piping diagrams	
electronic expansion valve check110	ARX20/25GV1B	164
electronic expansion valve control41	ARX35GV1B	
ciccitotile expansion valve control	ATX20/25/35GV1B	
F	FTK20/25/35GV1B	
fan motor or related abnormality81	FTX20/25/35GV1B	
fan motor wire/short circuit check117	RK20/25GV1B	
	RK35GV1B	
filter PCB17	RX20/25GV1B	
four way valve abnormality91	RX35GV1B	
four way valve performance check111	position sensor abnormality	
freeze-up protection control38		
freeze-up protection control or high pressure control	power supply waveforms check	
79	power transistor	
frequency control33	power transistor check	
frequency principle20	POWERFUL operation	
function of thermistor	programme dry function	24
heat pump model31	R	
H	radiation fin temperature rise	103
	remote controller	
heating peak-cut control		
riigii pressure control iii cooling94	S	
I	service check function	74
indoor PCB output check116	signal transmission error	
indoor unit PCB abnormality78	(between indoor and outdoor units)	84
input current control37	silicon grease	
input over current detection90	-	
installation condition check113	Т	
insufficient gas107	target discharge pipe temperature control	43
insufficient gas control44	thermistor or related abnormality (indoor uni	
inverter features21	thermistor or related abnormality (outdoor un	•
involter reatures	and the second s	, 00

Drawings & Flow Charts

thermistor resistance check
U
unspecified voltage
(between indoor and outdoor units)85
w
wiring diagrams
ARX20/25/35GV1B165
ATX20/25/35GV1B165
FTK20/25/35GV1B165
FTX20/25/35GV1B165
RK20/25/35GV1B165
RX20/25/35GV1B165

vi

Drawings & Flow Charts



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- Ask a qualified installer or contractor to install this product. Do not try to install the product yourself.
 Improper installation can result in water or refrigerant leakage, electrical shock, fire or explosion.
- Use only those parts and accessories supplied or specified by Daikin. Ask a qualified installer or contractor to install those parts and accessories. Use of unauthorised parts and accessories or improper installation of parts and accessories can result in water or refrigerant leakage, electrical shock, fire or explosion.
- Read the User's Manual carefully before using this product. The User's Manual provides important safety instructions and warnings. Be sure to follow these instructions and warnings.

If you have any enquiries, please contact your local importer, distributor and/or retailer.

Cautions on product corrosion

- 1. Air conditioners should not be installed in areas where corrosive gases, such as acid gas or alkaline gas, are produced.
- 2. If the outdoor unit is to be installed close to the sea shore, direct exposure to the sea breeze should be avoided. If you need to install the outdoor unit close to the sea shore, contact your local distributor.







JQA-1452

About ISO 9001

ISO 9001 is a plant certification system defined by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) relating to quality assurance. ISO 9001 certification covers quality assurance aspects related to the "design, development, manufacture, installation, and supplementary service" of products manufactured at the plant.



EC99J2044

-About ISO 14001 -

ISO 14001 is the standard defined by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) relating to environmental management systems. Our group has been acknowledged by an internationally accredited compliance organisation as having an appropriate programme of environmental protection procedures and activities to meet the requirements of ISO 14001.

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